FINANCIALTIMES

EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

No. 29.828

Tuesday January 14 1986

D 8523 B

impact of price-cutting because of their market leadership.

Batus, BAT's wholly owned US subsidiary, is also closing its retail head office in New York as part of

the rationalisation. The five compa-

nies will now report direct to the Batus headquarters in Louisville,

Kentucky. Mr Arnold Aronson, the chair-

man and chief executive of Batus

Retail: Mr Ronald Ruskin, the pres-

ident; and Mr Joseph Berzok, the vice chairman; will all be leaving

the company when the sales are complete, which is expected to be in

There will be an estimated net

s of \$800m. But the company

loss on the sale of \$175m against the book value of the four busi-

expects an increase in pre-tax profit and a substantially higher rate of return on Battes's investment in re-

tailing.
Mr Patrick Sheeby, chairman of
BAT Industries, said: "The deci-

sions announced mark an impor-

tant step in this group's strategic development. Retailing is one of the

four major business areas to which

we are committed, along with tobac-

co, paper and financial services. But we also believe in the merits of con-centrating, within those business

areas, on strong names and proven

The market in London greeted

the announcement with a 13p boost

to the BAT share price, which

the next few months.

US retailers

for \$600m

BAT INDUSTRIES, the tobacco, re-

tail and financial services conglom-

erate and one of the UK's largest

just over half of BAT's total \$6bn

The company said it was already in negotiation with several possible

The rationale for the sale is that

The retail busine

builders hit 'cheap' higher labour

The West German building workers union (IG Bau) is hoping that ers' union (IG Bau) is hoping that other cities will follow the example of Frankfurt in refusing to award public building contracts to compa-nies using "cheap labour" from East Germany or other East Euro-pean countries.

The union claims that about 2,000

East Germans and possibly another 2,000 men from Hungary, Romania and Poland are working at "cut rates" on building projects in West

Many work long hours and are housed apart from West Germans, according to the union. Page 3

Beirut fighting

Heavy fighting erupted among rival Christian militias in east Beirut as President Amin Gemayel arrived in Syria for vital talks on a militia agreement to end Lebanon'a civil war. Page 4

Yemen coup foils

Control of the Contro

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ाः, कान्य अस्ति।

South Yemen said its forces had foiled a coup attempt, including a bid to assassinate President Ali Nasser Mohammed. Four plotters, including Ali Ahmed Nasser Antar, vice president until early last year, have been executed.

Italy seeks Abbas

Italian magistrates investigating the hijacking of Italian cruise ship Achille Lauro asked for the extradition of Palestinian leader Abu Abbas, who was allowed to leave Italy after an aircraft in which he was travelling with the four hijackers was forced to land in Sicily.

Mandela appeal lost

rejected an application by black nationalist Winnie Mandela against in Zurich to \$339.66. In New York an official order barring her from the Johannesburg area. Page 4 was 241.46.Page 36

British ship boarded

Iranian naval commandos boarded British cargo ship Barber Perseus to 1,384.6. Page 44 off Organ and searched it for arms bound for Iraq. US Concern, Page 5

Lagos transfer

Nigerian military leader General Ibrahim Babangida said his government would hand over power to

civilians by October 1 1990.

Grenada arrests Police in Grenada, which US President Ronald Reagan is to visit in six weeks to confer about security with Commonwealth Caribbean leaders, arrested 13 men for conducting illegal military training. Page 5

Manila 'commitment'

Cardinal Jaime Sin, Archbishop of Manila, said he had secured a commitment from top generals not to intervene if the result of next month's elections in the Philippines was not to their liking.

France holds police

Three Swiss police officers were held for investigation in Mulhouse, France, after three Yugosolav gypsies were shot and injured in a car chase that criss-crossed the border between France and Switzerland.

Rebels 'kill 235'

Mozambican right-wing rebels said they had captured the town of Marromen in Mozambique's central So-fala province and killed 235 government and Zimbabweau troops.

\$50m drugs haul Police at the Belgian port of Ant-werp said they had found two

tonnes of marijuana with an esti-mated street value of about \$50m.

Snow closes tunnel

The Mont Blanc tunnel joining France and Italy was closed to traffic after a heavy snowfall blocked

earnings

J. P. MORGAN and Chase Manhai tan, US banks, reported higher fourth-quarter earnings and sharp-ly improved full-year net income after boosting loan-loss provisions. Page 21

report

CADBURY Schweppes, the British soft drinks and confectionery group, is in an advanced stage of negotiations for an £82.5m (\$119m) management buy-out of its UK beverages and foods division. The company also said that its North loss for 1985. Page 20



STERLING lost 1.15 cents against the dollar in London to \$1.443. It was unchanged at DM 3.5725 and rose to FFr 10.98 (FFr 10.93), SFr 3.04 (SFr 3.025) and Y295.0 (Y208.95), the pound's exchange rate index fell 0.5 to 78.1. Page 37

DOLLAR finished firmer in London, closing at DM 24835 (DM 24555), FFr 7.55 (FFr 7.515), SFr 2.094 (SFr 2.0795) and Y202.75 (Y202.1). On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 126.6 from 125.2. Page 37

The South African Supreme Court GOLD rose \$0.25 on the London bullion market to \$341.00 but fell \$0.65 was 341.40.Page 36

LONDON: Equities and gifts turned lower over interest rate anxiety. The FT Ordinary index fell 11.0 to 1.108.8 and the FT-SE 100 shed 9.9

WALL STREET: The Dow Jones industrial average closed up 7.00 at 2000 group that met in Britain over 1,520.53. Page 44

TOKYO: Shares extended losses with the Nikkei average 21.19 lower at 12,977.02. Page 44 included the top executives of the Bank of Tokyo, Toyota Motor Cor-poration, Nippon Electric and Sun-tory, and senior Japanese civil ser-

FRENCH INFLATION fell to 4.7 per cent last year from 6.7 per cent in 1964. This was the lowest annual rate since 1967, according to estimates from Insee, the government statistics institute.

BRITAIN and France appear to have ruled out the EuroRoute tunnel and bridge scheme but are still divided on which of the remaining two projects to choose for the cross-English Channel link, Page 21

CANADA: Imports took a record 32 per cent of the country's car market last year. The South Korean manufacturer Hyundai captured 22 per cent of this share. Page 6

COLOMBIA has nationalised the country's biggest commercial bank, the troubled Banco de Colombia, and three financial companies.

SOVIET oil output fell short of its goal in 1985 for the fourth successive year and is behind its target for 1986. Page 2

PECHINEY, French state-owner metals groups, is joining with Kaw-asaki Steel in a \$50m venture to produce magnets in Japan. The untry is the world's biggest market for magnets. Pages 20, 21

VOLVO of Sweden is to close permanently its bus assembly plant at Chesapeake, Virginia later this year and will stop selling buses in the US after current orders are completed. Page 21

COMPAGNIE Financière de Suez, French state-owned holding company, is preparing a financial operation that could pave the way for the entry of private capital into part of the group after the March general elections. Page 21

es...... 37

W German US banks | Westland postpones | BAT to sell shareholders' vote on rescue plan

BY LIONEL BARBER, BRIDGET BLOOM AND PETER RIDDELL IN LONDON

belicopter company, amounced last night that it was postponing today's scheduled extraordinary general meeting of shareholders until Fri-day. Today's meeting had been due Sikorsky of the US and Fiat of Italy.

The decision to postpone the meeting was taken after a day of hectic activity in the City of London and at Westminster during which, according to Sir John Treacher, Westlanda vice chairman, such interest was shown in the meeting by westann a vice comman, such in-terest was shown in the meeting by so many of the companya 12,000 small shareholders that a bigger ve-nue had to be found.

Friday's meeting will be held at the Albert Hall in Kensington, Lon-don, which seats about 4,500 people, whereas the original venue, the Connaught Rooms in London, only eats 1.200.

"We reckoned we just could not pack all the shareholders in at the Connaught," said Sir John. He' ointed out that if any shareholders vanting to attend the meeting were mable to do so, the meeting would be technically invalid.

The board also appears to believe, however, that an adjourn-ment of today's meeting and therefore a postponement of the vote on UK company United Scientific the board's favoured Sikorsky/Fiat Holdings (5 per cent) had let the

the communique of the UK-Japan

The Japanese membership of this

group, set up by the prime minis-ters of the two countries in 1984 to

improve understanding and co-op-

eration; was notably influential. It

vants. It was, according to Mr Ta-

THE BOARD of Westland, the UK resone plan is likely to help its outcome of today's scheduled vot

current account surplus comes just Japanese economy can be changed

a week before the Group of Five in- to meet expectations abroad and to

dustrial countries meet in London achieve a greater balance in trade.

to discuss further co-ordination of The advisory group will report to their economic policies. The Japanese Prime Minister in

Parliament and GEC chairman who nomic summit, which takes place in

Mr James Prior, the Member of March, in time for this year's eco-

Tokyo in May.

Sir John Cuckney, Westland's chairman, intends that Friday's agenda will the same as the one proposed for today's scheduled holders will be asked only to vote on the Sikorsky/Fiat plan and not the rival European aerospace con-sortium offer. A 75 per cent-majori-ty vote is necessary if the US-Italian offer is to be approved.

The European consortium com-prises British Aerospace and Gen-eral Electric Company of the UK, Agusta of Italy and Aerospatiale of France. Last night, Mr David Horne, managing director of Lloyds Merchant Bank, advising the consortium, said the adjournment was a complete surprise.

We're still considering this news, but it looks as if the Westland board is buying time," he said.

Sir John and his merchant bank advisers, Lazard Brothers, spent most of yesterday lobbying institu-tional shareholders in a last-minute effort to swing them round to the Sikorsky-Fiat plan. But the opposi-tion of Mr Alan Bristow, the British former helicopter operator holding 12 per cent of the shares, and the

Japanese businessmen

companies, is planning to sell just under half of its retailing business A second dramatic twist came in the US for about \$600m. yesterday when Robert Fleming Investment Management, Westland's second-largest shareholder, sold a 9 per cent block of shares to an un-The expected proceeds from the sale will be used to cut into BAT's worldwide debt which, at the end of 1984, stood at £2.5bn (\$3.5bn). Hownamed buyer at 125p a share, well ever, the company indicated yester-above yesterday's market price in day that it might spend some of the money acquiring a finance-based business in the US.

London of around 90p.
Rowe & Pitman, Westland's bro-kers, purchased the shares on behalf of the buyer but refused to comment on whether the buyer annual sales in the US in 1994. The supported the Sikorsky/Fiat plan or 93 stores now on the market acbacked the rival rescue offer of the European consortium. This has already been rejected by the West-

Sir John Treacher, while declining to identify the buyer, said he was encouraged by yesterday's developments, particularly after last week's show of overwhelming support from the comment's making and crescent department street. port from the company's workforce in Yeovil, south-west England, for the Sikorsky/Fiat rescue, as well as a steady flow of shareholders' quired potential for organic growth. BAT said that while the remaining

Mr Bristow said yesterday that US retail interests produced a profit he had received offers from Rowe & in 1984 of about \$150m, those now Pitman to buy his 12 per cent share for sale did no better than break

Continued on Page 20 The five businesses and 175 out-

lets being retained - Saks Fifth Avenue, Marshall Field's, Ivey's, Breuners and Thimbles - are broad-ly up-market of those which are be-Men and Matters, Page 18; Lex.

ing sold and, according to BAT, have been able to avoid the worst Lex, Page 20 Montedison issue agree on need to reflate to raise L500bn

A VISTING group of high-level of chairman of the group, the stops wa Securities Research Institute; ficials and businessment from Japan gest such feam currently fielded by und Mr Takashi Mukaibo, the yesterday agreed that the Japanese Japan to improve bilateral chairman of Japan's Atomic Energy Government interspread dones it demand and bookst Japan's propensity to buy from abroad. That that Japan must reflate and take advise Prime Minister Yasuhiro other measures to reduce its \$5000 Nakasone how the structure of the MONTEDISON, Italy's leading chemicals group, is working on terday apportant increase of dent and an around 1,500hn (\$296m) to be committee. Montedisc

The rights issue, which is expect-ed on the Milan bourse this spring. is believed to have been discussed yesterday at a board meeting which reviewed the group's 1985 results, but no formal announcement was made. The funds would probably be used to reduce Montedison's group debt of more than \$2.5bn.

At a press conference yesterday, Mr Kato said that opening the Japa Meanwhile Mr Gianni Varasi, nese markets to imports would not by itself make much difference to became the largest single Montedis-Continued on Page 20 on shareholder by acquiring 10 per cent of Montedison shares from the

Gemina holding vehicle, was yes-terday appointed group vice-presi-dent and a member of the executive Montedison also said its 1985 con-

nay shares and non-voting saving solidated group turnover rose by shares.

14.7 per cent to L14,200bn. The group is expeced to make a 1985 consolidated net profit of more than L100bn and might pay its first dividend after a decade of losses. Mr Mario Schimberni, Montedis-

on chairman, last summer braved serious criticism by Gemina, the Shell company that is controlled by Fiat, Pirelli and others and which until November was Montedison's whose minseweeper and paint man-ufacturing company last November was incurred when Mr Schimberni was incurred when Mr Schimberni took over the BI-Invest industrial

Continued on Page 20

Room at the top campaign for Italian women

Hong Kong: A jolt

bankers, Page 18

for the family

By Alan Friedman in Milan

MR BETTINO CRAXI, the Italian Prime Minister, joined forces yesterday with Ms Marisa Bellisario, the managing director of the Italtel state telecommunications group and Italy's most famous female company leader, to announce a series of important initiatives designed to improve the lot of women in Italian public

he measures, which include what the Americans would call affirmative action projects, will see work undertaken this year to advance the role of women at Banca Nazionale del Lavoro (BNL), Italy's largest and statewned bank, at Italtel and inside the regional government of Lom-

taly, as Mr Craxi pointed out in Milan yesterday, is all too often a nation where "the man is privileged and the women is discrimi nated against." The truth is that in much of Italian life the women may be seen as a mother, as a wife, as a sex object, but not as a

walks of life such as politics, fi-nance, industry, medicine nr law. Yesterday Dr Nerio Nesi, the chairman of BNL, joined with Mr Cra xi, with Ms Bellisario and several leading women to launch Woman and Technology, a project under the aegis of the national commission for equality between men and women, to produce some con-crete results for women's rights

by the end of the year. The dynamic Ms Bellisario is one of the women to reach the top ranks of Italian public life. Another is Ms Nilde Jotti, the Communist MP who is President of the Chamber of Deputies. But they are exceptions,

Some progress has been made whereas in 1973 women made up 28 per cent of the national workforce, the figure in 1983 was 32 per cent. In industry, however women in 1973 accounted for 21.7 per cent of jobs at all levels. The figure in 1983 was 23.5 per cent. The Bellisario project will create a study at Italtel to "correct the constraints that hamper the professional upgrading of low-skilled women. It will also identify at BNL "the mechanism that limits the professional development of young graduate women. The Lombardy regional govern-ment section will "highlight the career difficulties of women. Ms Bellisario yesterday hoped that the project would stimulate action on the part of "the big private sector companies who are not represented here."

UK experts to draw up plans for global trading of shares

nese government policy.

dao Kato, the former Japanese ambassador to the UK and the joint Miyazaki, the chairman of the Dai-

was the British joint chairman, pointed out that three Japanese members were in a particularly strong position to influence Japa-

Mr Hiroshi Hosomi, the head of

BY ALEXANDER NICOLL IN LONDON

ready developed away from stock it of all participants.

exchanges, as international dealers ISRO has appointed five of the

markets is to consider how to establish a market in globally traded shares that will meet the new regulatory body, that they are operating with efficient clearing and Mr Stanislas Yassukovich of are operating with efficient clearing and Mr Stanislas Yassukovich of the City's "Big Bang" restructuring this year.

The 10-member group is being set up jointly by the London Stock Exchange and the International Securities and Investments Board, and Mr Stanislas Yassukovich of Merrill Lynch.

The stock exchange's team will be led by Mr Stephen Raven, of Rowalt in place and is developing improved technology.

The decision to set up a foint and Smithers, both of which are

rities Regulatory Organisation, a The decision to set up a joint body founded last year to be a regulatory umbrella for international meet the two bodies complemensecurities such as Eurobonds tary interests, as well as repre-which, although centred largely in senting a compromise between London, are traded outside the what might be conflicting attempts to establish markets in globally stock exchange. to establish markets in globally
The exchange has announced traded shares.
Sir Nicholas Goodison, stock ex-

nationally traded equities as part of change chairman, and Mr Ian its reformed structure due to take Steers, chairman of ISRO, said the effect in October. But it has had to committee would consider how to face the fact that a market has al- structure the market for the benef-

trade the shares of the world's big-most senior practitioners in intergest companies around the world national securities markets to serve in a round-the-clock telephone on the committee, which meets for the first time on Friday. They are London-based dealers form an Mr Archibald Cox of Morgan Stan-

A WORKING PARTY including important link in the global chain. key, Mr Andrew Large of Swiss some of the most important figures But to continue doing such business Bank Corporation, Mr Juhn Sanin London's international financial in London, they must assure the in London's international financial in London, they must assure the ders of S. G. Warburg, Mr H. Tommerkets is to consider how to estab-

Nakasone in Canada, Page 3

and Smithers, both of which are joining Warburg in a new conglom-erate. The rest will be drawn from the exchange's international mar-kets committee Mr Steers said the group would

would look de novo at the international equities market, without be-ing prejudiced by anything that has happened in the past."

party, however, does not yet repre-sent a formal decision to found jointly a Recognised Investmen Exchange - the technical term for an individual securities market in the new city structure. That will depend on the outcome of the group's

Continued on Page 20

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Later March

I- We enclose a cheque payable to Brown Shipley.

Summer

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CONTENTS

 Commercial Law
 33
 Technology
 32

 Commodities
 36
 Unit Trasts
 33-35

 Crossword
 33
 Weather
 29

Europe	CMICHGE
1301000	Editorial comment
Companies21,22	Eurobonds 26
America 5	Euro-options 40
O	Financial Futures 37
Companies 21	Lineman Lantido
Overseas 4	Gold36
Oversens	Intl Capital Markets 26
Companies 24	
Companies man	Letters 19
World Trade 6	Lex
WOLLD TIME	
Britain 7, 8	Management 10
00 01	Market Monitors 44
Companies 28-31	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Men and Matters 18
	Money Markets 37
	Pour metar-la 20
Agriculture	Raw materials 36
Appointments	Ninck markets - Kontreet 41, 44
White the way a second	
Arts - Reviews	WELL St 41-44
- World Guide	London., 38-41, 44
- 111	Technology
Commercial Law	recurrency
Commodities 36	Unil Trosts
CAMPAGE	

Portugal: EEC funds flood Regulation in London: beinto poor regions 2 ware of the smokescreen . 19

Editorial comment: World Law: writ on Swedish Hong Kong: a jolt for the Devon and Cornwall:

Britain: scientists race Lex: Cadbury Schweppes; Management: fresh look at Technology: developments in small business training .. 10 embryology 32

---GERMAN FUND---



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Brown Shipley has that facility It has

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Synamo

PORTUGAL'S presidential election campaign has shifted into
former leader of the Christian
top gear as the five candidates

Prof Diogo Freitas do Amaral, Maria de Lurdes Pintasiigo, an mentary democracy. The Portubaya half-heartedly fielded e attract moderates is moot: she guess Communist Party, which candidate of their own basically has strongly activist views of top gear as the five candidates

Democrat Party, is heavily and left-wing Roman Catholic considers him an enemy, would to use free broadcasting time to the presidency and claims she barnstorm the provinces, writes

Diana Smith in Lisbon. For the
first time in 60 years there is
no military canadidate. This is
interpreted as a sign that Portugal's 12-year-old democracy has
matured since the last presimatured since the last presi-dential election in 1980 when the two main contenders were

army generals. No candidate is likely to win an absolute majority in the first round on January 20, a run off is scheduled for February 16. The conservative candidate,

three contenders vying for left-of-centre votes, which cover the 16 and 20 per cent of the votes. largest share of the Portuguese

Mr Mario Soares, who has suspended his functions as sec-retary general of the Socialists the European Economic Com-to run as an independent; Ms munity and champion of parlia-

There are important differences between them. Moderate voters are more likely to opt for

be unlikely to back him in either the first or the second round, but many Social Demothrough to the run-off hy voting support from the kind of voters for him in the first round rather Gen Eanes and his name than for the contraction

becked Gen Eanes against Mr Soares's wishes, is strongly established parties have sold backed by the Communists, who them short. Whether she can

recommend 2 vote for Mr would dismiss any government Salgado Zenha. The latter's which did not follow her policy style is somewhat abrasive so guidelines.

Meanwhile, Ms Pintasilgo Mr Salgado Zenha, once a treads a lonely road with no close ally of Mr Source but party backing but some sym-estranged since 1980 when he pathy from disaffected, lowincome voters who feel the

· Parliament has approved a supplementary 1985 budget pre-sented by the Social Democrat minority government only after slashing nearly Es 60bn (£263m) from it. The revised budget deficit for 1985 will now be about Es 400ba.

> Prof Freites do Ameral (right): strong backing



Lisbon floods impoverished regions with EEC funds

Diana Smith assesses the potential impact of accession to the Community

old MEN in black ride their gaunt mules over dusty, pitted country tracks. Chattering women pound their washing on the rocks by the river bank. A farmer hunches over his hand-placed After support the and industry. the Community had six members, to help needler regions modernise, introduce industry, tourism and small plough. After sunset, he and his family will sit in a damp, dark cottage with no sanitation, industry, tourism and small businesses and improve infraousnesses and improve intra-structure. Portugal as a whole is a needy region. The variety of projects already approved in Brussels for 1986 illustrates how much naeds to be done, no running water or electricity. This is picturesque to tourists, but for millions of

Portuguese who live in the impoverished hinterland, it is a especially in infrastructure. Once the Government hard life, caused by a chronic lack of funds and regional planning from which the Portuguese state has suffered introduces its new, simplified incentive system, small and medium businesses will also be



Es 31bn, while other important items are basic sanitation and education, ebsorbing about

Projects approved for 1986 cover major highway improve-- a boon in a country unlike neighbouring Spain was aluggish ebout investing in better roads — new road access to the Algarye resorts.

They also cover e new rallway bridge over the River Douro in the north, port works in Yiero in the north, to turn it into a commercially-viable port, and in the remote islands of the

The regional government was the only official Portugueze body to ceremonially hoist the EEC fize and publicly celebrate eccession day.
The impoverished Azores will

airport at Ponta Delgada, capital of the archipelago. The Azores have been totally neglected by past regimes, with only a past regimes, with only a moderate improvement in the flow of funds since Portugal became a democracy in 1974. The local government is particularly keen on European accession and the opportunities it is bringing for development of these strikingly-beautiful volcanic islands.

Projects this year also include irrigation systems in the east of mainland Portugal to encourage new agriculture. hydroelectric plants and the third stage of the new coal-fired third stage of the new coal-near
power station in the south at
Sines, water supply for three
towns — Oporto. Portugal's
second city and hnb of private
industry; Peniche, a fishing port
north of Lishon; and Castro Verde, in the hinterland. Feder funds are only part of to save Portugal's entitlement. Because machine.

of its status as the Community's poorest new membar it will receive balance-of-payments sup-port and special agricultural and fisheries funds, often in the form of grants as well as loans, from the EEC Commission or the European Investment Rank from the EEC Commission or the European Investment Bank. In 1986 all this assistance should total Ecu Ibn. Though the Portuguese Government must also find funds for development to share the cost with the EEC, the Community will contribute 55 per cent costs for most Feder projects comfor most Feder projects, compared with 50 per cent for other member countries, and up to 75 per cent of costs for many

agricultural projects. At this rate, in a few years' time farmers may be less poor and enjoy running water and electric light in their modernised cottages. The women who now thrash their threadbare sheets against the rocks may find jobs in new regional factories and be eble

Bid to end space station deadlock By Peter Marsh

THE heads of the US and Euro-pean space agencies are due to meet in Washington today in an meet in washington today in an effort to thrash out differences over the design of the \$12bn international space station planned for the 1990s.

Dr William Graham, acting administrator of the US

Dr William Graham, acting administrator of the US National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and Professor Reimar Luest, director general of the European Space Agency, are to try to resolve a dispute over the degree to which the proposed European part of the station should be integrated with the IS core.

The orbiting outpost is due to be built by a US-led consortium, involving Japan. Canada and the 11 nations of the European

the 11 nations of the European agency.

The US insists that the Columbus laboratory which Europe will build as its part of the venture should be a permanent component of the station. ESA officials want it to be free to drift into orbit autonomously during the life of the orbiting base. This would entail Columbus having its own propulsion system which would give Europe the experience to develop a separate space station should it wish to do so in the future.

future. Views on the issue were aired at a two-day gathering between Nasa and ESA in Washington just before Christmas, without any sign of a compromise.

Further meetings between officials from the two agencies

are likely over the next few weeks in an attempt to resolve the impasse by March in order to keep to Nasa's timetable for the station. Under Nasa's plans, the US would contribute \$80u of the cost, with the other countries putting up about \$40u. The station would have accommodation for up to eight astronauts and laboratories for scientific experiments.

Nasa, meanwhile, is having problems over the station on mother front, which could lead to a postponement of the planned date for operating

orbiting base.
The White House office of management and budget is suggesting that funds for the pro-gramme should be cut as part of the effort to reduce the US budget deficit.

as a result of the dispute

FINANCIAL TIMES Published by The Financial Time (Europe) Ltd., Prankfust Branch Board of Directors, F. Barlow R A.F. McClean, G.T.S. De Responsible editor: C.E.P. Smith, Frankfurt/Main. Gulletistrasse 54, 0000 Frankfurt am Main I. O The Flancial Times Ltd, 1956. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. FINANCIAL TIMES, USPS No. 190640, published daily except Sundays and holidays. U.S. subscription rates \$365.00 per annum. Second class postage paid at New York. N.Y. and at additional mailing offices. POSTMASTER: sand address changes to PINANCIAL TIMES, 14 East 60th Street, New York, N.Y. 10022.

DESENT

able to suhmit Feder projects. At the moment, only the central administration, local for generations. The era of regional deprivaauthorities or state-owned corporations are tanning tion is now ending, with the accession to the European corporations are tapping regional funds channelled PORTUGAL Economic Community on January I. Portugal can now through a new ministry, speci-ally designed for European tap into the Community's Regional Development Fund (Feder) to the tune of about Ecu 300m (£180m) a year, ally designed for European de Oliveira, an energetic so far Portugal has presented northerner, who for some years Feder projects calling for total northerner, who for some years Feder projects calling for total has been responsible for investment of Es 70bn (£307m). The Fund was designed when headed by Prof Luis Valente rapidly-industrialising area. road or port works account for also benefit this year from Feder through financing for the Creating in ne control.

ockheed Giving shape to imagination.

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Lockheed systems specialists also are working on programs that include radar, sensors, and image processing. Whether it's for air traffic control to safeguard the skies or weapon control to support America's defense capabilities, Lockheed technology continues to advance the science of

Soviet oil output again falls short of targets

BY OUR MOSCOW CORRESPONDENT

SOVIET OIL output, below 18 new oil deposits is being planned level since 1981, missed delivered too slowly and that targets for the fourth year roads to new wells will not be running in 1985 and is already lagging behind for 1986, according to Prayda, the Communist The newspaper Sovietskaya party newspaper.

on the Tyumen region of new wells by increased produc-western Siberia, which accounts the from oid deposits — a for about 60 per cent of esti-mated Soviet production of the overall fall in output in some 12m barrels a day.

Descriptions wells by increased produc-tion from oid deposits — a method it said only aggraveted the overall fall in output in previous years.

authorities announced the re-tirement of the 78-year-old Minister for Chemical and Petroleum Machine Building. Mr Konstantin Brezhov, who had been in the joh since 1965, was replaced hy Mr Vladimir Lukyanenko, a 48-year-old Ukranian engineer who has spent most of his working life in a machine-building plant. His age and background are typical of the men who have risen under Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet party leader. Some of the sharpest crititeism of the oil industry has focused on equipment for Petroleum Machine Building has focused on equipment for drilling and processing. Last week three workers from Tyumen made this their main complaint in a long article in the

A Tyumen Communist party official was quoted as saying that equipment needed to open

agging behind for 1986, according to Pravda, the Communist Party newspaper.

Pravda focused its criticism compensate for the loss of the

mated Soviet production of some 12m barrels a day.

It noted illustry that "last year's plan was not fulfilled" actual oil production last year, in the oil industry. Decisions to improve matters have been taken by the Oil Ministry and related institutions, but it said that "so far, there is little "actual oil production last year, officially targeted at at 630m tons from 616.3m tons from 616.3m tons in 1984.

Soviet oil output for the first, nina months of 1985 declined by 3 per cent to 445m tons compared that "so far, there is little with the same period, in 1984. Soviet oil output declined for the first time on a year-to-year basis in 1984, falling to 613m tons from 616.3m tons in 1983.

The Norwegian Government has refused to intervene in the "go slow" among Scandinavian Air-lines. Systems maintainence technicians here. The air-line has had to cancel several fights most of them domestic,

The Soviet Union is one of the world's largest producers of oil and natural gas and earns much and natural gas and earns much of the hard currency it needs for grain and high technology imports from energy sales. Natural gas ontput has continued to grow strongly. It increased to 587bn cubic matres in 1984, the iast year for which figures are available, from 536bn cubic metres the previous year. Several Communist perty officials are reported to have been sacked for abuse of power in the Ukraine, one of the few Soviet republics not to have undergone sweeping personnel changes, Reuter reports.

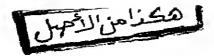
Pravda said e meeting was convened in Kharkov, the republic's second largest city, to discuss mistakes in the running of the region's economy and "violations of party discipline."

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Hong Kong works



Builders union calls for ban on 'cheap' E European labour

many by bus at the weekend" he

The East European authorities

The number of workers coming

Germans have all the rights of West

The East Germans were 'politi-

cally calculating", indicating that the problem would not be so diffi-

cult for West Germany if it re-

garded East Germany as a totally separate nation and treated East

IG Ban hopes that Frankfurt's move will act as a "signal" to other

cities. The union claims to have pre-

viously won an assurance that Hamburg, which is governed by the Social Democratic Party, will take

while, have voiced regret that Mr Wallmann was jostled by militant

unionists at a reception at the Frankfurt offices of the Trade

Union Federation (DGB) at the The incident, widely publicised in

West Germany, underlines the ris-ing temperature of debate over the

mans as foreigners.

German citizenship.

similar action.

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THE WEST GERMAN Building racks during the week, they have Workers Union, IG Bau, is hoping hardly any contact with other peo-that other cities will follow the example of Frankfurt in refusing to award public building contracts to companies using "cheap labour" from East Germany or other East

were helping to organise such la-bour to obtain Western currency, European countries. The union claims that about 2,000 the union official said. East Germans and possibly another 2,000 men from Hungary, Romania and Poland, are working at "cut rates" on building projects in West from East Germany was tending to increase, although the number from other East European countries was Germany. Many work long hours and are housed apart from West Germans, according to the union. declining, he said. East Germany was taking advan-tage of Bonn's insistence that East.

After a vocal campaign, IG Ban has won a major victory in Frankfurt, where the city authorities have tightened the conditions under which work on public building projects can be sub-contracted. The effect is expected to be to block the use of East European building workers on public projects, unless that have according to the contract of they have special skills not other-wise available.

Mr Walter Wallmann, Frankfurt's mayor and a prominent member of the Christian Democratic Union (CDU), yielded to the union's demand for action because of high un-employment among local building workers. The move was not a "pro-tectionist" one, but was to remove a while, have voiced regret that Mi "competitive distortion in the la-

bour market," he said. A union official said yesterday that East Europeans were working at "dumping prices" of DM 10 to DM 15 (\$4 to \$6) an hour less than West

German building workers. He said that the biggest concentration of such labour was in the Bonn Government's plans to tight-Rhine-Main area, where about 500 en the circumstances under which East Germans were working on workers laid off as a result of projects, including one at Frankfurt strikes can get unemployment airport. They live in sealed off barbenefits.

German trade surplus record

By Our Frankfurt Correspondent

WEST GERMANY'S visible trade surplus soured last year to a re-cord DM 72.3bn (\$29.5bn) after DM 59.1bn in 1984, buoyed by a surge in emports of 7.2 per cent in

This strength of foreign demand was the main reason that gross national product grew by a real (inflation-adjusted) 2.5 per cent, just below the 2.7 per cent achieved in 1984.

The Federal Statistical Office also anneunced yesterday that private consumption last year rose by 1.7 per cent, although in-vestment in machinery and equipment jumped by 8.8 per

real GNP growth of at least 3 per cent, with an increase in consumer spending more than compensating for slackening ex-

Factors encouraging a rise in consumer demand include low inflation (likely to be about 2 per cent at an annual rate) and income tax reforms this year which

BIGGEST GERMAN BANK 'DEBACLE' SINCE HERSTATT COLLAPSE

Former executives of SMH on trial for 'breach of trust'

EUROPEAN NEWS

BY JONATHAN CARR IN FRANKFURT

of a West German bank which came charged with aiding and abetting to banks dear and put a new head of close to a spectacular collapse in delraud. close to a spectacular collapse in late 1983 have said they long feared the institute had been overlending and had raised objections.

But the three also told a court in Frankfurt yesterday that they had been unaware of the full extent of the problems afflicting the bank, Schröder, Münchmeyer, Hengst der, Münchmeyer, Hengst (SMIII).

Mr Hans-Hermann Münchn aged 44, declared he had lost a double digit sum of millions of D-Marks through the affair and Mr Wolfgang Stryj, aged 48, said he was now "without wealth and in-

Both men are former partners of ital of DM 110m had put up SMH, which had lant close to DM DM Ibn for the IBH group. Ibn (\$408m) to IBH, a tottering, building-machinery concern which later went bankrupt. SMH was saved from a crash by a joint rescue mounted by other German banks and ultimately costing more than DM 800m.

Along with two other partners, firm's prosp Count Ferdinand von Galen and Mr information Hans Lampert who will face the court on January 23 are charged with fraud and breach of trust. with fraud and breach of trust. higgest German banking debacie
The third man to appear in court since the collapse of Bankhaus

THREE FORMER senior officials former senior employee at SMH, is more than a score of other German

In an hour-long statement of the charges, the prosecution said that the total cost of the damage caused through the SMH debacle could be put at "well over DM 1ba."

federal credit supervisory authori-ties had been misled over the true extent of SMH's credit exposure to Although under the then existing

Initially, the prosecution said, the

credit law (which has since been toughened) a bank could not lend more than 75 per cent of its capital to a single customer, SMH with capital of DM 110m had put up nearly

The prosecution charged that SMH had misled other banks through which it had helped refinance its involvement with IBH. It also said SMH had helped bring shares of an IBH subsidiary to the bourse, despite knowing that the firm's prospectus contained false

The SMH affair is considered the yesterday, Mr Ralf-Rene Lucius, a Herstatt in Cologne in 1974. It cost

tighten credit law.

SMH had long been seen as a particularly dynamic and presti-gious private bank and its senior partner, Count von Galen, was president of the Frankfurt Stock Exchange until his institute nearly crashed. Count von Galen has been under investigatory arrest in a Frankfurt jail for 13 months and prdicial authorities have refused a sum of DM 18m for bail offered by his family and friends.

• The trial of four West German executives charged with illegal arms exporting began in Düsseldorf yesterday and was promptly ad-journed until tomorrow following technical objections by defence

Facing the court are four managers of the arms company Rheinme-tall who are accused of supplying weaponry to foreign states – includ-ing Argentina and South Africa – without the necessary authorisa-

The Düsseldorf public prose began investigations seven years ago and finally laid charges in 1983. Rheinmetall has denied any wrong-

Norway's bank chief attacks credit curbs

BY FLEMING DAHL IN OSLO

NORWAY'S new credit regulations will have only a marginal effect, according to the country's central bank governor. Mr Hernod Skaanland. It is "regrettable," he says, that the Government has been "forced to retreat" from its efforts to liberalise its credit policy.

In its attempt to slow bank lending through increased interest rates, the Department of Finance last week increased the minimum reserve requirement from 15 per cent to 17 per cent for both commercial and savings banks, which will put pressure on nrofits.

A new sopplementary reserve requirement was also intro-duced, which will effectively tax banks in direct relation to the amount hy which they increase their lending each quarter.

Lending by non-life and finance companies will be regu-lated and the primary reserve requirement on finance com-panies' factoring and leasing activities will rise from 11 per

cent to 14 per cent.

The move followed a substantial rise in bank lending in were imp 1985. Figures at year end high-growt showed that Norwegian banks spending.

had arranged loans at a total value of NKr 50bn (£4.8bn) against the Government's target of NKr 33bn.

Mr Rolf Presthus, the Finance Minister, said the growth in credit had to be chashed in order to reduce in checked in order to reduce in-flationary pressures in the

Mr Skaanland sald yesterday he would rather have seen lower public spending and a slower growth of wages this year as an attempt to solve the country's economic problems.

The new regulations would dampen demand for loans tem-porarily. Mr Scaanland sald, but they would eventually lose impact because loans would be obtained from other sources than the banks.

High state spending and high demand for investment capital had led to the unprecedented growth in the volume of credit available, he added. He ex-pected continued pressure on the credit market this year, saying it was lamentable that efforts to liberalise credit policy were implemented during a high-growth period of public

Yugoslavia resumes loan talks

BY ALEKSANDAR LEBL IN BELGRADE

A SENIOR World Bank official, Mr. access to foreign exchange being Eugenio Lari, is today to resume dependent on their level of exports, the negotiations for a \$250m strucThe Bank feels this could frustrate tural adjustment loan (SAL) that broke down late last year over dif-ferences between the Bank and Yu-Yugoslavia introduce positive bank goslavia on interest rates and im-

ports rules. Yugoslavia has welcomed previous SALs as enabling companies to import wital equipment and commodities needed for export produc-tion. But the World Bank is known inflation rate. Yuguslav and IMF of-to, have reservations about Yugo ficials are due to meet later this slavie's new imports regime this month to try to reach a year in particular about companies' compromise.

some of its projects in Yugoslavia.

interest rates above the level of inflation - is already the subject of dispute between the International Monetary Fund and Yugoslavia,

January 14, 1986

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Peres and Mubarak may meet as Taba arbitration agreement near

ISRAELI OFFICIALS are preparing for o summit meeting between Prime Minister Shimon Peres, and Egypt's President Hosni Mubarak, pending Egyp-tian acceptance of Israel's for settlement of a territorial dispute in the Sinai.

Israel's Cabinet, in a mara-thon session which began on Sunday evening and continued for 12 hours, agreed unani-mously in the end to a package of measures to resolve the Taba question which has blocked normalisation of relations with

Egypt. Sunday night's Cabinet meet-Sunday night's Cabinet meeting was an acrimonious affair, according to reports in the Hebrew press. There were bitter exchanges between Mr Ariel Sharon, the hawkish Trade and Industry minister and Mr Ezer Weizman, Minister Without Portfolio and principal "dove" in the Israeli Cabinet.

nsisted on by Egypt.



ing a summit meeting is possible in the second half of February and may be held in Alexandria. fbRS-?nedioppos-bi

in the Israeli Cabinet.

The package provides for a period of conciliation of about six months and, if that falls, arbitration. The Cabinet had been been deadlocked on the issue with the Likud bloc opposing arbitration, the course insisted on the cabinet had been been deadlocked on the issue with the Likud bloc opposing arbitration, the course insisted on the cabinet had been been deadlocked on the issue with the Likud bloc opposing arbitration, the course Israeli negotiators.
Dr Osama al Baz head of

According to reports from Dr Osama al Baz head of drawn in 1982 in protest Jerusalem, Mr Peres and Mr President Mubarak's Political Israel's invasion of Leban Mubarak talked on the phone Office, gave a conditional and reactivate commercial yesterday. Officials close to welcome to Israel's decision. Cultural arrangements from Israel's Prime Minister are say
"Wo have not received formal for the past several years."

word from Israel yet," ha said,
"but we hope things will move
in a positive direction, From we heard from the news media, if this proves correct, then the next move would be the terms of arbitration."
Extra conditions insisted on

by Likud ministers included agreement by the two sides "to prevent terrorist presence or activity from each country against the other, and against its citizens" and "to prevent hostile propaganda against one

another."
Other elements of the pack age deal agreement provide for guaranteed access to Taba for the loser in any arbitration. It is an area of land measuring about one square kilometre, on which an Israeli company has

built an hotel. Israel hung on to Taba when it handed back the rest of Sinai-to Egypt in 1981 under the terms of the 1978 Camp David Accords and the 1979 Peace Treaty.

The Israolis are also insisting that as a condition of their signing an agreement on arbi-tration, Egypt should return its ambassador to Tal Aviv, with-drawn in 1982 in protest at Israel's invasion of Leband and reactivate commercial and cultural arrangements frozen

Christian rivals in Beirut battle

BY NORA BOUSTANY IN BEIRUT

Christian battled for control of the northern and eastern suburbs of Beirut yesterday as the President Amin Gemayel flew to Damascus for talks on the by Christian traditionalists. Units of the Lebanese Forces, the main Christian militia, moved at daybreak against posi-

tions mannod by loyalists to the President at key Belrut inter-

factions that that its units moved into the nor-the streets after fighters loyal to Mr Gemayel had set up road blocks in the Metn district over-looking East Beirut. Mr Elio Bobeika, commander

of the Lebanese Forces, accused Mr Gemayel of being behind the clashes. "Responsibility for this situation is assumed by mercenaries affiliated to the master of

have weakened Mr Hobeika's political standing. However, Mr Hobeika was one of three militia commanders who signed agreement in Damascus on December 28. It calls for phased reforms curbing the powers of the Christian Maronite President and allowing for wider Moslem participation tones manned by loyalists to the the (presidential) palace." in decision-making. The accord in decision-making. The accord in the states that Lebanese Army leadership of the Lebanese soldiers be confined to their bettons. The Voice of Lebanon radio forces, stemming from oppositation, which is controlled by the Lebanese Forces, reported to by hardline Commander period for reorganisation on the Lebanese Forces, reported lage over Lebanon, appeared to Syrian supervision. barracks for an unspecified period for reorganisation on

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Peking concerned over course

of reforms

AN UNEXPECTED meeting

of 8,000 senior Communis government military officials in recent days has highlighted the prob-lems threatening China's economic reform programme, and made clear that there is concern within the leadership about the course of change.

Diplomats say the meeting was a "pep-talk" for the officials, and included a lengthy defence of the reforms and the adoption of a tougher stance against the widespread corruption that has tarnished the image of those reforms.

The gathering has been interpreted by a few observers as a sign that the observers as a sign that the economic pragmatists at the helm of Chinese policy are beginning to buckle under pressure from conservative elements who consider too much has happened too soon. But diplomats disagree and say the pragmatists are still family to control.

Certainly, senior leaders such as Hu Yaobang, the Communist Party General Secretary, found it necessary to restate for the meeting—which comes only a few months after a special party conference—the principles of the current reform pro-

Hu called for a "correct assessment" of the late Chairman Mac Tse-Tung, a continuation of the open door policy, and the gradual reform of the country's economic

The reform programme has encountered problems that have compromised the ambi-tious plans of the present leadership. Among those concerns are a higher than envisaged inflation rate—officially put at 9 per cent, but widely thought to be between 20 and 30 per cent in larger cities—poor management, and widespread corruntion. corruption.

Review of HK legal system By David Dedwell in Hong Kong

COMPLETE review of 'A COMPLETE review of Hong Kong's legal system is to take place this summer, Sir Denys Roberts, Hong Kong's Chief Justice, said yesterday at the official openium of the territory's legal

The review will be taking place at a time of close public interest in measures to be taken to ensure the preservataken to ensure the preserva-tion of Hong Kong's legal system when the territory is returned to Chinese sovereignty in 1997. At the very least, the terms of the Sino-British agreement insist that the court of Snal appeal be transferred from West-minster to Hong Kong minster to Hong Kong.

Plans are being made for the territory's body of law to be translated into Chinese.

Sit-in ends in South Korea

PROSECUTION authorities in Scoul yesterday began, interrogation of 17 opposition assemblymen charged with violence and obstruction of official duties in connection with a brawl that took place in the National Assembly on December 2, Steven B. Butler reports from Seoul.

The opposition ended a three-day sit-in at the National Assembly building late Sunday and agreed to co-operate with the investigacompromise with the ruling party.

Crocker meets Botha over Namibia

THE long-running US diplomatic effort to achieve a negotiated settlement to the matic effort to achieve a negotiated settlement to the Namibian independence question linked to a withdrawal of Cuban troops from Angola moved a stage further yesterday with top-level meetings between Mr Chester Crocker, President P. W. Botha and other top officials.

Mr Crocker, the US Assistant Secretary of State for African Affairs, delivered o letter from President Ronald Beagan, the contents of which were not disclosed.

Last week Mr Crocker held talks in Luanda with senior Angolan government officials. The presence of Mr Pik Botha, the Foreign Minister and Gen Jannia Geldenhuys, the recently appointed chief of

staff, at yesterday's meetings implied that the military as well as political aspects of the Namibian question were dis-The military aspects include

A Rand Supreme Court judge yesterday dismissed with costs the appeal by Mrs Winnie Mandela, wife of julied African National Congress leader Nelson Mandela, to have invalidated the bauning order which prevents her living in her Sowete home. Mr Justice Le Grange did however grant Grange did however grant firs Mandela leave of appeal before a full beach of the Supreme Court on the grounds that "the personal freedom of an individual is an important principle." Mrs Mandela recently defied the order several times and was

African and locally recruited Namibian troops against South West Africa Peoples Organisa-tion (Swapo) guerrillas and the status of the rebel Units movement in Angola led by Dr Jonas Savimbi.

The US Government is under strong right-wing pressure to the question of cross-border step up support for Unita and hotpursuit operations by South Dr Savimbi is expected to visit

fereibly evicted and briefly detained for delying the ban. The case began last week when Mr Sydney Kentridge, a preminent civil rights lawyer acting for hirs Mandela, sought an injunction to declare an earlier beaming order in 1933 invalid on grounds that the Communication is a second of the s on grounds that the Government had falled to furnish proper reasons. Similarly, he argued that the current revised order was "grossly unreasonable" as it took immediate effect without

allowing Mrs Mandela to

make alternative arrange-

Washington shortly to lobby for such assistance in the face of another reported build-up of Soviet-backed Cuban and Ango-lan government forces against Unita forces in southern Angole

Angola. Meanwhile, in Windhoek, the Namibian Capital, the 16-man Namibian Constitutional Council, set up as part of South African created Government of National Unity last June, met National Unity last since, met for the first timo yesterday to draw up a new constitution for the territory which has been ruled illegally by South Africa since 1966. The multi-party government which enjoys limited powers of self-rule was formed on June 17 last year in the face of widespread international criticism.

Although the Namibian question and related issues of southern African politics form the principal reason for the the principal reason for the latest visit by Mr Crocker, who held talks in Zaire and the Angolan capital Luanda before his talks in Cape Town, the evolution of the South African domestic political situation was also at the agenda On Sunday also on the agenda. On Sunday, Mr Crocker toured black townships in the East Rand, a visit marred by the murder of a local black councillor Mr Ampio Mayisa on Saturday night in Leandra township before a planned meeting with the US

Washington is 'even-handed in Philippine poll'

By Samuel Senoren in Manila THE Reagan Administration i tics, supporting neither President Marcos who is standing for re-election, nor Mrs Corazon Aquino, the presidential aspi-rant, Mr Stephen Bosworth, the US ambassador to Manila, said yesterday.

"The US is non-partisan and will remain non-partisan" he told correspondents in a news conference at the Manila Over-

seas Press Club.

The US diplomat denied recent US press reports that top officials of the Reagan Administration were split on how to deal with the two candidates.

The reports had said that top US defense officials lobbied for unwavering support for Mr Marcos because of his fierce anti-Communist stand while the State Donartment was inclined. State Dopartment was inclined to back up the moderate Mrs Aquino who is seeking to end Mr Marcos' 20-year rule.

New Zealand 'starting to live within its means'

undergo severe economic prob-lems and a downturn of the economy over the next six months, the country was now starting to live within its means and there would be no turning back from the economic road chosen by the Labour Government, said Prime Minister David Lange yesterday in a New Year state of the nation

Mr Lange admitted inflation had not dropped as rapidly as the government expected. This was partly because of high wage demands and partly the strength of the New Zealand dollar, but there were signs that the government economic strategy was starting to work. He said the Government had expected an economic downturn months, however, New Zealand ment, a hard time for the

ALTHOUGH New Zealand will farming sector, a slowdown in undergo severe economic prob-the construction industry, an increase in the consumer price index in the March and June quarters and a general decline in business activity.

This was expected, necessary, and would be temporary said the Prime Minister. Looking beyond 1986 be predicted a fall in interest rates which would create a downward trend for mortgages. Good investment opportunities would be easier to identify as the removal of to various sectors made Now Zealand more competitive,

 The Government's compolsory union membership law, under which all workers are obliged to join a trade union, suffored a severe setback when a special tribunal allowed a cleaner to resign from his union because it is affiliated to, and financially supports, the Labour Party.

Mahathir spells out economic difficulties

By Wong Sulong in Kush Lumpur IN A frank edmission, Dr Mahathir Mohamad, the Malaysian Prime Minister, has conceded the Malaysian economy was facing very serious difficulties. He cited growing un-employment, falling commodify employment, falling commodify prices and the erosion of the

country's competitiveness as urgent proolems that needed to He said over the weekend that an estimated 100,000 Malaysians had lost their jobs over the past two years and the problem was being aggravated by the economic downturn in Singapore, where as many as 50,000 Malaysian workers have been sacked.

There were about 12,000 redundancies in electronic factories in Penang state alone last year, and about 5,000 to 6,000 jobs were lost through tia mine closures arising from

Profitable outlook forecast for airlines

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SINGAPORE

THE WORLD'S airlines are coming more international in their routings and more commercially-oriented in their business, and can look forward to more growth in traffic and profitability.

scenario painted yesterday by Dr Julius Maldutis, airline industry analyst with Salomon Brothers of the US, at the fourth Financial Times Conference on Aerospace in Asia and the Pacific Basin. The two-day conference is being beld in Singapore in con-

This

being beld in Singapore in con-junction with the Asian Aero-apace exhibition. Nine speakers presented papers yesterday, and much interest focused on the opening up of China and the pruspectivo entry of United Airlines of the US in the Pacific market following Its take-over of Pan-American's

Dr Maldutis, in a broad overview of the airline industry, saw the commercialisation of the airlines as perhaps the most interesting development of all. "The days of government of all ownership appear to be numbered as airlines slowly tiptoe into the world of privatisation," he said. The benefits would have a profound impact on world aviation.

Airlines would also see less cyclicality" in their traffic "cyclicality" in their traffic growth and profitability because of the ageing of the travelling population. Those over 45 had the greatest propensity to travel, he said, and were more likely to travel for pleasure and personal reasons rather than for business. FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCE **AEROSPACE** in Asia and the **Pacific Basin**

shall chief executive of British Airways, the hurly burly of late 20th century life would not diminish the desire to travel but rather increase it.

"Short haul business travel will become more convenient and more appropriate as e time-saving choice," he said. Ser-vice and convenience would also be the keys to success in the travel and tourism business, and travellers will want point-topoint convenience even on the ng stretches across the

For Mr James Leslie, chairman of Qantas of Australia, the "worst economic slump in aviation history is behind us." There was more optimism thanks to depressed fuel prices and cost-cutting by airlines.

The main opportunity in Australia, he said, lay with tourism. Although the introduction of large, long-range aircraft could affect the country's neighbours, tourist traffic from the Asian region itself could also be increased.

for greater co-operation among governments and airlines to

Like Mr Leslie, he welcomed the move by United Airlines into Asia, saying this might spur other US carriers, which had been slow to capitalise on opportunities in the region, to develop an interest.

Less optimistic than Dr Maldutis earlier, Mr Peter Sutch, managing director of Cathay Pacific Airways of Hong Kong, warned the conference that the Asian region's economic growth rate was likely to falter in the short and medium term, and that this might affect the

region's airlines. While downturns had brought out the best in these airlines in the past, he said, prospects were worrying and this would not encourage the airlines or their governments to adopt e more liberal stance towards deregula-tion of traffic rights and greater

access by European and US carriers. Competition would meanwhile Competition would meanwhile intensity, especially over price, he said, and the depressed yields which result would be worsened by the arrival of new aircraft in regional carriers' fieets. Asian airlines would then be forced to review their cost structures and this might entail structures, and this might entail more automatoin and a push for higher productivity. Echoing Mr Sutch, Date

Dr. Cheeng. Cheeng. Kong, Abdul Azis, managing director managing director of Singapore of Malaysian Airline System, International Airlines, appealed said the increase in airling capacity in the trans-Pacific market could reach 20 per cent promote tourism in the region a year over the next year or jointly and provide better intramarket growth in demand. Profit margins could then deteriorate, Dr Gunter Eser, director

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general of the International
Air Transport Association, said
o blend of competition and co"workablo competition"
served the customer best.

Speaking on aerospaco deve-lopments in China, Mr Graham Hewat, chief executive of Hong Kong Aircraft Engineering Company, said the People's Re-public was the only country in the world determined in enter civil aerospace manufactura and operation across the whole spec-trum, "from microlights to spacecraft, from e virtual zero base to a goal of international competitive competence," all within a decade.

Closing the day's session, Mr Lim Hock San, director general of civil aviation ot the Civil Aviation Authority of Singa-pore, discussed airport developments in the region.

"The safest bet," be said, was The salest bet," he said, was to use a strategic long-term approach in planning airport development, coupled with built-in short-term flexibility. Realising too late that airport capacity was inadequate would extract a painful price for a country in terms of airport congestion and delays, and would probably turn away potential



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AMERICAN NEWS

Upward turn for microchip industry

By Louise Kehoe In San Francisco

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Land to the wall.

THE DEPRESSED US semice ductor industry is starting the new year on an optimistic note. Figures released today by the Semiconductor industry Association (SIA), a US trade group, suggest that business conditions have taken a definite upward

The industry "book-to-bill rane manuary more-to-sat ra-tio", a measure of the value of new orders booked versus the value of goods shipped, rose to 0.98 in December, the highest level reached in 16 months.

This means that for every \$38 worth of new orders, manufac-turers shipped \$100 worth of product. The SIA data is based upon figures collected from US, European and Japanese insun-facturers selling semiconductor products in the US.

Average monthly bookings for the three month period ending in December totalled \$581.2m a 9 percent increase from the \$535m posted in November. US market billings, at \$623.9m were up 14 per cent from November.

Based on preliminary estimates from November and December, US market semiconduc-tor sales totalled about \$8bn dur-

Supreme Court favours banks in brokerage row

THE US securities industry's long running efforts to pre-vent banks from offering discount brokerage services have been dealt a final blow following a Supreme Court ruling to allow national banks to offer the services through subsidiaries.

The Securities Industrial Association (SIA), the trade association for the retail brokerage industry, has been fighting for several years to prevent US banks entering the brokerage business. It claimed their entry infringed the 1933 Glass-Steagall Act-prohibiting commercial banks from underwriting or dealing

The SIA argued that the Act : limits national banks to merely forwarding to heckers the securities orders of their rustomers. However, its chall lenge has been rejected by a federal district court and a federal appeals court in the Supreme Court would appear tn have the final word.

The latest case dates back to 1983 when the SIA thal-lenged the Comptroller of the Currency's approval of requests by Security Pacific National Bank of Los Angeles and Union Planters Bank of Memphis, Tennessee, to estab-

US assails Iran over boarding of ship

and Roger Matthews in Riyadh

THE US_yesterday reiterated its "serious concern" over the boarding of an American merchant ship by the Iranian Navy in the Gulf on Sunday, and said thet Iran had uo "just cause" for stopping the vessel. It also became clear that British warships in the Gulf may be instructed to escort

wessels flying the national flag through the Straits of Hormuz following another incident on Sunday morning when a British ship was stopped and searched for Iraqi weapons supplies.

Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Foreign Secretary, said before leaving Oman yesterday, that the boarding of the British vessel, the Barber Perseus, was an obvious matter of concern. Mr Larry Speakes, the White House spokesman, warned that House spokesmen, warned that "incidents of this type (involving the US ship) can create volatile situations." It was another example of the pressing need for early progress on a peace settlement in the fiveyear-old Iran-Iraq war.

The State Department said that the ship, the President Taylor was intercepted in international waters about 30 miles south of its destination, the port of Fujaira in the United Arab Emirates.

Robert Gibbens reports on the emotions privatisation has stirred in a Canadian industry

Ottawa's aerospace policy runs into trouble

ment has renewed its pledge to sell the state owned Canadair seriospace company as it continues to fend off attacks over the sale of De Havilland of Canada (DHAC) to Boeing for 890m (£44.6m)

DHAC, a short-takeoff and commuter aircraft builder, is one of the country's two airframe builders, and the surge of nationalist opposition to the Federal Government's choice of Boeing rather than a domestic consortium is reminiscent of the heat generated by the Avro Arrow debacla of the late fifties.

The then Diefenbaker Gov-ernment decided Canada could not afford the development costs of the Arrow twin-let fighter. Opponents accused it of scuttling the aerospace project of the century and forcing hundreds of top design and production people to fee to the three hig US airframe builders to find jobs. Now the Mulroney Government, also Progressive Conservative, is accused of selling DHAC cut for a mess of

The sale was the first step towards privatising the two Canadian owned airframs com-panies, both of which have had difficulties making ends meet despite the industry's recovery from the deep recession in 1982-83.

The aerospace industry, com-prising about 100 companies and nearly all members of the Air Industries Association of Canada makes a wide variety of components for commercial and military aircraft. operates several major engine repair and overhaul plants, and specialises in edvanced electronics and avionics and flight simulators, besides assembling business attaches. besides assembling business jets and STOL and commuter air-

craft.
The biggest single unit in the industry is Pratt & Whitney Canada (PWC) in Montreal, a subsidiary of United Technologies. gies. It is the world's largest producer of small turboprop

and fanjet engines.

The industry will have sales of about C\$4bn this year, up from C\$3.15bn in 1984 and C\$2.8bn in 1983. Volume is expected to reach C\$4.4bn in 1986. For the past three years, just over 80 per cent of production value has been exported, and this proportion is likely to be maintained for some time.

Employment, which peaked at about 46,000 in 1980, was down to 41,100 in 1984 and climbed back to about 45,000 this year with the addition of more manpower at DHAC in Torronio, at PWC in Montreal



De Havilland of Canada's DASHS. its development costs were carried almost entirely by the Canadian Government

start-up of small-helicopter pro-duction, and component and gram. satellite communications equip-ment manufacturers gear up for tion's larger prders.

Canadian Marconi, the largest avionics unit, will be fairly stable, but Rolls-Royce (Canada) has gained some important engine overhaul orders, and Litton Systems Canada and many niner specialists comare expanding employ-

Research and development this year rose to C\$390m from C\$380m in 1984, and will rise to about C\$450m in 1986. and a satellite operation in Stimulus will be coming from Toronto, and at several other the North Warning System conspecialist plants across the country.

Further gains will come in ever, the Federal Government

1986 as CAE Industries expands has disappointed the industry its simulator output, Bell Hell- by drawing back from direct copters Canada begins the participation in the US Stra-

> The Air Industries Associa-tion's forecasts have consistently been to optimistic in the past, but the industry now firmly believes that total sales will reach C36bn in 1989. This contrasts sharply with

> the recession years when the Government poured nearly C32hn into Canadair and DHAC to save them from collapse. These funds in effect took the development costs of the Chal-lenger husiness jet and the DHAC commuter aircraft, the DASH-7 and DASH-8 off their

Boeing could apply DHAC accumulated tax losses to any of its Canadian operations and critics heve elained this represents third accumulated the representations. sents a bidden subsidy.

Though Boeing would meet part of the development costs for the 50-seatar stretched DASH-8, and the Federal Government will be relieved of meeting DHAC losses averaging more than C\$50m in 1985 and in 1986, the opposition parties have insisted that the deel is a "givesway" and say they will call ministers, Boeing officials and the government's invest-ment advisers before the par-liamentary committee.

Canadair, with C\$1.25bn Challenger development costs ransferred to a federal government agency, is now showing a profit. It reflects a greatly improved outlook for the industry at large. Canadair booked 31 new Challenger orders in 1985, double the 1984 rate, and holds several more options. The 601 model with more powerful General Electric engines, is at last attracting

corporate interest because of its performance.
Canedair also has a good base comprising the CL-125 "waterbumber" designed to fight forest fires, military sur-veillance drones and its airframe component business.

If lower international oll prices and a lower dollar bring an noswing in the general avia-tion market and defence speoding continues to rise, aerospace should again become one of Canada's strongest

Court will rule on Japanese sanctions

THE US Supreme Court agreed resterday to decide whether the Reagan Administration must impose severe economic sanctions against Japan for violations of an international whaling agree Reuter reports from Washing

In response to an appeal by the US Government, along with the Japanese whaling and fishing in-dustries, the Supreme Court will review a case that raises important environmental, diplomatic and trade issues. A ruling is expected by

July. The case reached the high court after a US Court of Appeal in Washatter a US Court of Appeal in Washington last August ordered Mr Malcolm Baldrige, Commerce Secretary, to certify to President Ronald Reagan that Japan had violated an international ban against killing three near-extinct species of

The August decision was expected to put Japan's \$50m-a-year commercial whaling industry out of business and could mean the loss of an estimated \$1.8bn in Japan's fish

catch off US coastal waters. The Japanese fishing and whaling industries said the decision threatened to disrupt US-Japanese

relations, The Justice Department argue that the lower court ruling created a precedent allowing unwarranted judicial meddling in foreign affairs.

in securities.

Managua boosts powers to

redistribute land

NICARAGUAN Daniel Ortega has announced important amendments to the Agrarian Reform Law. The changes make any rural property, which is abandoned or, underutilised subject to confislandless peasant farmers or those with insufficient land to

make an adequate living.

Previously, the Agrarian
Reform Law, passed in July
1981, affected only properties of Pacific coast or 700 hectares for cattle-grazing properties in the centre and east of the country. Until the end of 1985, 350,000 hectares of land belonging to 490 owners had been expro-priated or purchased under the law, About 40,000 peasant fami-lies, benefited, from redistribu-

Accordings to Mr. Jaime Wheelack Assiculature Minisor ter, the latest reforms were necessitated by the displace, ment of 250,000 people by the guerrilla war in the last three ears and the arowing pressur for the land in the densely populated Pacific coast region In an interview with the Sandinista newspaper, he said the reforms were not intended

He hinted that the reforms will be used to punish farmers who have collaborated with the US-backed counter-revolution-

Before Bedford Commercial Vehicles called in Eastern Electricity Board to advise them, their heating costs for curing were in the fast lane.

The fuel-fired oven used in the sound-deadening treatment of fruck cabs at their Dunstable plant was costly to run and maintain.

Norman Smith, Industrial Sales Engineer at Eastern Electricity, carried out costings that convinced Bedford that converting to electric infra-red heating would cut costs drastically and give fast response to production line demands.

His calculations were right. A 70% reduction in energy costs paid back Bedford's investment inside ten months. This was just one of several thousand

projects tackled by Electricity Board Industrial Sales Engineers during the last year.

ways: cutting energy and operating costs; improving product quality; boosting pro-



"Electricity could————
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Guatemala inauguration lifts hopes of recovery

GUATEMALA IS today due to details

inaugurate Mr Vinicio Cerezo as its first civilian President in 16 years amid hopes that he can end the country's eppalling burnan rights record and proride e new sense of economic

Cerezo inherits an economy in deep recession.
Four out of every 10 workers
are unemployed and Guatemala is unable in pay for fuel imports or service its \$2.4hn (£1.6bn) foreign debt, which this year requires some \$600m nr 40 per cent of export earnings.

The outgoing military overnment of Gen. Oscar Media Victores ineffectually tackled the difficulties caused by foreign debt and elways gava way to pressures from the powerful business community. The latter has already begun tn nrchestrate a campaign egainst price controls and e revised tariff agreement intro-duced by the Mejia administration which increased imported rew material costs threefold.

Mr Gerezo's Christian Demo-crat Party was not supported by the business community hut his main cerd in dealing with them is the promise of renewed US economie and diplomatic backing. US economic assistance has been minime! as a result of the human rights record of lenge Mr Gerezo's presidency, has been appointed Minister of Defence. nf the human rights record of the country's military rulers.

programme. But he has created a Ministry of Development to cater for the impoverished rural community. He has also indicated that he will renegotiate the country's debt stabilisation programme, which would probably mean reducing the fiscal deficit by raising tax revenue and devaluing or Mr Cerezo's other priority is

to clean up the security forces. He has hinted that he will disband the Department of Technical Investigations (DIT), a plain clothes police unit which has been blamed for murders and hidparantees. He has and kidnappings. He has promised to send its agents "to work in a model farm if the courts see fit, so that they can pay for their liberty." However, he has evoided mentioning tha G-2, a military intelligence unit with an equally notorious human rights record.

In the early stages of his government, Mr Cerezo is unlikely to crack down hard on unlikely to crack down hard on the military. He acknowledges that he does not hold full powers and is wary of the possibility of a coup d'etat should bis government fail to resolve the country's problems. General Jaimie Hernandca Mendez, a mild-mannered caree officer, who is unlikely to chal-

Grenada charges 13 with illegal military exercises

POLICE IN Grenada have ers about regional security, and amounted 13 men and charged to unveil a monument honouring arrested 13 men and charged them with conducting "illegal military training exercises" in mountains in the centre of the

visits the Island to confer with Commonwealth Caribbean lead-

19 American soldiers killed during the US invasion of tha island in October 1983.

Some of the men arrested are said by the police to be former members of the People's Revolu-The arrests come six weeks members of the People's Revolu-before President Ronald Reagan tionary Army of the socialist government which was thrown by the US invasion.

Tornado

deal with

THE FINANCIAL details of

Britain's £4bn sale of Tornado and Hawk aircraft to Saudi

Arabia are expected to be concinded shortly with the first deliveries to begin within two

Officials travelling with Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Foreign Secretary, said yesterday that negotiations with Saudi Arabia

were progressing smoothly.

They confirmed that there would be a cash element in the

sale, but still could not say exactly what percentage would be paid for in oil.

The sale will be discussed

trainers and light combat air-

The deal may eventually be

£4bn to Britain, together with

its West German and Italian partners. Saudi pilots and tech-

nicians are already undergoing training in Britain, where the Tornado is assembled by British

considerably more than

Saudis

soon

to three months.

Bri

US Senator gives Japan tough warning on trade

JAPAN should aim to double its imports of manufactured goods within the next three to five years, according to Senator John Danforth of Missouri, chairman of the US Senate's sub-committee on international trade. In a speech in Tokyo that was often savagely critical of Japanese trading practices, the Senator warned that there had been what be called "a fundamental shift in (American) public opinion" and that "public opinion" are the public opinion o support for free trade has collapsed."

He said of Japan that "no other nation contributes so little to the open trading system of the world, in proportion to what

it gains."

Mr Denforth, the author of several bills that would restrict Japanese access to the US market, including the proposal that led to the current volunties of the current several because the contract of the current several because the current several below t tary curbs on car shipments, is heading the six-member Senete

delegation now in Japan.
The team had a session over the weekend with Mr Yasuhiro Nakasope, the Prime Minister, lasting nearly two hours, but Mr Denforth was less than sanguine about what had been accom-plished.

The Senator was dismissive of Japanese import action pro-grammes and the recently con-cluded Moss (market oriented,

TALKS opened yesterday on a request for increased flights to Japan by United Airlines, which recently bought Pan American World Airways' routes and facilities in the Pacific, AP-DJ reports from Tokyo.

United has asked the Japanese Transport Ministry for permission to take over Pan Am's routes to Japan and operate 56 flights a week between Japan and the Ité and operate 56 flights a week between Japan and the US. United, which bought Pan Am's Pacific routes for \$715m (£510m), already was operating seven Seatle-Portland-Tokyn flights a week. It hoped to launch its new routes to Japan en January 22 Se for Japan has not seven to the s routes to Japan on January 28. So far, Japan has not granted United request on grounds that the number of weekly United flights would exceed Pan Am's 33.

sector selectiva) talks on four product areas. These, he charged, "have been postly talk and the results likewise have been mostly talk."

"A country that does not want to import products from abroad," be said, "will find countless ways to exclude pro-ducts from abroad, regardless of exchange rates and regard-

Japanese importers in oil

netback pact By Yoke Shibeta in Tokyo

JAPAN'S Kyodo Oil and Mitsubishi Corporation have agreed with Saudi Arabia to buy crude oil on a netback basis related to market restrictions for refined products minus the cost of refining and freight.

Manufactured goods, he argued, comprised only a quarter of total Japanese imports, against 64 per cent for the US, 58 per cent for West Germany, and 68 per cent for the UK Saudi Arabia began to sell of under the netback formula last October. Japan had, however, been excluded from buying on this basis. Since Sandi Arabia refrained from applying netback formula

exports of the developing countries, against 58 per cent for the US and 27 per cent for to Japan, its sale to Japan in the September-Ney ember period declined by about 7 per cent.
Oil buyers like Kyodo Oil
(75,000 b/d), Mitsubishi Corporation (80,000 b/d), Idemitsu
(20,000 b/d), Fuji Oil (12,000 b/d), Cosmo (8,000 b/d) whose Europe.

For all his reputation in Japan as a trade "hardliner" Senator Danforth insisted that contracts expired at the end of last year, have demanded notback prices with the renewal of their contracts.

On practical points, be thought that Japan should continue to restrict car exports to the US; if it did not, other ways would be found to impose controls. Under the new netback deals to be signed this month, five or six Japanese oil buyers, incind-He predicted that Congress ing Kyodo and Mitsubishi Corwould pass substantive trade legislation this year, even if it faced a presidential veto. In any case, the US should adopt a "legalistic" approach to poration, together are expected to purchase 200,000-250,000 b/d of Arabian Light at about \$25 a barrel, \$3 below the official

Imports take record 32% of Canadian car market

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO

IMPORTS took a record 32 per cent of Canada's car market in 1985, largely because of the phenomenal success of the South Korean manufacturer end.

car market to 1.13m vehicles.

Hyundai, which started selling shortly before Mr Nakasone's its Pony model in Canada only two years ago, made up 22 per cent of the foreign car market in 1985.

Lanada'a Frime Minister Mr Brian Mulroney repeated shortly before Mr Nakasone's arrival that abolition of the cent of the foreign car market Japanese investment in local in 1985.

being discussed by Mr Yasuhiro than treble the previous year Nakasone, Japan'a Prime Mini- Under the general system of ster, during a four-day visit to Canada which began last week-

Japanese car makers have According to motor industry pressed for the removal of infigures, sales of foreign cars jumped by 40 per cent last year to 360,300 mits, compared to an 18 per cent rise in the overall car market to 1.13m vehicles.

Human Mulroney repeated

Under the general system of tariff preferences to developing countries, South Korean car imports enter Canada duty free, giving them a substantial cost advantage.

Hyundai has announced plans to build an assembly plant at Bromont, Quebec, as well as a parts plant north of Toronto, Honda and Toyota are putting up assembly lines in

cent of the foreign car market in 1985.

Imports exclude cars made in the US. The Canadian and US motor industries operates as one integrated unit.

Japanese car exports to Canada are among the topics in almost 79,100 units, more

Japanese car exports to consider the following constraints of the foreign car market in 1985.

Japanese car exports to consider the following cars in 1985.

Sales of Japanese cars rose by 21 per cent last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year, with sales of its voluswagen of West Germany considerable production facilities.

Sales of Japanese cars rose by 21 per cent last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year, with sales of its voluswagen of West Germany 21 per cent last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year, with sales of its voluswagen of West Germany 21 per cent last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda led with took all its Japanese competitors last year to 201,200 units, Honda

further today during talks that Sir Geoffrey will bold with King Fahd and with Prince Saud al-Feisal, the Saudi Foreign Minister. Philips, Siemens chip plant move Saudi Arabia has agreed to buy 48 strike versions of the Tornado, 24 of the Air Defence Variant, and 30 Hawk jet

PHILIPS, the Dutch electronics and 400 workers. group, will invest DM 500m (£128m) to adapt its semi-conductor factory in Hamburg for Production of a one megabit microchip as part of a Fl 4bn (£909m) joint effort with

The metal oxide semiconductor (MOS) factory in Hamburg will be adapted for production of the one magabit static Random Access Memory (RAM) doin Access Memory (RAM) doin Access Memory (RAM) doin Philips bopes to begin producing for tests later this year. The factory will, it is believed, employ between 350

Information than current ones.

The Megaproject is designed to help Philips and Siemens compete with Japanese companies who are several years and detailing the plant, Philips also a completely new F around F1 1.5bn. is working on a completely new F around F1 1.5bn. is working on a one megabit RAM, while Siemens, which is investing around and test-production.

BY ROBERT KING IN TAIPER

THE VALUE of Talwan's grade

THE VALUE of Talwan's trade fell nearly 3 per cent in 1985 marking the first time its trade with the world has shown a decline in 10 years.

Despite the decline the country'e trade performance was impressive enough to make it the world's 15th largest trader and the tenth largest trader are country to Talwan's

exporter, according to Taiwan's Council for Economic Planning

Trade (Gatt) without too much delay over the commercial

terms. Peking wants its appll-cation judged in the broader

This is bow several delega-

tion to Gatt yesterday inter-preted the report from the New China news agency that Zhao Ziyang China's Prime Minister, had told Mr Arthur Dunkel, Gatt's director-general, that

China plans to submit a formal application for membership.

Informal discussions in Geneva during the past few months have made little progress over the adjustments Peking must make to its trade policy to comply with Gatt rules.

context of foreign policy.

Philips and Siemens of West Germany are co-operating in the so-called Megaproject, which is aimed at developing and producing a new generation of chips that can store much more information than current ones.

Value of Taiwan trade falls 3%

Export growth remained relatively first with Customs statistics showing goods worth \$30.7bn (£22m) exported during 1985 against \$50.4bbn the previous year. Imports declined nearly 9 per cent though to just over \$20bn creating a record \$1.1bn trade surplus. Plannars attributed the decline to stagmant demand in major

to stagnant demand in major markets especially the US.

CHINA IS stepping up pres- market economies?" one trada accept that China's accession sure on the US and the Euro- negotiator asked. would substantially strengthen

pean Community to agree to . The Chinese acknowledge the . Its existence. China, its rejoining the General want to have to wait indefi- the world's most populous want to have to wait indefi- the world's most populous country accounts for only 1.2

they are keen to take part in the new round of international

trade negotiations which trade ministers are scheduled to

By submitting a formal appli-cation for membership, Peking hopes to remove the issue from the Geneva cockpit and to com-

pel Washington and the Euro-pean capitals to look seriously at the international political advantages of having China

within Gatt.

The Soviet Union has not joined the organisation. Of the East European countries, only Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Poland and Romania are members.

But a series of political,

megabit dynamic ram.

The current generation of computer chips can store only 256,000 bits of data. The West German Government is providing about DM 320m in subsidies for the Megaproject, while the Dutch Government is providing about

In addition to the Hamburg plant, Philips also is building a completely new Fl 500m factory in Nijmegen that will be used for research, development

social and economic disasters

already bleak outlook

during the year also played havoc with public confidence which probably worsened an

As a partial result of these problems, the economy grew in

real terms by less than 5 per

cent compared with an opti-mistic projection of 8.5 per cent

set by the Economic Planning Council early in the year.

per cent of world trade but its potential for swift growth is

It is also generally agreed that precedents exist for allow-ing China to participate in the new round of trade talks while

negotiation, however, may take years to complete in Geneva. Not only must China conform to Gatta "most

to Gatt'a

also be asked ultimately to curb its export subsidies and to

Sir Geoffrey will also be assuring the Sandi leaders that the resignation of Mr Michael Heseltine as Secretary of Defence in no way affects Britain's defence or arms sales

craft.

Boeing, MBB in air venture with Indonesia

By Kieran Cooke in Jakarta

BOEING has joined Messer-schmitt-Boelkow-Blohm (MBB) of West Germany and Nurtanio, the Indonesian State Aerospace company, in a programme to develop a 85-90-seater passenger aircraft, using revolutionary prop-fan engines,

Under terms of an agreement signed in Jakarta, the three companies will work on studies for the fuselage of the new aircraft which, it is hoped, will be in full production by the early 1990s, and form a key part of a new generation of more fuel-efficient jet aircraft. China seeks to speed Gatt move Dr Yusuf Habib, Indonesia's Minister of Technology, and head of the state aerospace industry, said worldwide demand

for the new estimated at 1,200. He added that the aircraft would be 25 per cent more fuelefficient than jets now in ser-

McDonnell-Donglas had been competing with Boeing to take part in the project.

McDonnell parts shipped to China

favoured nation" principle, which stipulates that the favourable treatment accorded to one country must be extended to all others. It will MCDONNELL Douglas, US aerospace company, has exported the first aircraft components for assembly of the company's MD-80 twin-jet airliner in China Lynton McLain writes.

Writes.

Under a co-operation agreement reached the General Administration of Civil Aviation of China and McDonnell Douglas, last April, 25 MD-82 model twin-jet airliners are to be assembled by the Shanghai Aviation Industrial Corporation.

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

To the Holders of

General Mills, Inc.

U.S. \$100,000,000 12% Notes, Series A, due December 19, 1991

less of specific measures to eliminate trade barriers.

"The \$50bn (£35bn) trade

deficit (with the US) will only be brought to a tolerable level if Japan finds way to sell the

production of other countries in

In 1983, Japan only took 8 per cent of the manufactured

be was not "scary" but merely representative of prevalent

American attitudes.

its own market."

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to the holders of the outstanding 12% Notes, Series A. due December 19, 1991 (the "Notes") of General Mills, Inc. (the "Company") that, pursuant to the provisions of Section 7(a) of the Series A Fiscal and Paying Agency Agreement dated as of December 19, 1984 between the Company and Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York (the "Fiscal Agent") and Paragraph 4(a) of the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, the Company has elected to redeem on February 5, 1986 U.S. \$15,700,000 principal amount of the Notes (the "Redemption Notes") at a redemption price equal to 101% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest to said date, in the amount of U.S. \$76.67 for each U.S. \$5,000 principal amount and U.S. \$153.33 for each U.S. \$10,000 principal amount as follows:

\$4294 \$4394 \$4395 \$4499 \$4495

47/74 27/75 27/75 27/75 27/93 27/93 27/93 27/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 28/93 29/93

Payment will be made, subject to applicable laws and regulations, in U.S. dollars on and after February 5. 1986 upon presentation and surrender of the Redemption Notes with coupons due December 19, 1986 and subsequent coupons attached, failing which, the amount of missing unmatured interest coupons will be deducted from the sum due for payment and paid in the manner set forth in the Terms and Conditions of the Notes against surrender of the related missing interest coopons within the period of time prescribed by the applicable statute of limitations, at the main offices of the Fiscal Agent in London, Brussels, Frankfurt am Main, Paris and Tokyo, the main office of Amsterdam, Rotterdam Bank NV. in Amsterdam, the main office of Swiss Bank Corporation in Basle and the main office of Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgaoise, in Luxembourg. Payments at said offices will be made by a United States dollar check drawn on a bank located in The City of New York, or by transfer to a dollar account maintained by the payee with a bank in London. No payment on any Bearer Note will be made at the Corporate Trust Office of the Fiscal Agent or without adverse tax consequences, will any payment be made by transfer to an account maintained by the payee in, or by mail to an address in, the United States.

the United States.

From and after February 5, 1986, the Redemption Notes will no longer be outstanding and interest thereon shall cease to accrue. U.S. \$43,775,000 principal amount of Notes will remain outstanding after the redemption.

It is suggested that each holder consult his own tax advisor concerning his particular tax situation.

Any paymeots made to an address in the United States, directly or by electronic transfer, may be subject to reporting to the United States Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and to backup withholding of 20% of the gross proceeds if payees not recognized as exempt recipients fail to provide a Paying Agent with an executed IRS Form W-8 in the case of non-U.S. persons or an executed IRS Form W-9 in the case of U.S. persons. Under the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983, we may be required to withhold 20% of any gross payments made within the United States to certain holders who fail to provide to a Paying Agent listed above, and certify under penalties of perjury, a correct taxpayer identification number (employer identification number or social security number, as appropriate), or an exemption certificate on or before the date the securities are presented for payment. Those holders who are required to provide their correct taxpayer identification number on IRS Form W-9 and who fail to do so may also be subject to a penalty of \$50 imposed by the IRS. Please therefore provide the appropriate certification when presenting your securities for payment. when presenting your securities for payment.

DATED: January 6, 1986

GENERAL MILLS, INC.

policy to comply with Gatt rules. "The closer you look at the Chinese trading system, the more complicated it becomes. How can the Chinese, whose whole thinking has been geared to billateral trading, convert to an organisation set up by countries largely operating members, work on a memorandum outlining present Chinese trade in Peking and other codes. Liberalisation in China has so far focused on allowing regions, such as Canton, to make their their own trada deals. But in the working-party Gatt members will set up once Peking's application has been received. Most of Gatt's 90 members its export subsidies and to comply with Gatt's anti-dumping and other codes. Liberalisation in China has so far focused on allowing regions, such as Canton, to make their their own trada deals. But on organisation set up by application has been received. Most of Gatt's 90 members into export subsidies and to comply with Gatt's anti-dumping and other codes. Liberalisation in China has so far focused on allowing regions, such as Canton, to make their their own trada deals. But the provided in the working-party Gatt members in the subsidies and to comply with Gatt's export subsidies and to provide an other codes. Liberalisation in China has so far focused on allowing regions, such as Canton, to make their their own trada deals. But their own trada deals are their own trada deals are their own trada deals. But their own trada deals are their own trada deals are their own trada deals. But their own trada deals are their own trad Pentagon takes new line on Greek F-16s

By Andriana Ierodisconou in Athens

THE US Pentagon, which approved the sale of 40 F-16 fighter aircraft to Greece last Athens to try to persuade the Greek side to make the purchase on a government-togovernment basis rather than through a direct commercial agreement with the General Dynamics manufacturers.

The Greek Government is understood to favour the commercial option, mainly for financial reasons. It is estimated that they could save about 3 per cent on the \$1.2bn (£857m) price tag for the 40 aircraft. The Greeks also feel they can secure the best possible package of "offset agreements"—sideline agreements for co-operation in parts manufacture and other industrial and economic fields including tourism, designed to offset the costs of the purchase -by dealing directly with General Dynamics.

The Pentagon is expected to advance the argument that by making an FMS (foreign military sales) purchase through the US Air Force, the Greeks will be far better assured of delivery and servicing, including spare parts, than through

Either way, Greece will be able to use low-interest US FMS credits to pay for the F-16s. The Greeks are reported \$1.4bn in undrawn credits over the past two to three years.

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هكذامن الأجهل

Brake on output prices lifts inflation hopes

BY GEORGE GRAHAM

Tornado

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INDUSTRY'S OUTPUT prices are increasing more slowly than at any time since the 1960s, bolstering the Government's hopes of meeting its inflation forecasts.

The rate of increase in manufacturers' factory-gate prices continued the downward trend apparent since August, helped by raw materi-al and fuel prices that are now 6.1 per cent below their level last year. The Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) said its index for home

sales of manufactured products rose by 0.2 per cent in December, taining nine months of deceleration in producer price inflation. The year-on-year increase fell to 5.0, down from 6.1 per cent a year

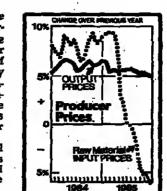
three quarters of the increase was due to the usual seasonal rise in industry's electricity costs, the DTI said. The rest of the rise was attri-

The drop in input prices over the year was the sharpest since the ear-ly 1950s, and contrasted with a rate of increase of 9.0 per cent a year ago. The fall reflects the rebound of sterling from its lows in January last year as well as weaker com-modity prices. City of London economists said it would be some time before sterling's recent weakness showed through in the producer

Analysts believe that the overall implications of the DTI statistics are favourable, and inflation is still on course to fall to 4 per cent by the middle of the year.

They gave a warning, however, that any benefit feeding through into retail price inflation might be more than offset if banks and build-Input prices rose by 2.2 per cent more than offset if banks and build-in December, after a 0.5 per cent increase in November. More than week's rise in base rates with an increase in mortgage rates.

Brokers expect the retail price in-dex for December, which is due to be published on Friday, to show inbutable to domestically produced flation running at 5.7 to 5.8 per cent foods.



of 0.1 to 0.2 per cent. That represents a temporary rise in inflation from November's rate of 5.5 per cent, reflecting the drop in the retail price index in December 1984 as mortgage rates fell.

The DTI's output price index stood provisionally at 141.7 in De-cember, with the index of manufac-turers' input prices at 134.7.

DUNLOP Automotive Division, a

subsidiary of BTR, the last UK vol-

Dunlop, which has warned the

Government that it needs a "signifi-

cant" state contribution to a £5m in-

vestment at its Coventry plant to

safeguard 650 jobs, has been in ne-gotiation with Ford for months.

Ford is the only UK car asse

bler to make its own wheels. It has

said it is pulling out of manufacture

by the end of 1987. Ford said a mini-

mum of £9.5m would have to be in-

Ladbroke may launch **Dunlop** wins bid for Granada car wheels contract

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR

LADBROKE GROUP, the bookmaking, hotels and property compa-ny headed by Mr Cyril Stein, is con-sidering an offer for Granada Group, the television and leisure company at present valued at £590m on the stock market. Ladbroke said it would not make an aggressive bid.

Granada's shares rose a further 14p 238p yesterday oo continuing market speculation that a bid was in the offing while Ladbroke eased

Ladbroke, which itself has a mar-ket capitalisation of £658m - only £68m more than Granada, is understood not to be contemplating an offer at Granada's present high share

Exactly a year ago Ladbroke won sales of £265m.

a £277m takeover battle for Comfort Hotels International in a move which made it Britain's second larg-est hotel operator, but Mr Stein has has won a vital contract from Ford which made it Britain's second largsince said Ladhroke has been looking for a fourth core business.

The main attraction of Granada writes Arthur Smith, Midlands

ing for a fourth core business.

The main attraction of Granada is its profitable television rental business which was enlarged in May 1984 by the purchase for £120m of the Rediffusioo rental business from BET group, Granada is Britain's second largest TV rental company with a 20 per cent market

Granada increased pre-tax profit by 20 per cent to £64m in the year to September 1985 on sales which rose 21 per cent to £767m. The TV and video rental and reall operations contributed profit of £38.5m and

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vested at its Dagenham plant to maintain competitiveness Dunlop, in a European market suffering from overcapacity and pressure on margins, has won a three year contract for the steel wheels on the UK Sierra model,

Ford's key volume car. Steel accounts for about half the cost of a wheel and Dunlop said it hoped to source supplies from the British Steel Corporation although contracts were still to be placed BTR, which took over Danlop in 1984, said it would be making a further "significant investment" in the Coventry factory.

PARLIAMENT will decide today whether car drivers and front seat passengers must continue wearing seatbeits after a three-year trial period expires this month.

COMPUTER specialists working for the Government are being of-tered wage rises of up to £2,000 a year to deter staff from moving to the private sector.

□ MORE than balf of the British businesses started with Government help three years ago are still operating, says the Manpower Services Commission, which administrates the Government's employment and training programme ☐ EEC nationals are being obstruct-

ed in exercising their rights under EEC law to seek work in Britain, according to a report published with co-operation of the

A shidy by the Law Department of Huddersfield Polytechnic, in the north of England, calls for an end to gration controls which conflict with the Treaty of Rome.

ORDERS for 78 vertical turning lathes worth about £10m have been won by the WCI Machine Tool Group, which employs 300 people in Birmingham, in the Midlands. The work is part of an order won by WCI's US parent company from the aero engine group Pratt & Whitney. The company now hopes to employ 50 more staff over the next two lathes worth about £10m have bee

Notice of Redemption To the Holders of

Montana Power International Finance N.V. 15%% Guaranteed Notes Due 1987

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture, dated as of December 15, 1981, from Montana Power International Finance N.V. and the Montana Power Company, as Guarantot, to Ciribank, N.A., Trustee, all \$50,000,000 in principal amount of the aforesaid Notes will be redeemed on February 14, 1986, at the redemption price of 101% of the principal amount thereof, together with accrued interest thereon from December 15, 1985, to such redemption date, amounting to \$25,20 for each \$1,000 principal amount of the Notes. Interest on the Notes shall cease to accrue on and after the redemption date and on that date the redemption price and accrued interest will become due and payable on each of the Notes; provided, however, that this notice is subject to the receipt of redemption monies by the Trustee prior to February 14, 1986. This notice shall be of no effect, and the redemption price shall not be payable and interest on the Notes shall continue to accrue, unless such monies shall have been

payable and interest on the Notes shall continue to accrue, unless such monies shall have been

received prior to such date.

Payment of the Notes will be made upon presentation and surrender thereof, together with all coupons appurtenant thereto maturing subsequent to the redemption date, at the offices of the Paving Agents as follows: Citibank, N.A., Fifth Floor, 111 Wall Street, New York, New York 10043, or at the option of the holder, at the main offices of Citibank in Amsterdam, Brussels, Frankfurt/Main. London or Paris; at the office of Cuicorp Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. in Luxembourg; or at the main office of Swiss Bank Corporation in Basle.

Coupons which have matured prior to the redemption date should be detached and surrendered

Coupons which have matured prior to the redemption date should be detached and surrendered for payment in the usual manner.

Withholding of 20% of gross redemption proceeds of any payment made within the United States may be required by the Interest and Dividend Tax Compliance Act of 1983 unless the Paying Agent has the correct taxpayer identification number (social security or employer identification number) or exemption certificate of the payer.

Dated: January 14, 1986 MONTANA POWER INTERNATIONAL FINANCE N.V.

UK NEWS

David Fishlock, Science Editor, on why scientists want more government funds

Science races with inflation

subscribed to an appeal to "save British science," urging the Govern-ment to spend more on academic

The appeal, launched in London yesterday, is based in Oxford, north-west of the capital, and led by scientists upset by cuts in their share of the national research budget of £614m this year.

Contributors, who include 49 Fel-lows (senior academics) of the 1,000 Fellows of the Royal Society - the elite of research scientists - paid for a half-page advertisment in The

Times newspaper yesterday.

"British science is in crisis: opportunities are missed, scientists emigrate, whole areas of research are jeopardy,

It said government support for re-search was declining, "falling fur-ther behind that of our main industrial competitors in Europe, whose policy is to increase investment in scientific research.

The group wants the Government to exempt basic science from its curbs on government spending. It says science needs an additional £100m a year "just to prevent con-tinuing decline."

sor Denis Noble, a medical scientist from Oxford University, scientific adviser to the Department one of the group's founders, said of Education and Science, the Government had no consistent. This board, whose members inscience policy. "Instead, we have clude the chief executives of the re-the maximum chaos and the worst search councils as well as Whitehall possible conditions for future chief scientists and leading univers-

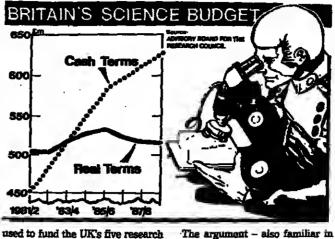
ity scientists, has argued persua-Oxford scientists generally, and sively for extra money for science medical scientists in particular, figure prominently among the appeal flation.

Its case rests on the many excit-

Government policy is to treat basic ing opportunities arising for British science no differently from most science, which has traditionally other areas of government spend- been among the world leaders in ing in that it has been asked to keep research.

within a total budget that is con
But it also makes a strong case stant in real-money terms.

The budget has kept, and is exfactor." That argues that the cost of pected to continue slightly ahead of first-rate research is running ahead of inflation because of the cost of the general level of inflation. of inflation because of the cost of The science budget is mainly advanced equipment.



The argument - also familiar in councils which support academic defence circles which have been exscience in Britain, mainly in uni-versities and higher education esta-blishments but also in national la-from research sectors which tradiboratories managed by the re-tionally were seen as inexpensive to search councils. It funds institu-fund, such as medical and environmental sciences. Even those sectors now need scanners, computers, sat-ellites and so on, costing millions of

> The advisory board has con-cluded that the sophistication factor alone is causing British science to run about 3 per cent ahead of

Another factor harming the ability of the science budget to buy research is the cost of reorganising the existing system. The Govern-ment has asked the research councils to try to pay for new opportuni-ties by abandoning older, less promising projects and by restructing

So the advisory board asked the councils for corporate plans to show their aims and how they proposed

Two of the the councils - the Agfor what it calls the "sophistication ricultural and Food Research Council and the Natural Environment Research Council - have already produced corporate plans, in the certain knowledge that their total

government meome will be cut. They have embarked on an extensive restructuring, including early

A year ago the advisory board told Sir Keith Joseph, Secretary for Education and Science, that factors such as restructuring costs and the sophistication factor meant that the science budget was buying less and less science, despite keeping abreast of inflation. If the pattern continued, it estimated that over the decade British science would have lost about 10 per cent of its

purchasing power.
The advisory board said that to maintain the science budget constant in purchasing power, the budget needed an increase of £15m for 1986-87, £30m for 1987-88 and £40m

with an extra C15m for 1986-87 and subsequent years. It also put a little more money into research last year. The advisory board has recently reworked its estimates of the rate

of decline in purchasing power over the 1980s and reduced the figure from 10 per cent to 7-8 per cent. No relaxation is in sight for restructuring science to free funds from earlier commitments - includinternational commitment such as "atom-smashing" at CERN, the European physics laboratory near Geneva - to fund the oew

The Science and Engineering Reearch Council, which spends about half the science budget, recently ac-knowledged the difficulty of mak-ing changes and of halting research projects. It had aimed to fre about 10 per cent (£30m) of its budget for new opportunities but had managed to free only 6 per cent.

Although the restructuring is being carried out by the scientists themselves, those affected in the process are likely to bear a grievance against the patroo which funded them - often very generously - in the past.

Independent status for Patent Office

THE PATENT Office, which grants patents oo inventions and trade marks in Britain, is to be removed from the aegis of the Department of Trade and Industry and set up as an independent public corporation. A written reply in the House of Commons yesterday from Mr Leon Brittan, the Trade and Industry Secretary, informed MPs that the office, with a staff of 1,270, is to be transformed into a statutory, nondepartmental body. This means that it will become an independent agency but, like the Post Office, will remain subject to Government

supervision. Mr Britten said that he had de cided to change the status of the Patent Office to make it more responsive to the needs of innovators." He wanted to free it from the traditional civil service framework and ensure that it should be selfsupporting from lees and able to fi-

nance investment programmes.

Staff at the London-based office were surprised by the announcement. Such a change was recommended by Sir Robin Nicholson, chief scientific adviser to the Cabinet Office, in a green paper (discussion document) oo intellectual prop erty in December, 1983, but little has been heard of the suggestion

Mr Michael Sparham, of the Soci ety of Civil and Public Servants, which represents 200 middle managers at the office, said that he did not see the Secretary of State's pro-posal, if implemented, benefiting the office's users or in any way improving the services provided

The society recognised that im-provements needed to be made in the way in which the patent office

Every address in the U.K. has one thing in common

tions such as the British Museum.

The budget is administered by the Advisory Board for the Re-search Councils, under the chair-

manship of Professor Sir David Phillips, an Oxford research scien-tist who also acts, in effect, as chief



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Channel

for trials

THE FIRST trial flows of electricity

from France to England over the

new cross Channel cables may take

place this week, electricity officials

said last night in Paris and London.

They made their forecast as the Central Electricity Generating Board (CEGB) and its French equiv-

alent were working to overcome the delays in completing the first part of a 2,000 Mw link which will give

the UK access to some of France's

growing surplus of cheap nuclear electricity.

The £760m link will transmit the

ready

power link

Steel mill closure raises imports level, say unions

BY MARK MEREDITH, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

IMPORTS OF cold reduced strip steel have jumped dramatically since state-owned British Steel Corporation (BSC) announced that it would close the Gartcosh cold rolling mill in Scotland, according to the Scottish Trades Union Congress

In a document arguing against the closure of Gartcosh, the TUC accused BSC of misleading ministers and the Scottish people. It backed a recommendation by the parlia-mentary select committee on Scottish affairs calling on Government to reappraise the closure plan.

The document from the STUC was timed to coincide with the arrival of a group of marchers from who went to lobby Mrs

supplies Gartcosh. More than 700 men will lose their jobs with the

The trade unions said that in the months after the Gartcosh closure months after the Galactic statement, imports of cold reduced strip rose from 45,000 tonnes in September to 69,000 tonnes in October.

The campaign to save Gartcosh argues that no other works within BSC is capable of producing Gart-

said. Business from Ford's Hale-wood plant, 70 per cent of which £2.25m for BSC in 1985," it added.

unions argue that it will hasten the eventual closure of the nearby Ravenscraig strip steel works, which mar steelworks in Belgium, accord-supplies Garteosh. More than 700 ing to the STUC. It said documents passed to the STUC from within BSC suggested that the order book for cold reduced strip products fell between October and December of

"It is now common knowledge in cosh's high-quality steel. That is disthe industry that BSC will not be puted by BSC, which wants Ravens-asked to supply skin panels to any craig in future to supply crude steel of the UK Ford factories in 1986," it to the Shotton works in North Wales for finishing.

The union document said that came from Gartcosh, was worth closing Gartcosh would remove a vital source at a time when Austin Margaret Thatcher, Prime Minister, to reconsider the closure. The ed" to say it was satisfied with the US market,

electricity across the Channel seabed. The under-sea links are the longest continuous cables of their kind in the world. French officials said the first trial power flows would be made "very on. A CEGB official said this could mean before the end of the

> According to the French national supplier, Electricite de France, the first full-scale commercial ex-changes of 500 Mw will begin in March when the first of four undersea cables will be fully operational. A second 500 Mw will be available in May, and the second 1,000 Mw

GAME OF CHANCE TO BE COMPUTERISED NATIONALLY

ICL wins £6m bingo contract

Chloride completes first phase of reshaping

ICL, the largest British-owned computer company, has won a 26m contract for technology to allow up to 1m people to take part in a simultaneous bingo same for total prizes in excess of

£100,000 a night.

It will be the first time since the late 1960s that national bingo games have been allowed and it took a favourable attitude by the Home Office and a bill in Parliament to permit it. The ICL system will make possible the UK's first electronic national bingo

Bingo players score points by marking individual cards based on rand on numbers called out at each game. ICL's One Per Deak terminals

designed to introduce order into the hard mumbers of business are being used to distribute ran-dom numbers to more than 800 bingo halls throughout the coun-

The National Bingo Game Association (NBGA), a commercial grouping of the main bingo proprietors such as Coral Leisure, Renk, Ladirokes, Granada and Mecca, considered nine compu-

companies for the contract.

"Britain leads the world in bingo," Mr Michael Shefras, NBGA chairman, said yesterday. When the game goes national in the summer, a tight security system will be created to pre-

A specially commissioned random number generator will produce the calling numbers for the game. Those will be relayed to individual halls every night - ex-cept for Christmas Day - using ICL national computer network and the One Per Desk machines.

The national and regional winners will be notified through the computer network within minutes of the game's ending.

Mr Lee Tate, general manager of ICL international network services called the system "an exciting and novel use of our commu-

Mr Sheiras hopes computers and hig prizes will halt the clo-sure of hingo clubs and help to improve the balance sheet.

BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

hloride batteries group worldwide

has been completed.

The most fundamental change involves the scrapping of its three main geographically-based companies. Chloride Europe, Chloride Overseas and Chloride America, in favour of a new structure demarcat-

ed along product lines.

As part of the initial changes, its way" since the start of the 1980s.

Chloride is also to move from its ex
Managing directors are being apisting London headquarters into

gland, will be largely transferred to the new operating companies.

Sir Michael Edwardes, Chloride's chairman, made clear yesterday that these were only the first changes in an overhaul expected to last eight to 10 months and which is aimed at putting the company on a new, competitive footing. He ac-knowledged that Chloride had "lost

Managing directors are being appointed to each of the new operatsmaller premises, making some ing companies, whose immediate half of its 80 headquarter staff retask will be to identify all areas in dundant. Its technical centre at which costs can be cut, productivity

strengthened. Chloride employs about 11,000 people worldwide, some 4,000 of them in the UK. Sir Michael said that while there might be some that while there might be some Ken Hodgson. At that time Chloride overmanning in specific areas of its said that it had only broken even in manufacturing business, heavy re-dundancies or plant closures profits in the second half were undundancies or plant closures seemed unlikely.

trial operations in the UK, Chloride Motive Power and Chloride Power

Sir Michael said the effect of the tructuring completed

FIRST STAGE of a crash pro- Manchester in the north of En- improved and marketing policies changes made so far would be a gramme to restructure the troubled gland, will be largely transferred to strengthened.

Sir Michael took over the chief executive's role temporarily in mid-December after the departure of Mr Seemed unlikely.

This first stage of the restructuring also provides for the merging of Chloride's Manchester-based indus-Sir Michael said yesterday that he would remain as chief executive for as long as it took to see the res-

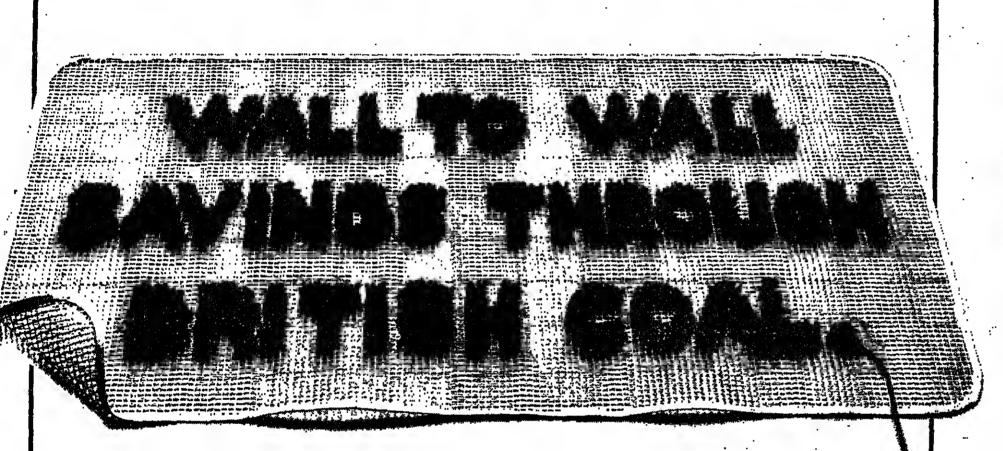
Jobless urged to start businesses BY ALAN PIKE, INDUSTRIAL CORRESPONDENT THE MANPOWER Services Com- lowance," the campaign is designed allowances of £40 a week for up to a

mission, which administers the Government's job programmes, yesterday launched a £1.4m advertising campaign to persuade more budget this year from £109m to allowances of £40 a week for up to a year.

Research indicates that 81 per cent of participants on the scheme budget this year from £109m to who used the full year's allowance unemployed people to consider £140m,

were still trading two years later. For every 100 new businesses startstarting their own businesses.

Built around the slogan "You've got the enterprise, we've got the al-



Shaw Carpets plc mill at Darton, near Huddersfield produces 400,000 square metres of carpeting every week. This means large quantities of steam are necessary for the dyeing process and for space heating.

company commissioned a feasibility study that showed this figure could be substantially reduced by switching from fuel oil to coal.

But one question remained to be answered: the capital cost of the change-over.

This problem was solved by installing boiler modules. These are a breakthrough in coal-fired boiler packages, providing total. flexibility as they can be installed with a variety of boiler types, ratings and come singly or in multiples to meet individual requirements.

They are delivered on-site in three sections, the boiler, the housing and the bunker. Construction and installation work is fast and easy and all the user has to provide are the necessary service connections. The supplier retains ownership of the module. freeing the customer from heavy capital investment. Water and steam are simply bought on a metered basis. In the case of Shaw Carpets, four Associated Heat Services Energy Capsules, fitted with horizontal Shell boilers rated at 16,000 lb/hour of steam, will use about 14,000 tonnes of washed singles coal per year,

Most vital of all was a significant cut in the company's annual fuel bill. Shaw Carpets have joined that growing sector of British Industry who have proved that converting to British Coal turns fuel costs into profits.

The cheapest source of energy

British coal costs less than other fuels. And the NCB intends to make sure coal prices remain competitive.

World-beating technology

British coal leads the world in combustion Facing fuel costs of over £1 million a year, the technology and methods of coal and ash handling. To maintain coal supplies there is a nationwide network of distributors who are strategically situated to give advice and provide an efficient service to industry.

> The government's confidence in the coal industry is demonstrated by the extension of the coal firing grant scheme until at least June 1987.

The current limit of £75 million on SHELLEN ENGINEE

Real help with conversion costs

total grants has been lifted. This scheme, with the backing of European loans, creates a really attractive financial package.

A final word from Malcolm Edwards, Commercial Director of NCB: "We intend to keep British coal competitive and by reducing our costs retain attractive differentials. This is good news for all our customers. Let us talk - we can do business together."

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Attempt to postpone Rumasa case fails

BY RAYMOND HUGHES, LAW COURTS CORRESPONDENT

AN ATTEMPT to postpone part of minal proceedings had been the English litigation arising out of complet the expropriation by the Spanish Government of the Rumasa group has failed in the High Court.

Lawyers for Mr José Maria Ruiz utmost urgency, the judge said. Mateos, the founder of Rumasa and a key figure in the litigation, had asked the court to postpone the case - due to start on February 17 -

They said that they were unable to get instructions from Mr Ruiz Mateos, because they could not gain access to him in the Madrid prison where he is awaiting trial on criminal charges connected with

Yesterday, Sir Nicolas Browne-Wilkinson, the Vice-Chancellor, said that the situation had changed because a Spanish court had directed that Mr Huiz Mateos should be released from prison and put under house arrest and he would, therefore, be able to see his lawyers.

That had not been sufficiently proved to justify postponing the case, the trial of which was of the

The case concerns ownership of the English trade marks for Dry Sack sherry. Williams and Humbert, a Rumasa English subsidiary, complains that the trade marks were improperly transferred from it to a Channel Island company controlled by Mr Ruiz Mateos and his family.

Later this week the High Court will be asked to order that Mr Ruiz Mateos's evidence be taken on commission in Spain. That will involve the trial judge, or a barrister appointed as commissioner, going to Spain with the English lawyers from both sides to hear Mr Ruiz Mateos's evidence.

The High Court will have to de-The judge said that Mr Ruiz cide whether that should be done Mateos's lawyers claimed that he still would not be able to give them proper instructions for the English trial until the first stage of the cri- obtained.

Honda goes up-market with new Accord model

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

evidence of the way the Japanese automatic, against £8.490. manufacturers are swiftly moving their cars up-market by announcing that the new four-door Accord will in the UK cost nearly 30 per cent more than the model it replaces.

The company also revealed that its new Prelude 2.0i-16 is to be its first model to cost more than £11,000. Including car tax and value

added tax the price is £11,200.

Honda (UK), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Japanese group, pointed out that the new Accord is

HONDA yesterday provided further model, rising to £10.490 for the Exi

New three-door Accords are to be launched in the UK next month and the indications are that their prices will be well up from those for the models they replace.

Honda has also raised the prices of its Civic models by between 1.5 per cent and 4.5 per cent, with the major increases at the bottom end of the range.

The company's cheapest model, the Civic deluxe manual, now costs pointed out that the new Accord is the Civic deluxe manual, now costs an entirely different car to the old model, with a two litre instead of a 1.8 litre engine, new body and suspension, and a much higher standard of other equipment.

Prices for the new four-door Accord start at £8,290 for the Ex manual compared with £6,390 for the old to 1.04 per cent.

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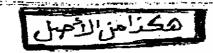
Notice is hereby given that Carolina Power & Light Finance N.V. has elected to redeem all of its outstanding 18% Guaranteed Notes Due February 15, 1989 (the "Notes") on February 15, 1986. (the "Redemption Date") at the redemption price of UN 'S of their principal amount, in the amount of US \$1,015 per US \$1,000 Bond (the "Redemption Price").

On February 15, 1986 the Redemption Price will become due and payable upon all Notes, and interest thereon shall cease to accrue on and after said date. Coupons due February 15, 1986 or prior thereto will be paid in the usual manner. 1986 or prior thereto will be paid in the usual manner.

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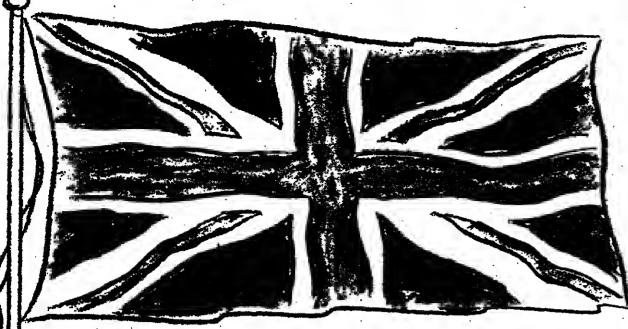
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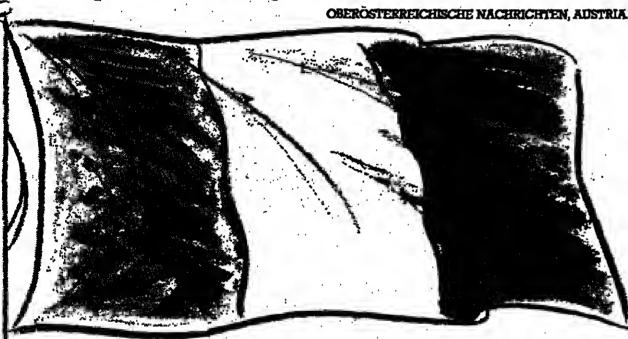
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"The XP deserves to succeed ... and certainly shows that PC software can operate even better when given the right machine."



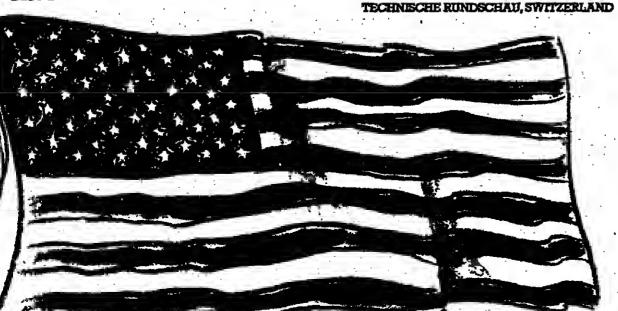
Its rapid 80286 processor and comprehensive features will teach the competition the meaning of fear



"The XP operates 350 per cent faster than the IBM PC XT and 125 per cent faster than the IBM PC AT" LOGICIELS ET SERVICES, FRANCÉ

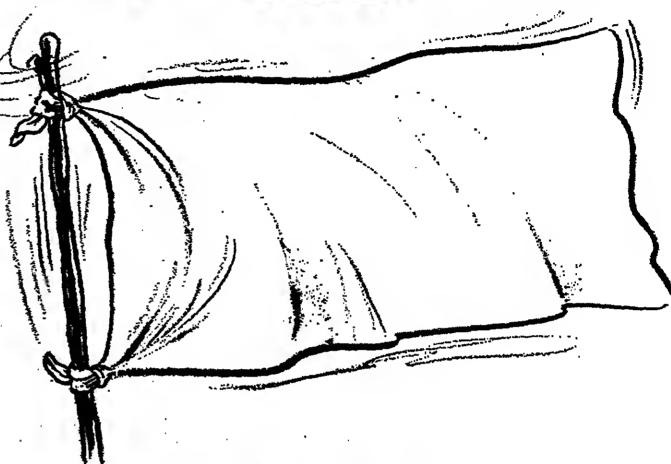


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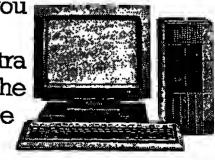
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RIDDLE: David Thomas, managing director of Pictures UK, a small Cornish art trader, believes that without it, he could not afford to do business with his largest customers.

Richard Davis, managing director of a London property magazine publisher, Parkway Publications, says it is the one thing that gives him enough time to manage his company properly. What is the magic

ingredient?
The answer, believe it or not, it fectoring — a much maligned and little understood financing technique which is nevertheless gaining increasing acceptance among the small husiness com-munity as an aid to cash flow. The volume of sales serviced by the eight members of the Association of British Factors (they account for ebout 90 per cent of the industry) has doohied to more than £4bn over the past six years, while the number of businesses using their services has risen by almost 70 per cent to over 4,000 in the same period. ABF results for 1985 are due to be announced shortly and should show further growth.

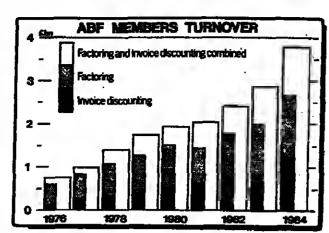
Those companies still repre-sent a tiny proportion of the total UK small husiness population of 1.4m. But this is r surprising considering that factors have for years been overshadowed hy a not completely accurate association with bad debt collecting, darkene further by a cloud of mystiqu darkened ever what is in fact a straightforward way to raise money. Four types of service can be obtained—in different combinaions-from factoring com-

• Recourse factoring. Money is made available against e proportion, usually up to 80 per cent, of the customer payments due to your business. If the customer goes hust, you pay. The factor has recourse to you for bad debts.

● Non-recourse factoring. A sometimes more expensive veraion of the same service, only this time the factor carries the can if your customer goes bust.

Sales ledger administration. Pass a copy of your invoices to the factor and he will chase them up fester and more efficiently than you could. No factor will edvance cash ageinst your debts unless he can handle your sales ledger as well. The service charge—as opposed to the finance charge—is between 0.5 and 3 per cent of sales, depending on whether the service is used on its own or as factoring provides a solution,"
part of recourse or nonsays Michael Maberiey, chairrecourse factoring. The size man of the association, which recourse factoring. The size and number of your customer celebrates its lum anniversactions also affect service this year.

Cash flow certainly used.



Masterminding the cash factor

BY WILLIAM DAWKINS

the dehts owed to you.

Finance charges vary, depending on the quality of your customers and tha kind of fectoring you are using, hetween rate, up to 4 points over base. Of course, finance charges apply only if you actually draw down the cash a factor makes available, though you pay service charges whether you take the

money or not. Factoring has been widely criticised for being an expen-sive source of last resort for companies in Adding finance and finance for service charges together, fac-tored money could easily cost up to 6.5 per cent over base, or £180,000 annually for £1m of

At the same time, however. factoring can be a useful tool for husinesses entering a period of fast expansion that puts working capital under strain and hence sharpens the need to always tell you thet one of their hig problems is getting money out of customers. There is a growing understanding that celebrates its 10th anniversary

Invoice discounting. You be a problem at Pictures UK, keep responsibility for your which turned to Credit Factor-

collecting, hut can obtain ago, when it switched from finance for up to 80 per cent of the dehts owed to you.

ago, when it switched from selling prints and paintings over the counter for cash et its Wadebridge, Cornwall, shop to making bulk sales to the retail

Pictures UK'a David Thomas was suddenly faced with the need to provide anything up to 120 days credit to other craft early in the year for the tourist season and could easily huy elsewhere if he did not offer credit

"But it was imperative that wa got paid npfront," says Thomas, who has seen his annual sales mushroom from £35,000 to £750,000 over the past five years. "A lot of our customers just would not use us if we did not do fectoring." he adds. Thomas admits, how-ever: "It's e hit more than we like to pay. But we are prepared to pay the price when one needs capital in hand."

For Parkway Publications, an aportant benefit of factoring is in getting e more efficiently run sales ledger without tying up too much management time. "It leaves our hands totally free so that we can get on with running the business," says Parkway's Richard Davis, whose turnover has doubled from £700,000 to £1.4m over the past five years, during which time he has used two factors, Alex Lawrie and Regent Fectors.

It is worth bearing the following points in mind when shopping around. As with any other service, it is important to collect competitive quotes. Some com-panies will quote an epparently large service fee, but their finance charge could be as little a two points over bass, which compares very well with a normal bank overdeaft. For normal hank overdraft. For

invoice discounting there is no service fee, but the finance charge can easily be higher. Factoring companies will normally ask you to sign e contract that commits you to use their services for anything from three months to a year. This is because they need to recoop the high initial costs of assessing and setting up the administra-tion of your sales ledger.

If you do want to pull out of

If you do went to pull out of factoring, remember that the cash flow edvantages of using the service in the first place will then work in reverse. One way to soften factoring withdrawal pains is to plan ahead and run down your factored finance gradually over a few months.

Fectoring is suitable only if your terms of trade are relatively simple. Commodity-type businesses such as textiles (the industry on which fectoring was founded in the last century) funder or building century), timber or building materials are ideal. But capital equipment or construction, sectors where payments teod to he staged and where after-sales service is important, are just too

It is also worth bearing in mind that factoring is no way to lay off bad debts. A factor will advance cash only against debts he thinks look like being - or approved dehts and will refuse to touch the rest. If any of your factor-financed debts turn had, they will simply be returned, unless you are using a non-recourse

Although factors claim to work very closely with their clients, nevertheless using the service means that you are putting an important part of your customer relations in somebody else's hands. However, Maberley explains

the edvantages of factoring like this: "When the client is dealing with a big buyer, we know whom to talk to and how to put in the paperwork. Many small businessmen just put in a state-ment showing the balance due, which simply cannot be fed into a computer system. Large customers need to know a lot more detailed information than that and we know how to provide it."

Further details can obtained from The Information Office, Association of British keep responsibility for your which turned to Credit Factor- Factoring, however, is a Factors, Hind Court, 147 Fleet own sales ledger and accounts ing International three years highly specialised service and Street, London EC4A 2BU.

In brief...

THE Council for Small Industries in Rural Areas is running a further series of weekend seminars for anyone thinking of buying a village shop. The course leader will be Reg Fuller, the former training director of Spar (UK) who is one of nine CoSIRA retail consultants. Subjects covered will include evaluation of the business, obligations to employees and the total sum of money involved. The cost of the seminars is £96. For further information contact David Lingham, CoSIRA, 141 Castle Street, Salisbury, Wilt-shire SP1 3TP. Telephone Salisbury (9722) 336255,

THE ERITISH Institute of Management has published a series of guidelines under the heading Action for the Smaller Business, aimed et provid-ing advice and information in

It is felt the series will he of help both to the novice and those wanting to improve techniques. Topics covered in-elnde promotion and advertis-ing; apraisal of products and ing; apraisal of products and eustomers; insurance; budgeting; and incorporation, plus a variety of other subjects. Action for the Smaller Business is available at £1.25 each or £7.56 for the set of ten from Jose Ginus, BIM. Management House, Cottingham Road, Corby, Northants, NNIZ ITT. NNI7 ITT.

COMPANIES EAGER 16 become suppliers to Her Majesty's Stationery Office should find Selling to HMSO, just published by the HMSO, just published by the department, useful in realising their objective. HMSO currently buys an annual £250m of goods and services for Government departments and other public sector bodies. Products purchased range from rubber bands and currently labels to microcompand labels to microcompand. gummed labels to microcom-puter systems and printing

Three HMSO purchasing divisians supply, print proservices—welcome epproaches and the booklet outlines what potential suppliers need to know (as well as providing useful information for exist-ing suppliers). The booklet covers procedures, preference schemes and priority sup-pliers and products and purchasing information. It is available free from Mrs Verne Hardingham, HMSO, Supply Division, St Crispins, Duke Street, Norwich NR3 1PD.

Training

Fresh approach aims at boosting success rate

BY IAN HAMILTON FAZEY

is rethinking its policy on training for small business and is seminars—cometimes in conexpected to unveil a new epproach in the next few on particular subjects as needs months. The alm is to pull arise in their areas. Trippier is now hoping to sources of management treining in the UK and co-ordinate them better.

This will enable the various agencies established in recent years to help and encouraga small business growth to maximise the enhanced training entitlement and, it is hoped, lead to an improved rate of business successes.

Ameng you ideas being con-

business successes.

Among new ideas being considered are a voucher system for people who qualify for the Enterprise Allowance Scheme—which allows unemployed or redundant people a. £40 a week subsidy for their first year in self-employment or running their own small husiness—and an extra rola for Britain's network of enterprise agencies. At the same time the Government'e the same time the Government's Small Firms' Service will drop out of training altogether to concentrate on consultancy to husinesses and individuals.

The Government's proposals have still to be finalised but the while process of change is a logical consequence of the switching of policymaking for switching of policymaking for small business—and its minister. David Trippier—from the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) to the Department of Employment (D.E.) last year. Present training methods reflect formerly divided responsibilities. The manpower Services Commission, which is part of the D.E., has an impressive bettery of courses and schemes of the D.E., has an impressive battery of courses and schemes —some of them experimental—under e general umbrella known as the Adult Training Strategy.

Meanwhile, the small firms service—formerly part of the DTI—is responsible for the

universities, polytechnics and further education colleges have

developed various types of courses for small business, courses for small business, some of which link into Manpower Services programmes.
On top of that, many enter-

THE THATCHER Government prise agencies have heen hotel surroundings and being arranging short courses or taught by consultants who are seminars sometimes in con-junction with local colleges—their own right.

Trippier is now hoping to pull all the strands together and develop them under common leadership, which the DE's control of both the MSC and small business policy has now made possible. He says: "Policy decisions have been made on enterprise training. We ere now considering which are the best delivery mechanisms to best delivery mechanisms to

The approach he favours is to "bolt on management training to enterprise agencies." The point is that the 300-odd agencies are probably closer than other institutions to small businesses and their needs.

Supported

They are the places people go to for independent advice and help. They are also heavily supported by the private sector, with private sector secondeswho ought to appreciate what people need to know to be successful managers—in key positions. The thinking up and planning of training, and any surveys have shown that three-modification of existing quarters of the EAS beginners schemes, would thus have a were still operating two years practical input as well as an efter and that for every 100

agencies would do the training, but co-ordinate it. Courses would still be run in local colleges and also by independent consultants contracted to the MSC and Ising hotel conference rooms. As now, some agencies would

continue to stage seminars and short courses to satisfy demand from, say, members of their small business clubs for help their main rola would be as agent rather than principal.

The enterprise agencies would be expected to take over more responsibility for enter-prise Allowance Scheme, free-ing the amall firms service to become an np-market consultancy for existing small business, mostly referred to the service by the egencies.

This new arrangement would probably see the agencies feed-ing EAS applicants into college or consultant run courses on which they would learn the rudiments of setting up on their own.

What Trippier has in mind is that acceptance on the EAS would bring with it two training vouchers, one to be spent on the initial course and the on the minut course and the eecond on more advanced training after a year or longer in business. This second course would be an innovation, replacing the follow-up visit hy a small firms service counsellor, which EAS participants get now during their first year.

At the heart of Trippier's proposals is the Government's concern to reduce the risk of failura among new, small husinesses. He says that government schemes, would thus have a were still operating two years practical input as well as an efter and that for every 100 EAS businesses that have been the idea is not that the agencies would do the training, but coordinate it.

With no failures, Trippler would ha shie to claim about half a million new jobs from the EAS during the second to 125,000 or so less if the present failure rate continues —though it must also be said that the nature of the EAS, DTI—is responsible for the from, say, members of their with its emphasis on self-employment, is such that those people joining the Enterprise on specific management tech-businesses employing others are niques like credit control, but likely to be the successful ones their main role would be as enyway.

agent rather than principal.

Pressure to put all training through the colleges has been makes political sense, however much it matters in its own right, business people dislike the institutional ambience of the stitutional ambience of the local "tech," preferring both sense, however much it matters in its own right, the policy is unlocal "tech," preferring both sense, however much it matters in its own right, the policy is unlocal "tech," preferring both sense, however much it matters in its own right, the policy is unlocal "tech," preferring both sense, however makes political sense, however much it matters in its own right, business people dislike the institutional ambience of the quarters when the policy is unlocal "tech," preferring both sense, however makes political sense, however much it matters in its own right.

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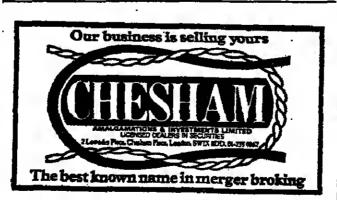
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On behalf of the Issuer, S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd. hereby gives notice to the holders of the above-mentioned Notes of the Issuer's election in accordance with Condition 4(B) of the Notes that all Notes outstanding on 28th February, 1996 will be redeemed on that date, at par.

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Interest accruing on the outstanding tooting rate notes will coase at of the tarme date.

EANQUI INTERNATIONALE

A LUXEMBOURG SOCIET Apportment of the process of the control of the control

CAISSE NATIONALE DES

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Floating Rate Notes Issues of
USD 300.000.000,... 1985-2000 for the period of one month, from 13 January to 13 February 1986 (31 days), the notes will bear interest rate of 876 per cent per annum. The payable interest due 13 February 1986

for each nominal note US\$10,000 will be US\$71.58.

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Public Notices

INVESTIGATION BY THE MONOPOLIES AND MERGERS

Fronces acquisition of State for Trade and Industry referred to the Monopoles and Mergery Commission for Trade and Industry referred to the Monopoles and Mergery Commission for Investigation and resort ander Group pic by 8ET PLC

Group pic by 8ET PLC

The Commission are required to report be at 1973 the proposed acquisition or SGB

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FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Tuesday January 14 1986

Devon and Cornwall

The two counties are now engaged in a more concerted effort to attract investment from as far afield as the US. The area needs to diversify its economic base as traditional industries such as tourism, fishing and agriculture adapt to a harsher climate

Investment search widens

SURVEY BY ROBIN REEVES

Today, be is the first full-time director of the Devon and Cornwall Development Bureau (DCDB), and has just begun tha task of boosting the West Country's efforts to attract more inward investment from overseas. long-established ferry service show that tremendous added between Plymouth and Santander presents an immediate encourage them to overlap," he call links.

As far as lowerd investment investment significantly below the UK

IVOR SIMPSON spent 1980 to 1984 as a member of the British consulate in Boston, Mass., seeking to persuade American companies, planning expansion in Europe, to come to the UK.

of Britain noted more for its tourism than for its manufac-

Forum, a highly successful Devon Fare exhibition (now

tions pian to stage a major festival and exhibition of the

county in London in 1988.

Mr Simpson's appointment within the past few months is just one indication that a part Behind the scenes, there is more discussion in business and academic circles about the region's economic problems and needs. It remains to be seen how this crystallises politically. But demands for e regional economic development authority akin to the Scots or Walsh Development Agency are being voiced.

As far as inward investment goes there ere so far 31 overseas and companies in the two counties, half of them in the Plymouth area. The majority are American-owned, but there is a sprinkling of European and one Japanese—Toshiba.

The new DCDB director, having worked as an official of the Department of Trade and

tourism than for its manufac-turing industry, is now in the business of raising its economic profile. The area is intensifying efforts to diversify and strengthen its economic base, and out to draw more attention to the region's virtues.

Other visible signs include the setting np, within the past year, of a Devon Tourism Forum, a highly successful The belief is growing that such a body would carry more clout and win a greater share of resources for advance factory such a body would carry more clout and win a greater share of resources for advance factory and new estate developent in the two countries than is at the disposal of English Estates, the Government agency responsible for factory provision in the English regions:

Industry's Invest in Britain Bureau (IBB), is under no illusions about the dimensions of the task before him. "We are competing head-on with the Scots and the Welsh (Developent Agencies) and they have wastly more resources than we have," he notes bluntly. being constituted as a permanent promotion and distribution organisation for the county's produce), and the launching of Cornwall's ambitions plan to chara a major the Government agency responsible for factory provision in the English regions.

It would also provide a badly needed source of local venture capital to give greater encouragement to the growth of the economy "from within."

This will show off all aspects of the life of Cornwall, its history, industry, commerce Mr Andrew Smy, Devon County Council's Director of Property and Leisure Services, and a member of DCDB's governing board, is in no doubt that there is considerable scope in this direction. "Wa have an sconomy with three main sectors — agriculture, tourism and arts, and its people.

The raising of the county's profile is timely, not least because this month saw the entry of Spain and Portugal into the European Community. The significance for Devon and Cornwall can easily be exagger acted but enlargement does place and manufacturing. But by the region nearer to the EEC's and large they do not connect and area to the example of the control of the cont

The new DCDB director, having worked as an official of the Department of Trade and Industry's Invest in Britain

Wage levels

Nevertheless he is cautiously optimistic about prospects. He sees the region's harmonious labour relations and outturn of graduates in high-tech fields as particularly strong selling moints.

Devon and Cornwall wit-nessed the first major no strike agreement between an over-seas-owned company and a British trade union—tha agree-Cornwall can easily be exaggerated but enlargement does place
the region nearer to the EEC's
geographical centre and the

sectors — agriculture, tourism ment between the Japanese
and manufacturing. But by Toshiba company and the
geographical centre and the
with each other. We need to covering employees at Toshiba'a significantly below cational average.

Mr Simpson's optimism also enhanced budget of £350,000 — £200,000 being provided by the IBB and the remainder by the Devon and Cornwall councils — and the backup available. Each council retains on indicated council retains an industrial development team who, in practice, also contribute to the bureau's marketing effort.

The DCDB has also secure an extra string to its bow so far uniqua among local authority-backed English inward investment organisations — its own man in the US.
The Government has egreed

to one third of the salary of an IRB official now working in Mr Simpson's former Boston Consulate office being paid for ont of DCDB's budget. In exchange, Down and Cornwall are now Devon and Cornwall are now entitled to a third of his tima and premotional energies in the Boston area which is one of the main spawning grounds of American high technology

In the circumstances, other regions of the UK, hungry for more inward investment, would be unwise to dismiss the possible impact of what is shaping np as a more aggressive pitch by Devon and Cornwall.

In the past serious co-opera-tion over economic development has been distinctly lacking, not only between the county anthorities, but also between them and the only large urban community, the city of

Plymouth, meanwhile, took some time to get over the loss of status it suffered in the 1974 reorganisation of local government when some of its influence was lost to the county town of Exeter. It put Plymouth in comod to surrender its own long-standing industrial promotion efforts to a broader-based authority. This left Cornwall battling away to attract inward investment in splendid isolation and with very limited resources.

Beyond this, the forging of a Plymouth, meanwhile, took

communality of interest has also not been belped by the tendency of the Government and industry to hump in Devon and Cornwall with the rest of South West England. South West England.
The more concerted approach

now being adopted by the two county authorities and Plymouth

This is because Devon apart from Plymouth, was until recently largely content with its economic lot, and certainly saw little value in becoming more closely linked with Cornwall's more entrenched economic problems.

Beyond this, the forging of a

county authorities and Plymouth is obviously partly the result of the financial carrot offered by the financial carrot offered by the life. But it also reflects the fact that even Devon is now feeling the cold winds of structural change and is threatened by the kind of economic earthquakes which can remove seemingly permanent features of the local economy, an almost common place event in other parts of the country.

Conwall, which is also dockyard, has meanwhile suffered by the future of the dairy industry face to generate production of its own. One was 600 redunctions of the connection of the connection of the connection of the connection of EEC milk quotas. Although the most pessimistic predictions of widespread bank-rough the dairy industry face the dai



Plymouth Hoe, one of Devon's most famous lands

Uncertainty sets in

Economy

DEVON AND Plymouth, if not Cornwall, were initially shielded from the harshest aspects of the 1980s recession in the British economy by two important factors.

One was the generous protection extended to the region's agriculture by the Common Agricultural Policy: the other the exception made for defence in the Government's otherwise sustained attack on the growth in the Government's otherwise sustained attack on the growth in public expenditure and the particular boost the Royal Nevy received from its military success in the 1982 South Atlantic conflict.

Within the past 18 months Within the past 1g months bowever the agriculture of both counties has been through the crisis which followed the Imposition of EEC milk quotas. Although the most pessimistic predictions of widespread bank-ruptcies in the dairy industry have not so far proved true, the basic problem—the tendency of the CAP to generate production surpluses—still looms over most other farm commodities produced in Devon and Cornwall. prolonged uncertainty.

The picture is also little better for the fishing industry, as an EEC-imposed ban on mackerel fishing throughout the south western waters enters its second year.

Agreement buffer stock support system.

Cornish tin mining has enjoyed a significant revival in recent years, but with significantly lower prices now in pros-

Industrially, there is widespread concern over the govern-ment insistence upon pressing ahead with privatisation of eas-ily the largest single industrial employer in the region—Devon-port's Royal Naval Deckyard I. employer in the region—Devon-port's Royal Naval Dockyard. It has alreedy been announced that this will involve a cutback in numbers employed of 2,000 to 11,000, even though this should be achieved by early re-tirement and voluntary redun-dancy.

But there are also fears that the final job loss figure could be far higher. Overall, a climate of uncertainty seems destined to last at least until the new pri-vate management of the yard takes over—vesting day is April 1, next year—and probably even

Cornish tin mlning has en-joyed a significant revival in recent years, but with signifi-cantly lower prices now in pros-pect, the whole future of an industry which directly employs 1,500 people and supports at least an equal number of jobs in associated industries, hangs in the balance.

in associated industries, hangs in the balance.

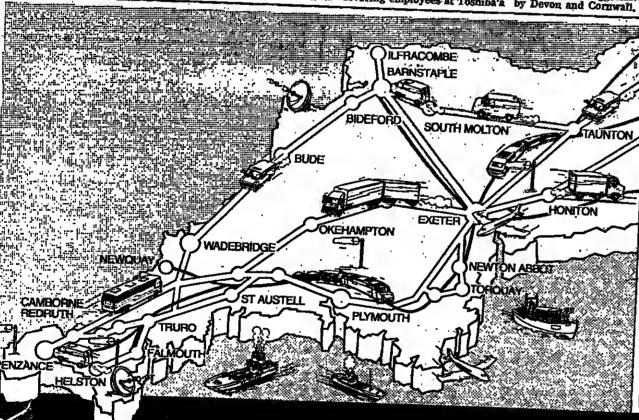
Thesa problems promise to exacerbate what was, in spite of the growth in the UK economy generally, still e rising trend in the level of unemployment in both counties.

Devon's jobless rate is just ebove the English average et some 14 per cent, 1.5 per cent bigher than two years ago, while Cornwall's rate is now more than 18 per cent, which is more than 18 per cent up on two years ago. When it comes to male unemployment, the respective figures are over 15 per cent and 20 per cent.

It is important to reelise that these gloomy statistics also

these gloomy statistics also reflect one of Devon and Corn-wall's important assets; namely wall's important assets; namely its popularity. Opinion surveys over the years bave shown that, given the choice, more English people would prefer to live in the West Country than

CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE



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Battle to hold market share

Tourism

MRS THATCHER, the Prime Minister, decided last year to responsibility for the tourism industry from the Department of Trade and Industry to Lord Young the Secretary of State for Employ

The move was in one way, a significant recognition of the importance which the Government now attaches to one ef Devon and Cernwall's most vital industries, and the contribution it can make to new job creetion and economic growth.

It also provided another moortant reminder to today's mportant reminder to today's West Country tourist industry which at the latest count earns Devon an estimated £500m and Cornwall £300m annually — it can no longer go on taking its traditional position as Britain's most popular domestic holiday estination for granted.

Lord Young'e emphasis on tourism has given fresh impetus to the aiready unprecedented effort under way in every part of the UK, including the indus-trial areas, to mebilise local resources and develop tourist attractions, as a contribution towards reducing the country's unemployment

In a special report soon after is appointment, entitled. Leisure, Pleasure and Jobs," Lord Young calculated that the expansion of the tourism industry could create some 50,000 jobs a year in the UK. This means, on a pro-rate basis, the creation of some 1,000 new jobs in the industry in Devon and Comwall each year, providing the right investment and mar-keting decisions are taken. At present, nearly 28,000 lobs in Devon and 13,500 in Cornwall are reckoned to be supported by tourism and leisure-related activities.



noted that the tourist industry growth sectors of the 1980s are short breaks business and conference tourism, overseas tourists, and hobby and activity holidays.

It warned that the traditional long holiday (defined as four or more nights), accounting for 80 per cent of the total holiday market, is likely to shew little

or no growth.

Deven and Cornwall's tourist industry has been built upon the peninsula's hundreds of miles of sandy beaches and coves and their attraction to fertnight's bucket and spade holiday, in short the kind of UK destination which has had to fight hardest against the cut-throat competition of the foreign package tour operators. Between 1978 and 1982, there was an slarming decline in the number of visitors. The number

of leng holidays spent in Devon and Cornwall. Devon County Council has laid the foundation for a more business-like ap-proach to the industry's needs by establishing within the past year a Devon Tourism Forum. The Forum promises to put fresh hite and professionalism into the constant battla to main-

tain the region's share of the tourism market. But success is to no means assured. Last year's poor summer, for example, and the recent intense competitien ameng foreign package tour operators could well encourage more British holidaymakers te go abroad this

china Clay'e Haven Leisure subsidiary, which claims to be the largest operator of heliday parks in the West Country. recently reported a 20 per cent increase in advanced bookings. of tourist nights spent in Devon, fer example, fell by nearly 16 per cent.

Since then there has been an overall recovery in the number in advanced cookings. A feature of Haven's parks are their all-weether facilities, such as indoor swimming pools, and entertainment clubs and games rooms.

In short, there are amenities which can be provided to compensate for the leck of guaranteed daily sunshine promised, say, by Mediterranean destinations. But they usually require substantial capital in-

The West Country tonrist industry has also had te learn to
fight back in ether ways. It is
only comparatively recently
that Britain's traditional resort
areas have recegnised that their
"product" needs also to be
packaged and marketed as
attractively as the modern
foreign heliday.

New Exhause Transl for

Now Exchange Travel, for example, which ewas Cornish Leisure Werld, a 77-acre heliday complex at St Austell Bay attracting 750,000 holiday makers e year, is distributing a Devon and Cornwall heliday programme offering packages based on e wide range of eccommodation situated in 40 seaside resorts and seven countryside locations. The packages are en offer to the travel trade at a set

commission and are backed by national advertising and point

of sala material.

Ideally perhaps Devon and Cornwall hoteliers ought also to hit heck against foreign competition by encouraging inward charter flight holldays via the region's own airports. But so far only one Dutch operator. Uni-travel, has chosen to use Exeter airport for a packaged holiday, the Torbay ares.

The West Country Touris Board reckons that because of the relatively high prices which operators heve te pay to buy seats en the low velume air routes inte Exeter, the scope for increasing the number of tours increasing the number of tours using local airports is small, Stepping up effects to divert mere French and Spanish tourists using Brittany Ferries services into local resorts is seen as a more fruitful avenue for growth

But in these circumstances Devon and Cornwall are not ideally placed to capture a major slice of the increasing foreign tourist market son 25 per cent more foreign tourists are forecast to visit Britain over the next four years.

More attention is being paid

to encouraging the market for short break holidays (of one to three nights) as the more fruitful avenue for growth. It currently accounts for 17 per cent of the total market and the West Country has the largest share—15 per cent of the UK total. the UK total. .

Even so, there is no guarantee that the 10 per cent growth forecast for this sector over the period 1982-87, in terms of both nights and expenditure will be to the benefit of Cornwall and some parts of Devon. According to recent research mentals for the period of the per to recent research, people travel on average only 129 miles to reach their chort break desti-nation, a distance from the main population centres which is likely to bring greater bene-fit to other parts of the West

Privatisation brings efficiency drive

Devonport Dockyard

EARLY LAST month Plymouth and a significant area of Devon and Cornwall woke up to find that a long-threatened change in the local economy, which many assumed would go away, suddenly seemed certain to become reality — privatisation of their region's largest single industrial employer, the Royal Naval Dockyard at Plymeuth. The possibility of a radical shift in the dockyard's form of management towards a more commercial approach has been talked about on and eff for almost a decade, but had never

come to anything.

The plan by Mr Michael
Heseltine, the former Defence
Secretary, to transfer management of the dockyard from the Ministry of Defence to the pri-vate sector was thought by many to be similarly fated; even though the enabling legislation had started its passage through parliament and although there were already expressions of interest from the private sector, notably from the managements of two major industrial groups, Butish Acro-space and Tratalgar House (which includes Cunard among its subsidiaries). Last month'e rude ewakening

to reality was provided by an unexpected break in the ranks

CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE

any other part of the UK, and

that they are doing so in increasing numbers.

At the last count, whereas the population of England was

showing a net growth rate of enly 0.4 per cent per annum, in

Devon and Cornwall the rate of

population growth has been averaging 2 per cent and 3 per cent respectively.

the world they are happy to

of location, the ability te-attract staff on the right calibre—and keep them—is becoming increasingly recog-

the management buyout of the National Freight Corporation one of the first public enterprises to be privatised. Mixed reaction Political reaction to the management initiative has been mixed. But a "hearts and minds campaign" to win local, and particularly employee, backing fer the bid has been launched and a commitment to buying goods and services locally and

support of the local economy generally is already emerging as a key aspect of the campaign.
Interestingly, one trade
unionist has already indicated
that attitudes are shifting on
the grounds that perhaps it is
a case of "better the devil you
know"

Besides its military importof the (until then) united local ance as Britain's principal naval epposition to the Government's refit and maintenance base the privatisation proposals.

Mr David Jehnsten, 49, managing director of the dockyard,
and nine of his eenior management colleagues, announced annual turnover of some £300m

Investment search widens

ing need for scientific and in-dustrial skills and research up to graduate level are particu-larly well-served by Plymouth

Polytechnic which has just

launched moves to become a university in its ewn right.

Devon and Cornwall's perceived industrial drawback in the recent past has been its

Certainly, for many years, the rate of improvement lagged be-hind that being achieved in other parts of the country.

Arguably, the image lingers on, even though teday a metor-way standard dual carriageway

is now within sight.

cent respectively.

The popularity of the two counties for retirement is only part of the story. Industry, moth traffic jams on the Exeter local government and academic institutions all stress that they never have difficulty in recruiting staff of the calibre they require because it is a part of the world they are happy to on even theurh teday a metor.

As industry becomes increase from the M5 sweeps past providingly mobile and independent and onto Plymouth and combined that ability to pletion of a modern strategic

becoming increasingly recogmised as an important the long delayed Oakhampton
ingredient of economic success. bypass, 2 most important link
So too ie the interface befor Cornwall, and the key Threetransport industry and assessment transport transport

So too ie the interface he-tween industry and academia ton Newtown and Barnstaple Besides having its own univer-sity at Exeter the region's grow-link road, which will end the

that they had decided to compete themselves for the franchise to manage the dockyard as a privatised concern. It has the capacity in its wide range of ship repair drydeck, and back-up engineering design Merchant Bank and accountants and maintenance facilities in they have already formed their dinging to a nuclear submarine.

they have already formed their dingby to a nuclear submarine.

own company, Devenport Dockyard Ltd, to hid fer the contract there are civil servants with and begun soundings in the civil service pay and conditions City ebout attracting further and ways of doing things which institutional investment and it is argued, impose bureauprivate sector management cratic restraints and make If successful, they also propose to invite employees and their families to become shareholders in the company with a minimum stake perhaps as low as £50. Their model is effective industrial management

Under the plan the contract is due to be awarded in November and the new (private sector) manage-ment to assume formal control of the business in April, next

te put the dealings between the dockyard, the Royal Navy and the rest of the Ministry the dockyard, the Royal Navy and the rest of the Ministry management will be awarded of Defence on e commercial the contract. Indeed while stationating Equally, it recognised that the dockyard's assets bid. Mr Heseltine also emphasized that hidden be sold to the sized that Mr Jehnston's team

highest hidder, would receive ne preference or The assets are a key military special consideration. resource in which the parpayer has invested some £200m over that the business needs a comthe past 15 years. Furthermore, pletely new broom in the shape the past 15 years. Furthermore, they will require capital invest-

relative isolation of Devon's

No less important for en-

couraging the region's economic

growth has been a striking im-provement in rail and air links. Thanks to British Rail's High

Speed Trains and key improve-ments in the railway track, the

journey times to London have been reduced to two hours from Ereter and three hours from

travel to Continental Europe or ecross the Atlantic is also well

served by a locally-based operator, Brymon Airways. It not only now runs frequent daily flights between Plymouth and Newquay and Heathrow

and Newquay and Healmow and Gatwick, but may soon be offering quick connections with central London, of great value to the local business com-

Brymen is widely tipped to win the franchise for eperating

planned new Londen docklands

sirport. The company uses a ficet of De Havilland Dosh 7, Shert Take Off and Landing (STOL) aircraft, which are

tailor-mada for this airport.

services in and out

Royal Naval vessels entering Devenport Dockyard

the dockyard'e existing MOD- 2.5 per cent over the same allocated work. The remainder period. of the business in April, next will have to be tendered fer, year.

Formulating a politically feasible privatisation scheme fer the dockyard was not rest of the UK ship repair easy. The Government wanted industry.

Of course there is no guaran-

of BAe er Trafalgar House, er ment of a further £100m over an, as yet, unnamed potential the next decade.

Hence the enabling legisGovernment the option of sancthe next decade.

Hence the enabling legislatien now being enacted by parliament provides for the dockyard's assets to be legsed the Government with a possess of the contract of the contra dockyard's assets to be leased to the private sector on a seven years franchise basis.

Whoever wins the competition for the franchise is assured, initially at least of a "core business" of 70 to 80 per cent of period to a General Election.

In the meantime, Mr John-ston and his colleagues have already begun the task of prealready begun the task of pre-paring the dockyard for operat-ing in a commercial environ-ment. The Devonport Chal-lenger as the programme launched last April is dubbed, is designed to reduce unit costs by 15 per cent over the two years; the targets are a 17 per cent reduction in expenditure on an output reduction of only on an output reduction of only

Granita

to Fo

this efficiency drive is that some 2,000 of the 13,000 jebs in the dockyard are set to disappear before privatisation, a jeh loss which has understandably heen causing anguish in many quar-ters and is fuelling demands for special assistance to deal with the consequences. Not only can the region ill afford to lose any jeb epportunities at present but there are fears that the cut-

back in jebs could turn out in practice te be far greater.
On the ether hand, 2,000 redundancies will still leave the number of dockyard employees at the 1981 level (Devonport coinal wark and applicable to the coinal wark and the coinal wark gained work and employment as a result of the closure of Chatham and cuts at Portsmouth) and most, if not all of them will be achieved by early retirement and voluntary severance arrangements.

In the long run, privatisation could arguably lead to Devonport making a greater contribu-tion to the local economy, both by releasing scarce skills and making its high tech skills and expertise more accessible to local industry.

Mr Johnston stresses that

once under private manage-ment, Devonpert will be free ment, Devonpert will be free to expand inte new markets and make the most of its technical design services and sophisti-cated capabilities in electrical and electronic engineering, in such fields as the design and construction of offshore oil rig



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Devon and Cornwall 3

Coping with changes in assistance status

ieve that the only manufactur-ing enterprises which can pros-per at a long distance from the main poulation centres, are those producing high value, low volume products.

volume products.

Devon and Cornwall belle this theory. As well as having an expanding range of high technology companies producing sophisticated modern electronic products, the two counties also have companies in high volume, low value products.

Such manufacturers find in practice that the significantly lower costs they enjoy for their factory accommodation and labour can easily offset the higher distribution costs and executive travel expenses involved in what soma may regard as out of the way locations.

what soma may regard as out of the way locations.

That said, one of the industrial perks of locating in Cornwall at least used to be the automatic regional development grants of up to 22 per cent on building plant and machinery. Now there is a lot of discontent among local industrialists over the recent cutbacks.

Many insist that availability of automatic grants often made

of automatic grants often made all the difference to the viahility of a relocation or expan-

sion project.

According to Mrs Doris
Ansari, chairman of Cornwall
County Council's planning committee, ministers are still failing to appreciate the vital role
which automatic regional grants
have played in bridging the gap
between industrial development
costs and returns for developers, despite some strong lobbying.

Assistance has not disappeared altogether, but it is generally more selective and jobs dependent. Broadly speaking, a belt of territory centred around Truro has lost assisted status altogether but the rest

MANUFACTURING accounts for little more than 20 per cent of employment in the local economies of Devon and Cornwall, compared with nearly 30 per cent in England as a wholc. But what the manufacturing sector of the two counties lacks in size it makes up for in variety.

There is a tendency to the local between the manufacturing to the manufacturing to be the manufacturing to be the manufacturing to be the manufacturing to be seen how far the seen how far these changes affect the level of manufacturing investment. At present, there are still major projects in the pipeline, the most prominent scheme being Plessey's £50m inturistic-looking microchip plant, now near ing completion on the outskirts of Plymouth.

Scheduled to begin productive that the manufacturing the model for plant is described and pioneered a single union, no strike labour agreement with the British company.

Rank subsequenty pulled out and Toshiba negotiated and pioneered a single union, no strike labour agreement with the alectricians union, the EEPTU, which has become a model for plant bargaining elsewhere in British.

The new oven plant is decided to begin produce 90 over the party of the strike labour agreement with the British company.

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of Plymouth.

Scheduled to begin production in October, the plant will be the first in Britain with the capacity to produce a CMOS 6 inch silicon wafer. It is expected to create 600 new jobs by 1990. These would be in addition to the 260 already employed at Plessey's existing plant at Plympton, a few miles away from the new facility.

A no less prestigions, though far less expensive project has been British Aerospace's decision to invest \$4m in building a new 30,000 sq ft research and development facility at Plymouth, creating up to 220 new jobs.

Preference

Interestingly, Plymouth was chosen in preference to the comchosen in preference to the company's original choice of Stevenage, near London, after British Aerospace found it attracted a far better response rate to its advertisements for engineers.

More recently, Wandel and Goltermann, a wholly owned subsidiary of the West Germanbased electronic measuring equipment manufacturer, has just announced a further project to double its manufacturing space to 84,000 sq ft extension was opened only ft extension was opened only

The company, whose instruments range from pocket-sized meters to automated surveillance systems for whole networks had trebled its turnover in five years to £6m and employment from 121 to 190. By the end of the new expansion phase it expects to increase its labour force substantially. Meanwhile, Texas Instruments, another well-known name in the electronics field, also completed a project recently which doubles the output capacity of its Plymouth facility.

Toshiba Consumer Products,

Toshiba Consumer Products, Toshiba Consumer Products, ing, a belt of territory centred around Truro has lost assisted status altogether but the rest of Cornwall has retained either Development Area or Intermediate Area status.

Plymouth has been downgraded from DA total but at revive in Plymouth to try to revive the fortunes of Rank's

EEPTU, which has become a model for plant bargaining elsewhere in Britain.

The new oven plant is due to produce 90,000 ovens in its first year and, thereafter, 20,000 units a month, to met booming UK demand for this product.

Other Plymouth expansions include Rittal CSM, another German company, which has just built a new plant to produce metal frames and containers promising 300 jobs. This was after the company had outgrown its premises just across the border in Cornwall. A high proportion of the output is scheduled for export.

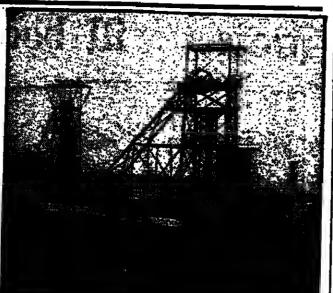
Becton Dickinson a US-owned manufacturer of blood sampling equipment, and one of a number of pharmaceutical and medical equipment companies in the region, is spending film on further expansion. So too is Hoechst, the West German chemicals group, at Cox Pharmaceuticals of Barnstaple, a company it acquired recently.

In Cornwall, the scale of manufacturing industry and therefore the level of investment, tends to be smaller. Some internationally-known relatively recent newcomers such as J. I. Case, the US heavy

ment, tends to be smaller. Some internationally-known relatively recent newcomers such as J. I. Case, the US heavy earth moving equipment manufacturer, and Pell Corporation, producers of industrial filters, have grown nightficantly.

According to Mr Colin Griffin, Cornwall's planning director, every overseas-owned company in the county is either expanding or thinking of expanding because of the quality of their local workforce and the industrial relations generally.

An optimistic picture is also painted by a recent survey of companies occupying industrial estates throughout Cornwall. This showed that there has been a net gain of 2,000 new manufacturing jobs in the county over the past five years. Inevitably, more typical are the expansions being undertaken by small concerns, Quasar of Liskeard, for example, a recently established company is investing stanificant venture capital funds to expand and upgrade the design and manufacture of new generation precision components for the microwave communications industry.



The Wheal Jane mine (above) was hoping for new lease of life but the future of Cornwall's tin industry, its 1,500 miners and associated employment hang in the balance as a result of the recent collapse of the International Tin Council's buffer stock support system. Prices need to settle not far below £7,000 per tonne when trading

Another small company, FIC (UK) of Penzance, has devel-oped in a few years into a lead-ing world producer of specialist sensors and instrumentation for

resumes, if the industry is

to survive in its present

size and shape.

sensors and instrumentation for the glass melting industry. Some 95 per cent of production is being exported.

South West Leisure Products, a Redruth swimwear company was launched as recently as 1982. Having satisfied a number of leading retail outlets with its 1982. Having satisfied a number of leading retail outlets with its design, quality and delivery, the company which already enjoys annual sales of £500,000, has ambitions to be a £5m company in five years time.

Spectra Automotive and Engineering Products the largest manufacturing employer in Newquay, is expanding at the rate of 25 per cent a year, as efforts to increase the engroups.

efforts to increase the enormous potential market for specialist

car care products at both home and abroad begin to bear fruit. Mr John Sharpley, the com-pany's new chief executive says pany's new chief executive says that Spectra is now the third largest UK manufacturer with turnover up to £4.4m. Some 80 per cent of production is being sold on the domestic UK market but he sees considerable scope for increasing exports, not least to Spain via the ferry from Plymouth.



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EEC legislation spreads gloom

Agriculture and Food

DEVON PATE, oysters, smoked trout, sorbets, roast sirloin, honey products, cheeses, real ale and wine were among an astonishing array of food products on display at Devon Fare's stand at the Royal Show last year.

It marked the unveiling of what is planned as a sustained campaign, promoted by Devon County Council, to make better use of the country's wholesome

Every premium food product from Devon is also a potential advertisement to the tourist and an invitation to visit," says Mr Andrew Smy, the county direc-tor of Property and Leisure Services

Although best known for its dairying and livestock—the county boasts its own breeds of both catale and sheep—the agriculture of the county is unusually varied. Just a few miles to the south of the bleak hill sheep country of Dartmoor, is the district of South Hams which is a highly successful, continuous cereals growing area.

cheeses, pates and preserves, or Community in Brussels over the But it requires dairy p

"We have n fine range of foods which deserve to be promoted. Growth will create new employment opportunities; EEC price negotiations between whether ou farms making ministers of agriculture of the most other areas of the EEC.

The immediate crisis has

The immediate crisis has receded in the dairy industry. A total of 146 out of 3,451 milk producers have accepted payments under the "outgoers" scheme and, for a variety of reasons the UK dairy industry is undershooting its quota and therefore not attracting the EEC superlevy penalty.

It is a sign of the times that west country livestock producers have begun to voice worries that moves to force east of England cereals growers to take land out of production to curb EEC's grain surpluses will lead the farmers concerned to switch to livestock production. In theory, Devon, and for that matter Comwall, are well placed from the point of view of climate, to produce lower cost milk and milk products than most other areas of the EEC.

to get out of the hahit of hoosting milk production by generous use of concentrated feedingstuffs and to make better use

The problem is that modern silage feeding techniques, such as buffer grazing require improved grassland management skills, at a time when farm incomes are falling and the Government is pushing shead with the introduction of ahead with the introdu

Despite the enormous strides made in the productivity of agriculture, there is still a wide gap in performance between the top third of farmers and the



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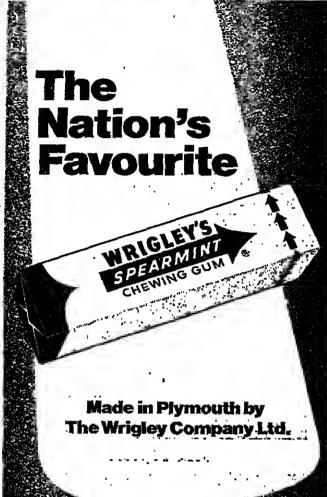
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Devon and Cornwall 4

£78m project will boost jobs

Profile: Falmouth Container Terminal

THE CORNISH port of Fal-mouth appears to be poised on the threshhold of e significant recovery in its economic fortunes. If everything goes according to plan, construction work will start this summer on a long-heralded scheme to create a large container transcreate a large commerce trans-shipment terminal at Falmouth serving ports throughout Con-tinental Europe.

This will allow the terminal

to accept its first container ship-ment either at the end of next ment either at the end of next year or early in 1988.

The project, which, on the latest estimate, will cost about £78m, is being backed by e broadly-based private ponsor-tium. Falmouth Container Terminal Consultant engineers are Posford Pavry and Partners. The project has been mooted for so many years that there is understandable scepticism whether the terminal would ever, in fact, see the light of day. Statutory permission for the development, in the shape of a Falmouth Container Ter-

minal Act, first received the Royal assent as long ago as Nothing was done during the 1970s and, in 1980, the Act had to be renewed, extending statu-tory authority for the project up to October, 1988. However, not only is that deadline now approaching but the developers have also completed some £200,000 worth of investigation. The enabling Act lays down that the developers must satisfy the Transport Secretary that the proposed container terminal will not create a navigation hazard. In order to comply with that requirement, the developers have had to com-mission detailed hydrographic and seismic studies of the Fal

tuary and its approaches That work is apparently now lmost complete and the requisile report on the results will-be submitted to the Department Transport, probably in

satisfied and approval is granted within a matter of weeks, the construction contract. The latest generation of large. Plymouth handles around will go out to tender immedicontainerships carry some 4,000 16,500 freight vehicles, 80,000

mouth would break down into expected to be on site by August at the latest.

The most expensive item in trans-shipment consignments, which will travel in three ways. Broadly speaking, it is reckoned the project is reclamation of 80 ecres (24 bectares) of the Fal that some 70 per cent of the throughput will be transestuary to create the quays and hard-standing area for con-

OCEAN

the tide, in what is already one of the finest natural, self-

The commercial logic hehind the development is that modern

container vessels are becoming ever bigger and more expensive

to run. These days, they heve to halve their speed, steaming in the English Channel, and

A further 25 per cent will be sent by rail to inland container depots, leaving only 5 per cent hard-standing area for con-tainers. Reclaimed land will also be protected by a breakweter along its south-east of throughput to be distributed Handling capacity of the new terminal will be around 250,000 by road to customers in Corn-wali and Devon and the south-western fringes of Somerset and TEUs (20 ft equivalent units) a year. But more important. the terminal will be eble to accept the largest ocean-going container ships et any state of In terms of employment, the development is expected to create 400 construction jobs and

250 direct permanent posts. But at least a further 1,250 jobs are expected to be created in the Falmouth aree indirectly. Re-cently privatised Falmouth ship repairers immediately next door to the terminal site, should also benefit from significantly increased business.

In Plymouth, meanwhile, Associated British Ports is nearmeanwhile, and the English Channel, and slow down still further for the long, piloted approaches to most European container ports.

The new Falmouth facility will allow the largest Europe-bound ocean-going carriers to offload their containers at the entrance to the English Channel for trans-shipment to other European container ports by smaller feeder vessels—and vice and special size for passengers, cars and freight whiteles.

between Plymonth and Brittany and Spain have developed rapidly in recent years. ABP believes that total traffic through the port could more than double as a result of the new borth.

than double as a result of the new berth.

The potential for increased trade with the Iberian peninsula is also behind a scheme for revitalising Dartmouth as a commercial port, which is being enthusiastically promoted by South Hams District Council.

A feasibility study of the Dart Port project, commissioned by

Port project, commissioned by the local authority, suggests that construction of a three-berth quay on the site of what was quay on the site of what was once a shippard could generate a turnover of £1.75m within two years, and £3.5m within five years. The £6m project would provide up to 500 jobs directly and indirectly in local economy. There is opposition to the scheme at county level, which fears it could spoil the environment but Mr. K. G. Palmer. chief executive of South Hams, says that new job opportunities for young people are essential in e community which has an increasing proportion of its

increasing proportion of population in the over-60s. He is unimpressed by sugges-tions that the site might be better used for the development of a yachting marina, "We have three marinas in the Dart Valley

Exeter prepares to expand

Retail Property

AFTER YEARS of fighting against the development of out of town superstores, the City of Exeter is about to stand established policy on its head with the aim of strengthening its role as e regional capital.

The city has long been bappy to develop as Devon's administrative and office centre, and it -also-been very successful atit. Although the population et only 102,000 is less than half that of "Plymouth's, Exeter is the regional beadquarters of most public utilities," and of banks and insurance companies specific the West Country. serving the West Country.

In the case of London and Manchester Assurance, the city boasts the main headquarters. The company relocated to Exeter in the late 1970s, and is now the city'e largest private sector employer with a staff of 900. But Exeter has been less than enthusiastic about modern retail trends insicting that all retail trends, insisting that all developments should be con-

fined to the city centre area.

The issue has been brought

Quotas threaten canning plant

Shoppers in the traffic free lanes in the centre of Exeter

Fishing

FIVE YEARS ago C. Shippam, the fish products group, acquired a two and a half acre site at Long Rock, near Penzance, to build a new canning factory alongside its recently completed freezing plant and cold store.

Today, not only is the site still unoccupied, but according to Mr Denis Cooke, the com-pany's local manager, there is a serious risk of Shippam being forced to close down its existing husiness.

The immediate problem is the extension of an EEC month ban on all mackerel fishing in the seas around England's South West peninsula. This is necessary, say marine scientists, to protect the breeding grounds and allow e recovery in stocks. But it has meant that Shippam has had to undertake the distinctly unprofitable activity of trucking 40 tonnes of mackerel e day from Scotland —to where the local mackerel

(mature sardines) have also been hit by the absence of local trawler landings.

Mr Cooke is very doubtful of the yalue of the south west fisheries mackerel ban. "If anything, the Scottish mackerel are smaller than those caught locally. Yet, recently 2,000 tonnes in Ullapool want for fishmeal—because of insufficient demand."

The EEC entry transition arrangements provide for fishing boats from Spain and Portugal to be excluded from the North Sea and the seas around Ireland until 1995.

In the short and medium term this could put even more pressure on the fishing in south western waters. No one yet knows bow entry will affect the operation of patients of president of preside

demand."

Cornwall's small fishermen are not any happier. Mrs round the regulation for a time Daphne Lawry, secretary of the by becoming UK registered. Cornish Fish Producers Organisation and Cornwall Inshore This practice was banned. But now such action might fall foul of the Treaty of Rome's free that the seas of the region con-tain an exceptional wide variety species of tremendous

quality. But as a result of the Govern-ment's approach to the EEC Common Fisheries Policy which now largely dictates the for-tunes of the region's fishing industry, almost all the commer-cial species in the south west, which traditionally account for one quarter of the UK total landings, are either under

movement provisions.

rying, but argues that without the CFP, there would be a fishing free for all. The quotas arrangements protected the smaller fishermen in particular. He stresses that the European Commission would be making funds available to encourage a sharp reduction in the size of

Hake is the latest, and the boats entering EEC waters ast freely available species to would be limited by licence. mackerel e day from Scotland last freely available species to would be limited by licence, shoals migrate in refrigerated containers in order to satisfy its processing needs. Supplies of the company's other canning mainstay, Cornish pilchards thake is the latest, and the boats entering EEC waters would be limited by licence, spain and Portugal's entry represented an increase in the total EEC fishing fleet of some 60 entry of these two countries that the mainstay, Cornish pilchards exhaustion of hake stocks.

Ireland until 1995.

In the short and medium term this could put even more pressure on the fishing in south western waters. No one yet knows bow entry will affect the operation of national quotas. Before entry, Spanish boats got round the regulation for a time by heroming IIK registered.

Mr Christopher Beazley, Cornwall's Euro-MP, acknow-ledges that the situation is worthe Spanish fleet.
Although the number of

decision in favour of allowing CRS to go shead with e 90,000 sq ft Homeworld non-food superstore, on the outskirts of the city.

The Department of Environment inspector in the same enquiry rejected a 52,000 sq ft out of town-development proposed by Tesco. But in the case of the Co-op scheme be granted consent on the grounds that it was "a regional facility." The decision drove a coach

and horses through Exeter's long established policy which in the past bas seen off pro-posed developments by Sains-burys and Asda and Tesco. As it happened, the inspector's decision also coincided with Conservetive loss of control of

the city council, and the in-stallation of a Labour, with Alliance support, leadership dedicated to putting Exeter more prominently on the map by boosting its economic etivity.

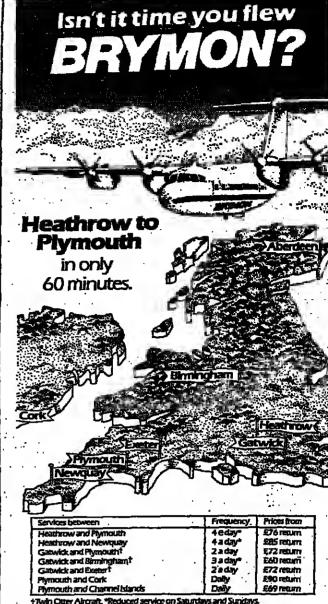
The net result is that the city Council has commissioned consultants Hartnell Taylor Cook, Drivers Jonas and Ove Arup and Partners, to study the whole question of Exeter as a regional shopping centre, and to make recommendations.

and to make recommendations.

A recommendation against e policy change is regarded as unlikely in the extreme. Indeed, it is being suggested that Exeter must move quickly or it could lose out in shopping terms to Taunton, Newton Abbot or Plymouth. Some 600,000 people lie within 40 minutes drive of the city, but they could given the right developments be attracted elsewhere.

Exeter has a number of potential sites for major development all associated with easy access to and from the M5 motorway which sweeps round the eastern side of the city. CRS's new Homeworld store lies on the Sowton trading estate and there is room for further development there, but it is felt thet any large out of town development for Exeter should include a park and ride transport facility, linking it to Exeter city centre. Traffic con-gestion and lack of convenient parking is e problem in Exeter. But this solution would allow the city centre to fulfil its potential as e fashion and specialist shopping area.

One serious contender for a major out of town development is the Digby Hospital site, located on the old Exeter bypass which has excellent road and rail access.—Another site being mooted is Exeter airport, the removal of a cross runway the removal of a cross runway (unnecessary for modern air-craft) will free a large acreege of land for potential developFinancial Times Tuesday January 14 1986



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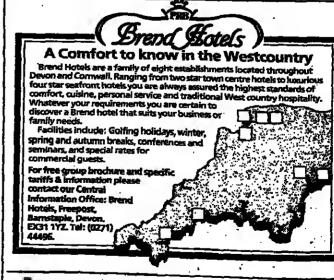
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ENGLISH

Figures of fantasy

Ken Kiff is an artist whose reputation has prospered in recent years not only by the acid green against the yet plquant in its conjunctions, the acid green against the yet plquant in its conjunctions, the acid green against the yet plquant in its conjunctions, the acid green against the yet plquant in its conjunctions, the acid green against the yet plquant in its conjunctions, the acid green against the plant work hut also by the happy against the saturated lemon chance thet it has fallan at yellow. By it we are drawn in the Artist he does; he is as complete and contrived and careful accounties to the surface of the canvas with its thick, often rather a contrived and careful accounties to the surface of the canvas with the state of quirty, disingenuous deliberation.

The work indeed is instinct young artist, but he was a late anatter of the times catching up with him and the Arts and the work indeed is instinct young artist, but he was a late anatter of the times catching up with all its emphatically a function, not of the manner of its practical handling, that knowing, cwtoward innocence in the way it is done. Kiff after all is e clever, sophisticated and careful planter, whose work is not under a converted and simple as it might sometimes seem.

But the lungary is not to be discounted altogether as mere before an work very small indeed and he is a natural flustrator. But the lungary is not to be discounted altogether as mere before the plant in the pictorial book. If the manner convertional pictorial space, within an easy arms' span at both of the manner and careful the subject of the paint and careful the subject of the paint and the Arts and the work indeed is instinct the subject of the

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His paintings demonstrate that the much-vaunted new expressionist figuration is neither new nor any the better for being writ, as it so often is, so big. Kiff'e is no self-conscious smallness, though he can work very small indeed and he is a natural illustrator. But his proper working scale seems to be modestly human, falling within an easy arms' span at an arm's length at which distance each quirk and nuance of the surface may be picked up and the rich colour is at its most intense.

He is a figure painter not

He is a figure painter not in the sense of direct objective m the sense of direct objective study and response, with the reality of an actual presence to consider, but in the sense that the images he creates to inhabit his imaginary world—his grotesquerie of beasts and hobgoblins, threatening and benign—may be read as signs and indications of his meaning. That his meaning may be and indications of his meaning. That his meaning may be ambiguous or obscure is not the point, and for all the illustrative nature of his work Kiff is much more than an illustra-tor. With him, whatever the incident or character he depicts, always we begin and end with the work itself, to be considered and experienced

The immediate sensation is but really it stands rooted in

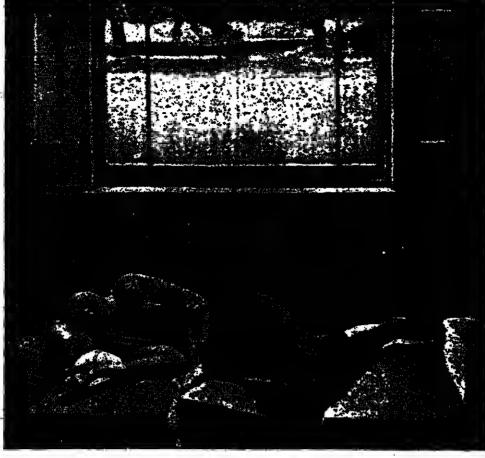
across the canvas, it is the symbolist visionary and romantie we discover in the strange catalogue of beasts and monsters which invest his haunted imagiwhich invest his haunted imagi-nation and dream world. They are ingubrious, grotesque and poignant by turns, the creatures of a desperate, black and pathe-tie humour, tonching and often funny. The earlier and middle work is the more lyrical and benign, the later both larger and more gruesome in its

emphasis upon violent distor-tion and dismemberment. But again it is his consistency we must note, for although the we must note, for although the emphasis may shift the strain was established long ago. A fish visits the man lying alone beside the pool; the patient-victim consults his fearsome psychiatrist; a disembodied head hovers in the vuid; dogs bark; a volcano erupts; heads, bodies, law float from teresther. It reject

a conventional pictorial space, dramatically lift from a consistent source and described with formal thoroughness and persistence. The work contains a metaphysical intensity, an almost feverish realisation of a physical presence heightened by the simple and unaffected nature of the statement. The intention clearly is to confront nature of the statement. The intention clearly is to confront the physical reality and achieve its image and imaginative equivalent as directly and truly as possible, which perverse impossibility gives all realism in painting its creative tension

and excitement.

With Couch, however, it is rather the struggle than the achievement which gives his work its peculiar force, for here there is no knowing or contrived ewkwardness, but a natural wonkiness that is forever throw-ing the structure of the painting legs float free together. It might out of kilter, and the drawing frisson as potent in its way as seem the arbitrary and eccentric away. Here is no easy and that given off by the ambiguous invention of a temporary mood, natural felicity of touch or line, figure compositions of Balthus; but really it stands rooted in but instead a felicity that is but that is the only similarity,



"Summer Afternoon" (1983), oil on canvas by Christopher Couch

His women lie asleep on bed or sofa, or he stands himself facing us out of the canvas with a dour, straight gaze. The smaller studies, moving in close on head and shoulders, are especially strong. The mood is dark and heavy, and we get from all the work a surrealist

admirable and moving for having been so hard come by and worked with such determination.

for here is no sexual innuendo fident statement. The large compositions are more questionable, and open interest in the human condition. It is e most ambitious but nerhans for the overundertaking honourahly

but perhaps for the over-indulgent mannerism of much of the handling and characteri-sation of the figures and a some-times overcrowded organisation. The more straightforward, in New work by Kevin Sinnott, another figure painter, fills the times overcrowded organisation. The more straightforward, in Cork Street (until February 5). Here are all the facility and opulence of execution we would wish for, most especially in the small studies and modelli which make up most of the show with their rich, fat paint and con-

Alan Bush/Elizabeth Hall

Andrew Clements

Alan Bush celebrated his is a most powerful, sustained Alan Bush celebrated his is a state of the hirthday on December 22. It is easy, too easy perhaps, to ever. It is easy, too easy perhaps, to ever. Simporten Grand Old Man of tenor British music, the one composer senior to Tippett in the direct pantheon, and to regard his written neglect here as a phenomenon reply neglect here as a phenomenon whose causes are as political as they are musical. On Friday, however, temporary amends were made; a birthday concert, devised by John Amis and put on under the euspices of the London Sinfonietta, presented several of his most highly regarded works, as well as two written within the past couple of years, for despite his neglect Bush is still active, still Bush is still active, still composing.
Here was genuine proof thet

Here was genuine proof thet
Bush is a atroogly iodividual
voice, and has heen for more
than 50 years. The concert
began with his Dialectic for
string quartet, admirebly
played by the Medici Quartet.
If is still hard to believe that
it was written in 1929, predating all of Tippett's published
quartets, which surely contain tonsity altogether. It is hard to think of another British string quartet, including those of Britten and Tippett, which seems so assured of its Idiom, and which is plotted with such unertimed directors.

maintained however. Bush joined the Communist Party in 1938, and after 1945 began moving in the direction of what he calls a "national style," picking up where Vaughan Williams left off. The watershed in his deserves regular performances: development was his first opera wat Tyler (completed in 1950); subsequent works are avowedly tonal (though as often modal as diatonic), clearer, more consciously melodic. Despite that sea-change, though, the personality remained strongly focused; the composer of the Plano Quintet (1984, receiving its first the composer of the Piano very fine. The composer him-Quintet (1984, receiving its first London performance here) is tion, playing both an early recognisably that of *Dialectic*, plano place and a recent set of though the contours are now miniatures. His performances, more rounded, the form more like those of all the others in

statement, as sure of its aim as Similarly the

tenor and plano, Voices of the Prophets (1953), is equally direct and effective; it was written almost as "an artist's reply to unjust criticism," as an attempt to confound those who criticised Bush for embracing Marxist ideology. It sets texts by Milton, Blake, Blackmore and from the Book of Isalah and is as pungently radical as any setting of a more explicitly socialist text could have been. The style here turns full circle: parts of the cantata recall Tippett's cantata Boyhood's End of a decade earlier, and hearing Bush's music reveals how the two com-

it was written in 1929, predating all of Tippett's published
quartets, which surely contain
its echoes. Bush at that point
was undoubtedly a musical
radical, taking the English
tradition (his teacher was John
Ireland) as e starting point,
but moving in a direction thet
suggests Schoenbergian methodology without ever either apeing the Viennese School or
going as far as abandoning
tonslity altogether. It is hard allowed to pass; Bosh's dog-matie communism was ena-thema. In the years after 1945 he began to get performences in the eastern hioc—Wat Tyler and which is plotted with such unerring directness.

That radicalism could not be maintained however. Bush as the cloistered world of

classical. The second movement the concert, were eloquent and of the Quintet, "Meditation," most worthy of the occasion.

Amoroso/Purcell Room

David Murray

Amoroso is an ensemble. Amoroso is an ensemble, preening soloists, but much less mostly of London Philharmonic than preening soloists imagine). principals. At the core are the three instruments required for to me, I admit—is an early work, but it proved to have not only a characteristically cheers and viola), joined by colleagues as needed for their advantarous repertoire. On Sunday and dignity, Here the violin and cello were Jacqueline the "Regellstatt," but a new trio written for them by Aubrey three Martinu Madrigals, Miss Hartley was clean and configurations. Weher's Piano connections). Quartet and Bohuslay Martinu's Madrigals for violin and viola. Like the Nash Ensemble, the excellent music composed for non-standard combinations. which gets heard only when groups like them make room

Though Rusen Gilnes's viola wears a special authority in Amoroso, Robert Hill's forthright clarinet and Amanda Hurton's neatly faithful piano made their own marks in the Mozart trio. It was an attractively honest performance, without pretentions to extravagant refinement—plain but expert, friendly, appreciative.
The Minuet took very well to
being treated as a real dance
instead of an objet d'ort. The Amoroso people are profes-sional non-soloists, husiness-like musicians without airs: like a lot of other chamber music, the "Kegelstatt" Trio sounds solidly satisfying in such prag-matic treatment. (There is exposed I expect his successful chamber music designed for ballet scores pass for slicker.

Share

Weber's Piano Quartet-new

dent. The pleces are well worth hearing—the Bach infinence is frank and healthy, spiced by Martinu's taste for quirky four-part harmony. There is per-haps evidence too that Martinu hed met Bartok's violin duos, but the Madrigals should not be pressed into such a competition: their high flavour is sophisticated, not root-and-branch original like Bartók's.

The new Aubrey Meyer Trio offered less: an easy English first movement that might have been written any time this cen-tury, a "Sambino" (ie a little samba) that occasionally recalled the "Blues" of Ravel'e Violin Soneta without any of its Violin Soneta without any of its point, and a cautiously jazzy finale (with South African folkeries) that sounded—and probably is — ineffectively opaque. It is only fair to say that this was the one performance that sounded under-prepared and provisional; but by chamber-music standards. chamber-music standards, Meyer's compositional technique

Songmakers' anniversary/Wigmore Hall

David Murray

In fact the Songmakers' though their initial specialness Almanac will have completed
ten years together (more or geared to Themes, and with less) only in Angust next. They linking narration (slightly assembled, with prompting by Gerald Moore, for the 1976 tamed. There is generally less South Bank Summer Music; their recitals soon outgrew the chat these days, but in musical and dramatic terms their pro-grammes are more subtly con-structed than ever, and Johnsoo's gift for discovering Purcell Room, and moved to the Wigmore; the rest is local history. What marked Friday's concert was not its actual date, forgotten but good, or at least apposite, songs is a public benebut the participation of all the fit. His ear for deserving new singers is no less important; an original quartet of singers— with of course their accom-panist Graham Johnson: he devises the Almanac format, and remains the constant factor in the ensemble. In its current London season only two of those singer-founders appear in other Almanae recitals. The Almanac is no longer a group but an idea, sustained with con-

tinual variations by Johnson On Friday the Wigmore was

hivalent. On the one hand, the formula is supposed to be "the song, not the singer"—but the performance of a song is after all a performance, and when On Friday the Wigmore was all a performance, and when full, with an excess queue of three or four singers are taking hopefuls. The Almanac recitals turns in a programme indicated turns i

that Mr X or Miss Y, who is plainly on best form this evening, could keep on singing instead of stepping forward intermittently. There is no natural democracy in audience-appeal (three of the "original" four singers are now internationally known, and it is frustrating to hear them rationed our in bits hear them rationed out in bits on an Almanac evening). On the other hand, Johnson's pro-grammes are always focused upon something literary-histori-Almanse engagement must be a feather in any young performer's cap. We count noon the Almanae for taste, resource-fulness, committed voices and entertainment.

The format is none the less amhyalent. On the one hand, the formula is supposed to be "the calman and the supposed to be "the calman and the supposed to be the calman and the pressive Afekt.

When the format works, as nearly always it does. It is as

nearly always it does, it is as much because of Johnson's own steadily maturing powers as

highlighted one often wishes with devotion. In Friday'e that Mr X or Miss Y, who is menu (which made room for menu (which made room for duets and quartets) we had an everyone-for-himself Mendels-sohn group succeeded by con-sistently tender Schumann, and some resuscitated Brahms for ensemble; the Brahms Liebesliederwalzer followed naturally after the interval (enthusiastic waltzing by Geoffrey Parsons as secondo planist, bright new ideas from Johnson as primo: generally cut-glass effect, at odds with my personal conviction that everybody involved once, re-forming only for take. As Beethoven provider things, these have tended to laurels? But the Johnson idea, whatever its personnel, remains a pretty concelt and stimulant: whoever does the singing, it is going to offer e lot of suns. whoever does the singing it is going to offer e lot of sung

in any Liebesliederwalzer concert Beethoven series. The should be blissfully drunk).

Johy party-pleces completed allow an exploration of all the the programme. If I were the Songmakers' Almanac I should trios and duet-sonats — that commit collective hara-kiri at three such players can under-

These three are chamber usicians who guarantee 50 certain a degree of expertise that their many good qualities are now in unfair danger of being taken for granted, while one waits npon the excitements that they can inspire as well. On this occasion, excitement was in somewhat short supply. In the earlier violin sonata, Mr Pauk'e normally pure, gilvery tone was marred more often than usual by scrapes and misfires; but that mattered less than the sense of routine—of middle-of-the-road competence untouched by a breath of fresh air—that the reading gave off.

There was nothing one could point to as "wrong" (other than the passing violin imper-fections already noted)—but, equally, nothing one was able seize on as wonderfully,

Max Loppert Peter Frankl (plano), spontaneously right. The rondo György Pauk (violin), and finale can be sprung upon its Ralph Kirshbaum (cello) listeners as a smiling sunburst reached on Sunday the fourth of Beethovian good humour; this of their representative bere it marries proceeded on its mild, median way. In the C minor sonata, later on in the concert, both players proved rather more communicative of

the contained turbulence of spirit that is the work's most remarkable feature. Even here, however, one longed for a bit nowever, one longed for a bit more "release" in the finale. No doubt the player of a modern concert grand plano regards caotion as e technical necessity, yet I wish Mr Frankl had been just e little resdier to suggest headlong planistic bravura.

Beethoven series/Elizabeth Hall

Mr Kirshbaum's celio sonata, Op 5 no 1 in E—which Misha Donat's distinguished programme note rightly singled out as a "vehicle for planistic display"—is elso a much more ellowed to be Luckily, the aingle plano trio of the concert, the "Kakadu" Variations, Op 121s, produced e sather more mort senogest engines bas biviv all the players: even though the changes from portentous minor to impudent major could have been more charply registered, there were many delicious moments of ensemble interplay. But a Beethoven cycle that does not feel like e special celebration is always something of e special disappointment.

British Council's 1986 backing for the arts

In 1986 the British Council will be involved in more than 300 British dance, drama and music tours in 70 countries. The National Theatre is among the touring companies receiving Council help: it will take the double bill of The Critic and The Real Inspector Hound to Paris in February, and the new Shafter play, Yonadab, and Animal Farm to Vienna in

The London Festival Ballet British festival there. Other Germany, Austrie and Switzeris receiving Council help in e concerts include Tipper's Triple land in October. Jazz tours of
tour of the Soviet Union in May, Concerto and the Lloyd Webber Latin America by the Elton
Dean Jazz Quintet and First and the Sadler's Wells Royal

Requiem. Opera North's proBallet makes its American debut duction of The Midsummer
in Boston at the end of January Marriage will be performed et before inuring the US and Mexico, Venezuela and Brazil.

The council will also be supin Czechoslovakia. Further film

Dean Jazz Quintet and First House will also receive support. Mexico, Venezuela and Brazil.

The council will also be suping a british Film week of Czechoslovakia. Further film week the Philharmonia Orchestra at the Academy of St the Philharmonia orchestra at the Council will also be suping a british Film week the Calculation of St the Philharmonia orchestra at the Council will also be suping a british Film week the Calculation of St the Calculation of St the Philharmonia orchestra at the Calculation orchestra at the Cal

Arts Guide

Music/Monday. Opera and Ballst/Tuesday. Thestre/ Wednesday. Exhibitions/Thursday. A selective guide to

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Opera and Ballet

all the Arts appears each Friday.

NEW YORK

New York City Ballet (NY State Thea-ter): The repertory of mixed pro-grammes includes this week-Doni-zetti Variations, Ballo della Regina and The Cage. Lincoln Center (270 5572)

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House):
Romeo et Juliette foins the repertory with Catherine Malfitano and Neil Shicoff in the title roles, conducted by Sylvain Cambrelling. The week also features Lohengrin conducted by James Levine with Eva Marton, along with the last sessonal performance of Jenufa conducted by marton, atong with the last seasonal performance of Jennia conducted by Vaclav Neumann with Roberta Alexander, Mignon Dunn and Timothy Jenkina, and L'Italiana in Algeri conducted by James Levine with Marilyn Horne. Lincoln Center (362 8000).

WASHINGTON

Washington Opera (Terrace): Daugh-ter of the Regiment conducted by Joseph Rescigno with Eric Mills, François Loup and Joyce Castle plays in repertory with Christopher Calumbus, conducted by Randolph Muddin, with David Wilds Plain Mauldin with David Elsler, Elaine Bonazzi and Karen Hunt, in Roman Terlecky's new production. Both are sung in English, Ends Feb 2. Kennedy Center (4228700).

PARIS

Group (Groups de Re-Charsographique de l'Op-

era de Paris) presents, as its name suggests, contemporary tendencies expressed in the abstract choreogra-phy of Verret, Garnier and Pare at the Opers Comique (42960611).

ck and Blue. A swinging black relack and Base. A swinging outer re-vue brings back the mood of the 1920s with melodies by Louis Arm-strong, Duke Ellington, Fats Waller at the TMP-Châtelet (42330000).

Ballet Slask is followed by the Nightingale danced by the Compagnie Chopinot at the Théatre des Champs-Elysées (47234777).

WEST GERMANY

Frankfurt, Opera: Louis Quilico re-peats his much-praised perfor-mance in the title role in Falstaff. La Bohème has guest singers Alida Ferrarini and Alberto Cupido. Hoft-manus Erzählungen is a Herbert Wernicke production. Also offered, Eugen Onegin and Die verkaufte Braut. (25621).

Jamburg, Staatsoper: Carmen has Alicia Nate in the title role. Il Barb-iere di Siviglia, sung in Italian, fea-tures Rachel Joselson, Olive Fre-dricks and Richard Curtin. Lobengrin brings together Eva Randova, Rene Kollo and Kurt Moll. (351151). Cologne Opera: Elektra features Helga

Dornesch, Gwyneth Jones, and Ha-rald Stamm. Ein Maskenball has Giacomo Aragall, Livia Budai and Stelka Evstatieva. (20761). Statigart, Wilritembergisches Staats-theater: the new Fidelio production by the Russian Jurij Ljubimow in-cludes Jeannina Altmeyer, Raili Vil-jaksinen and Tony Krämer. Also Don Giovanni and Idomeneo (20321).

Jan 10-16

Mänchen, Bayeriache Stastsoper: This week's highlight is Tosca with Natalia Troitskaya and Giacomo Aragall alternating with Jose Carreras. Arabella brings together Marjana Lipovsek, Lucia Popp and Wolfgang Brendel. Hindemith's rarely played Cardillac is a Jean-Pierre Ponnelle production. It is conducted by Wolfgang Sawallisch. Madame Butterfly has Teresa Zylis-Gara excelling in the title role. (21851).

celling in the title role. (21851). NETHERLANDS

Aussterdam, Stadssthouwburg. A new Netherlands Opera production of Turandot with Cristina Deutekom in the title role. Directed by Dieter Bülter-Marell, with the Netherlands Philharmonic and choirs conducted by Christian Badea, and dancers from the National Ballet (Wed). (242311)

cheveningen, Circus Theatre. The Nederlands Theatre with the prem-iere of Sinaphai by Nacho Duato to music by Xenakis and Vangelis, and Hans van Manen's Ballet scenes and Jiri Kylian's Lieder eines fah-renden Gesellen (Mahler). (Thur).

let of Senegal (Tue). (221100).

Saleroom/Antony Thorncroft Bread and butter buys

On February 3 a different is e Patrick Hughes coloured type of auction will take place lithograph, estimated et et Sotheby's. At the odd time of 5.30, in its Conduit Street 376 is a George IV rosewood combined writing and work from the grand Bond Street table of around 1830, which premises, it will be offering goods to furnish a room.

There are no masterpleces

It is taking consumers some time to realise that they can buy in the saleroom antique furniture, silver and ceramics at prices lower than the "modern" antiques being offered in stylish stores 12.e Heal's and Harrods. To make things easier for such home furnishers Sotheby's is present-ing room settings featuring furniture, silver, ceramics, rugs and works of art, valued indi-vidually at between £100 and £3,000, and then disposing of the constituent parts at anction.

The sales will take place on the first Monday of every month and for four days before the disposal potential buyers will be encouraged to visit Sotheby's and see the items in typical room settings. To make things easier the goods for sale to boost turnover will be checked to ensure that they are immediately usable.

The first auction includes almost 400 lots. Lot number one wital as the jam.

There are no masterpleces on offer but many intriguing

on offer but many intriguing items, like a pair of Elicington brouze busts of Queen Victoria and Prince Albert by William Theed the Younger (£500-£700); e pair of Spanish gilt and polychrime bed frames of the early 19th century (£1,200-£1,800), and an electroplate novelty tocktall shaker from Asprey, of around 1930, for about £550.

These sales are obviously These sales are obviously aimed et the young and affinent who prohably live in a period house and want furnishings of the appropriete period.

The salerooms are eppreciating that the really costly lots, the £8m Mantegna pictures and the £950,000 Portland gold fonts, are rare, and will probably become rarer. They need the run-of-the-mill sales with hundreds of cheap lots, oot only to boost turnover but because if they are efficiently handled they can be profitable. These days the bread and butter is as

FINANCIAL TIMES

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Tuesday January 14 1986

Key task at World Bank

WHEN THEY meet this weekend in London to review the
world economic ontlook, finance
ministers of the five leading industrial countries (G5) will fears that Washington's political
have little to cheer about spoils system will play too big
regarding the initiative, Mr
James Baker, US Treasury
Secretary, launched in Korea
last October at the annual
meetings of the World Bank
meetings of the World Bank
and the International Monetary
with the official of the countries
where the candidate — but also because
candidate — but also because
the candidate — but also becau

The Baker initiative called on commercial banks and the multilateral development banks, particularly the World Bank, to co-operate in halting the decline of bank lending to Third World borrowers and in Third world porrowers and an designing, with the countries themselves, policies aimed at improving the structure and performance of their econo-

ales. The lack of leadership that has characterised the US-Seoul efforts to move the Baker initiative forward is due in no small part to the fact that no successor has yet been named to take control of the World Bank, which Mr Baker called upon to move to centre stage alongside the IMF in handling the new phase of the debt

Indeed there is now a real danger that when Mr Tom Clausen, retiring president, re-ports on the progress of the Baker initiative at the spring meetings of the interim and bank and the fund, his report will be disturbingly ebort. That would provide the World Bank's critics in Washington with the evidence they are waiting for to back up their arguments that the institution is part of the problem, and can never be part of the solution.

Two issues relating to nominating a successor to Mr concern within the bank that some members of the board. which is made up of repre-sentatives of the countries which own the institution, are considering jointly approaching

Mr Baker.

The list simply the time it is taking for the US, which by tradition nominates the World Bank president, to take that step. The other is the fear that the individual who is the stature to lead the World Bank in the difficult role Mr Baker set for it. The latter arisen partly because of disappointment at the decision of Mr Paul Volcker, federal Reserve Board chair-

Moreover the job the new World Bank president will be asked to do is not merely tech-nical. Personal relationships with top officials of the governments of the industrial coun-tries and major debtora such as Mexico and Argentina, with senior commercial bankers. and of course with the bead of the World Bank's sister institu-tion the IMF, will be crucial in determining bow effective the

To command such access he will almost certainly need to have had political experience at cabinet level or its equivalent.
Ideally be would have a
thorough knowledge of international finance, and an understanding of the diversity of the
problems facing developing

bank will be in its expanded

Since nobody is very sure how best to restructure the economies of a diverse group of developing countries, he will need to be a pragmatist with a good nose for sensing indeli-cate negotiations what is and is not achievable. He will be taking control of an institution in which morale is low; be will need to be able to communicate both internally and externally, a vision of where the path the World Bank takes is leading. That will become particularly important if and when the World Bank has to seek new capital from its owners, notably the US Congress.

With so important a job to be done, and with Mr Baker's own prestige tied up with the World Bank appointment, it is surprising that the decision on a replacement for Mr Gausen, who retires in June, is still in abeyance. It suggests either divisions within the Reagan Administration about who should be proposed for the job or that the appointment is not being given the high priority it

At their meeting on Saturday the other members of the GS should make it clear to the US that the issue must be dealt with urgently. They should damaging it would be to the bank and to the Baker initiative if the nominee President Reagan proposes does not in the board of the World Bank

Objectives for Lloyd's inquiry

will not miss the irony that Miller, the chairman, grew in the second reading of this bill experience and confidence, so the second reading of this bill follows closely on last Friday's announcement that the Govern-ment is launching a special inquiry into the operation of the most recent significant legis-lation in the area of financial market regulation, the Lloyd's Act of 1982.

Pressure has been growing for Lloyd's to be brought within the scope of the Finan-cial Services Bill. The setting up of an inquiry will plainly be seen as a way of deflecting such arguments during the pas-sage of the legislation. There sage of the legislation. There are i nfact strong (but not insuperable) technical arguments why Lloyd'e should be left out of this bill, in that names at Lloyd's are not investors in a straightforward sense. And on a purely practical basis, it would be dangerors to complicate still further this to complicate still further this financial ervices legislation, which is already in danger of running seriously behind

There are several reasons, good and bad, why the political spotlight bas fallen again upon Lloyd's, producing calls for the legislators to take another look at the troubled of the producing calls. at the troubled insurance market. The bad reasons mostly centre on the continuing wave of scandals and damaging diselosures, but newsworthy though the affairs of such people as Mr Peter Cameron-Webb and Mr Peter Dixon may be, such problems largely pre-date the passage of the 1982 Act. Since then there has been a great improvement in the conct of the market and the level of disclosure to its underwrit-ing members. The situation may not yet be ideal, but it is scarcely had enough to justify

a special probe so soon.
The valid reason for further considering the position of Lloyd's is, however, that there have developed serious doubts about its governane. Three years ago the Council of Lloyd's was sufficiently inhibited by the market's problems to accept the Bank of England's imposition of Mr Ian Hay Davison, a within a comparable regulatory complete outsider, as chief regime to that being more executive and deputy chairman. generally imposed

cial performance becamestored, and as Mr Pete tha question of Mr Davison's precise role developed into a serious issue—culminating in his resignation last year.

The result is an argumen about the terms of reference and powers of Mr Davison's successor, with Mr Miller being successor, with air milier being forced to modify an earlier more extreme position, but still being determined to fulfil a dominant role as chairman. This was an area not satisfac torily dealt with in the 1982 Act, which simply said that the chairman of the Lloyd's council should be elected from working members. The Bank of England's statutory role is limited to the right to approve three nomin-ated outside members of the council. It is improbable that parliament would have agreed to such a formula if it had been aware of facts that subsequently

Emphasis

In contrast, the pattern of regulation proposed under the Financial Services Bill is that the activities of institutions 25 per cent.

25 per cent.

Last week, however, Bettino be closely controlled by a supervisory body, provisionally called the Securities and Investments Board. This in turn will be directly responsible to the Trade and Industry Secretary. It would be a clear anomaly

if the Council of Lloyd's continued to be almost entirely free from outside interference except on an extra-statutory basis, such as with the Davison appointment—whereas other bodies were subject to clear lines of external authority. So if the new inquiry is not to look too much like a diversionary move by the Government it is important that the full terms of reference should make it clear that the emphasis should not be on whether the 1962 Act has proved satisfactory in practice but rather on the need to devise e manner in which Lloyd's can be brought within a comparable regulatory

local bankers were battling to keep alive the Low family's Ka Wah Bank. The powerful Peking-based China Intarnational Trust and Investment Corporation eventually came to Such battles were fought too frequently in 1985—and there is no certainty that there will not be more of them this year. Some would say they are part of an inevitable historical

ess, as small family banks fail to cope with fierce competition from the international giants. In part they are right, but the picture is more complex. The upbeavals may also be a response to the longoverdue introduction of stricter banking supervision.

No domestic bank in Hong Kong would claim 1985 was a good

HE Christmas holidays proved to be an unsettling period in Hong

Kong last month. The festivi-ties began with the rescue of the family-controlled Wing On

Bank by the much larger locally-based Hang Seng Bank. And no sooner were the festivi-ties over than the territory's

prities and a large body of

good year—but it was simply terrible for the territory's dwindling group of family-con-trolled banking institutions. As four of them tumbled, Hong Kong's reputation as a volatile, no-questions-asked market was no doubt reinforced in many people's minds. While the problems of domestic banks have had negligible impact on international operations for banks that use Hong Kong as the beadquarters of their Asian operations, soma officials clearly feared tha upheavals would threaten its position as Asia's largest international banking centre.

"In the present environ-ment, it seems increasingly difficult for a small bank without a Big Brother connection to see where it is going," said Mr
Willie Purves, chairman-designate of the Hongkong and
Shanghai Banking Corporation.
It has become clear that the
disappearance of smaller banks is part of a wider and perhaps inevitable trend as Hong Kong's financial markets mature. While little international consequence, regulators were willing to turn a blind eye to less than scrupulous financial practices.

Bot with the emergence of the territory as a major bank-ing centre, the pressure to fall into line with internationally-acceptable practices has become irrestistible It is no accident that along-side a tightening of rules gov-erning bank regulation, Hong Kong's stock market is also

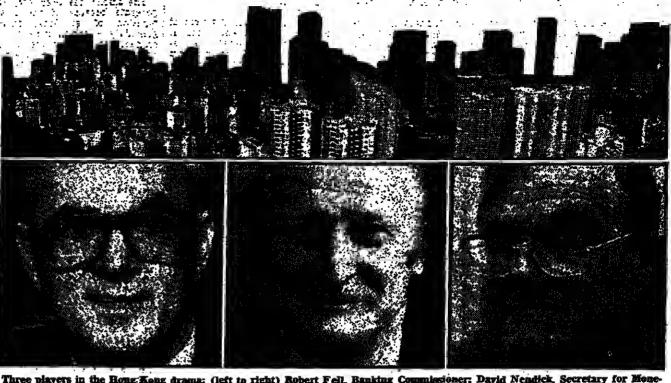
rules now being drafted that national offices. Some were will force fuller disclosure of competent but some were not beneficial ownership of shares.
Robert Fell, Hong Kong's
Banking Commissioner, argues
that the upsets of the past seven months are "in a perverse way" OTB collapsed carrying a suita direct consequence of the case stuffed with diamonds, tightening up process already cash and eccurities worth US underway. More meticulous \$1.5m. bank examinations have belped Man identify problems that in the past might have gons unnoticed for some time longer.

The catalyst for the Christ-The catalyst for the Christ-clean professional line between mas upheavals was the collapse family and public interests.

THE FAMILY BANK CRISIS

A jolt for Hong Kong

By David Dodwell in Hong Kong



Three players in the Hong-Kong drams: (left to right) Robert Fell, Banking Commissioner; David Nendick, Secretary for Monetary Affairs; and Sir John Brenzidge, Financial Secretary

June of the Overseas Trust Bank. OTB, controlled until its collapse by the Malaysia-based Chang family, was rescued by the Hong Kong Government amid allegations of criminal misuse of funds. The Government and the Covernment of the Co ment also had to bail out its subsidiary, the Hongkong In-dustrial and Commercial Bank. The cost to taxpagers of the two rescues is likely to be HK\$3bn (£263.5m).
Allegations of criminity

aside, the OTB collapse high-lighted the inadequacy of exist-ing bank regulation the practice among certain wealthy overseas families of doing business "on a handshake" with-ont formal documentation and a habit of blurring the line between family and public

This was vividly illustrated in the affair of OTB, which has been troubled since the death of its founder, Mr Chang Ming Thien, in 1982. It was found after his death that many loans bad been made to life-long friends and business colleagues, often without formal documentation: Exact details had been known only to Chang Ming Thien himself. Efforts by his heirs to recover loans became nightmarishly complex.

In a manner typical of Chinese family-run banks, the Mr Chang's children packed the board, and held top positions in under close scrutiny, with new a number of the bank's intercompetent, but some were not. Mr Patrick Chang, one of Chang's sons and a director OTB. was arrested at Hong Kong's Kaitak airport the dey

Many Chinese-owned banks grew up as adjuncts to family husinesses. In some cases it bas not been easy to draw a

A number of small banks came under pressure immeditely after the OTB collapse. Most vulnerable were family banks with strong business links in Malaysia, where OTB had also conducted considerable loan business, and where they sometimes had clients in common. A coincidence of corporate scandals and economic recession in Malaysia bas put a number of leading business figures into financial difficulty.

The Union Bank, with large loans extended to Indonesia. and Far East Bank, which also has links with South East Asia, were unsettled. But the brunt

was borne by Ka Wah, which renewing interbank credit lines. The extent of its reliance on interbank credit became apparent when the Hongkong Bank and the Bank of China joined bands to provide "subunquantified stantial" - but standby support last July.

OTB's collapse was the catalyst, but it was certainly not the only reason for vulnerability. The territory's banks have remained weak since the 1982 collapse of the local property and stock marke This weakness has he This weakness has been aggravated by fierce competi-

BANKS WITH A BIG BROTHER of Hong Kong Dog Heng Bank Far East Bank left them with a growing num-ber of bad and doubtful debts, These swelled alarmingly in the wake of the Pab-Electric col-Citic to bu lapse in Singapore in December. Kwong On Bank Wu (35‡) were going into print just as OTB collapsed, which prompted officials in the Banking Comagreed, giving 51% control to Hang Seng mission to pore more closely bank that appeared frail. By

... AND THE SIX STILL WITHOUT Ma (50+) Ko (35)

of, the problems of Wing On and Ka Wah have yet to be fully explained. At Wing On, Mr Philip Kwok openly admits that management was not as professional as it ought to be.
During last summer, bad loans
were discovered which forced
provisions, strained Wing On's
liquidity, and prompted discreet inquiries about a suitable Big Brother.

Only at this stage did the auditors reveal that contingent liabilities effectively cancelled all assets. Suddenly, talk was not of a sale, but of a rescue in which Hang Seng has acquired 51 per cent. In ex-change for a branch network and other bank assets on the cheap, Hang Seng has assumed responsibility for problems that can still only be guessed.

Citic can be in no doubt that it is buying a number of problems. Ka Wah's depen-dence on interbank funding aiarmed Hong Kong's Banking Commission several months ago. Regulators had been concerned about what appeared to be uncontrolled lending to to be uncontrolled lending to Malaysia even before the collapse of Pan-Electric in Singapore. At least some of the Singapore. At least some of the loans now appear to be linked with the troubled Malaysian financier Tan Koon Swan. Provisions which have to be made against doubtful Malaysian loans leave the bank with a net worth of zero. a net worth of zero.

At least two other family banks are searching for Big Brothers. One, the Far East Bank controlled by the Chiu family, has been in discussion with eeveral parties in recent

tion in a market that is

generally regarded as "over-banked," and in which loan demand remains sluggish.

banks compete for the business of only 6m people, and it has become apparent that some small banks do not have the

"critical mass" to compete effectively with the banking

Mr David Nendick, recently seconded from the Bank of England to become Hong Kong's Secretary for Monetary Affairs.

noted: "We have been living in a world where demand for bank

finance has been low, competi-tion for first-class service had

First drafts of the new law

then, the Government was the

to the banks."

The openings for a dignified exit have dwindled—and matters are not helped by the overhang created by the Government's keepness to rid itself at the earliest posssible moment of the banks it has been forced to acquire. Of solace to the Government is the conviction that, at the

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been extremely high, and whare the margins at which a good borrower can get funds can't be giving a very significant return to the banks." end of this painful shaking-out process, Hong Kong will be a stronger and more mature bank ing centre, Stricter :supervision — involv The economic upheavals in ing collaboratiton with anditors, and end to bank secrecy over Malaysia and Singapore, where many of the wealthy in Hong Kong have close family lings, beneficial control, better checks against beavy dependence on single borrowers, and clear

capital adequacy requirements
—will give regulators the set
of trip-wires they need to take
early pre-emptive action The imminent introduction of new banking laws intended to improve supervision over the territory's financial institutions is another significant factor. Government officials insist that the worst is now past. Out of the L3 or so locally-incorporated family banks operating in Hong Kong, only six now exist with-out the sbelter of a Big Brother. Of the four not seeking shelter, then, the Government was the embarrassed owner of three highly liquid. The others-banks, and the order went out that no effort should be spared Yan—are either too small or too liquid to be a material

that no effort should be spared to prevent it acquiring any more. No-one can be happy that two more banks have While it is almost certain since collapsed, but there will be grim relief that it is not the that some banks will change hands in the months ahead, officials seem confident that Government which is bailing risks of a further jolt to confi-The reasons for, and scale dence are small.

Westland puts Italy in a whirl

Britain is not the only country which has been divided by the Westland affair. Neither the Italian Government nor its press speak with one voice on

This is bardly surprising given that there are two rival Italian companies bidding to rescue Westland-Fiat and Agusta. but while the Turni-based vehicle and engineering group is in the private sector. Agusta belongs 97 per cent to the state, through the holding company Effm. So ona might have expected it to receive wholehearted Government sup-

Yet for several weeks, Government ministers were reluctant to pronounce on the matter at all. Despite encouragement from Michael Heseltine, Agusta had some difficulty obtaining official Italian support for its participation in the European consortium, since it has financial problems of its own. In 1984, its debts exceeded its sales by Craxi,

Minister, let it be known that

eaking as a member of the Metal Exchange, a European helicopter made entirely of

Men and Matters

he backed the European con-sortium. He was supported by was born—the young chief Clelio Darida, Minister for executive admitted that, yes, he Ciello Darida, Minister for State sector industry.

But Renato Altissimo, the Liberal Minister of Industry (responsible for the private

sector) indicated a preference for Fiat and questioned the wisdom of the Government taking sides at this late stage. A little later, Franco Nico-lazzi, minister of public works and bead of the small Social Democrat party, came out in favour of Fiat—despite the fact that the chairman of Efim, Agusta's parent, is a Social

Italian commentators attribute some of these divergences to internal political factors, not least the recent coolness be-tween Craxi and Gianni Agnelli, chairman of Fiat. But the Italian press, which usually favours anything that would strengthen European

port to the European conhave come out in favour of Sikorsky and Fiat, tartly reminding the Prime Minister that Fiat is, after all, a Euro-

Of age

A balance of youth and experience is sought on the boards of most public companies but few achieve it in quite the style of the reconstructed James Fer-Holdings.

Chief executive is Gary Cramer who, at 24, must surely be the youngest holder of such a post in the country. Sitting beside him at yesterday's press conference was Cramer's business partner and the new chairman, David Mitchell, aged 60, and next to him was Major-General Stanley Eskell, aged 67.
After a long discourse from
Mitchell on his early career in age. Two years ago, he had been introduced to Mitchell as a man who knew about the Yorkshire property scene. "I Yorkshire property scene. "I bave to admit I did tell him I was 32 not 22," Cramer recalled, Cramer, Bradford-born, began

his career selling china in Leeds market, bought his first pro-perty—an old mill near Brad-ford—at the age of 17, and moved on to deals in Spain and the US.
His earnest defence yesterday

of the board's mixture of age and youth did provoke a gentle put-down from one of the elders. "For goodness sake, stop apologising for your youth," commanded the 67-year-old soldier.

Foster's call

Few outsiders know their way around Whitehall and West-minster as well as Prof Christopher Foster, the Christopher Foster, the economist, who is to be British Telecom's new commercial policy adviser. It could prove a useful asset as he gets involved in such sensitive issues as BT's tariffs and regulation.

Foster, now aged 55, joined the ill-fated Department of Economic Affairs, created by the Labour Government 1964, for a short spell before moving to the Ministry of Trans-port where he was director of economics and planning from 1966-69 and policy adviser to Barbara Castle.

After a year at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, be returned to an academic career et tha London School of Economics where he is now a visiting professor. But he had Mitchell on his early career in e second spell in Whitehall Rhodesia and Algeria—all of from 1974-77 as part-time

adviser to the late Tony Cros-land at the Department of Foster joined Cooper and Lybrand'e management con-sultancy arm in 1978 and since 1984 has been head of busines development, public practice leader, and e and econd adviser to the firm, where he has built up one of the biggest teams of economists in the

private sector. Tha BT appointment, he said yesterday, would provide him with "a concentrated but chal-lenging portfolio." He is no stranger to BT's affairs, having carried out several studies for Coopers on its, privatisation.

Long distance

The flamboyant reputation of Mahmud Sipra, the former ship-owner who left Britain last year after his £70m debts contrib to the collapse of Johnson Matthey Bankers, can only be enhanced by this press release issued yesterday by his UK

"Mahmud Sipra, known as the single largest debtor in the son Matthey Bank collapse, ex-shipping magnate, entre-preneur, film-maker, and now euthor, is unable to return to this country to promote his book 'Pawn to King Three' published next week.

"Heralded as 'the new "Heralded as the new Jeffrey Archer, Mr Sipra will

instead be giving telephone and studio interviews from New York, and our representative is with him to co-ordinate all arrangements."

A chip off ...

Plessey's defence against GEC's proposed takeover was published yesterday strongly emphasising its capability in high technology. Alongside the text were a number of colour pictures of printed circuit boards. Unfortunately for Plessey quite e few of the micro chips were clearly marked MEDL, better known as Marconi Electronic Devices, the GEC semiconductor subsidiary.

Observer

BASE LENDING RATES

ARN Bank 1219K E Guinness Mahon 1219K Allied Dunbar & Co. 121% Hambros Bank 121% Heritable & Gen. Trust 121% Allied Irish Bank 121% American Express Bk. 121% C. Hoare & Co. 121% Amro Bank 121% Hongkong & Shanghai 121% Henry Ansbecher 121% Johnson Matthey Bkrs. 121% Associates Cap. Corp.... 12 % Banco de Bilbao 121% Knowsley & Co. Ltd.... 13 % Lloyds Bank 12:35 Bank Hapoalim 121% Edward Manson & Co. 131% Bank Leumi (UK) ... 121% Meghraj & Sons Ltd... 121% BCCI 121% Midland Bank 121% Bank of Ireland 124% Morgan Grenfell 121% Bank of Cyprus 121% Mount Credit Corp. Ltd. 121% Bank of India 121% Bank of Scotland 121% National Bk. of Kuwait 121% National Girobank ... 121% Banqoe Belge Ltd. 1219 Bardays Bank 121% National Westminster 12: % Northern Bank Ltd. ... 121% Beneficial Trust Ltd.... 121% Norwich Gen. Trust ... 121% Brit. Bank of Mid. East 121% Brown Shipley 121% People's Trust 131% PK Finans, Intl. (UK) 13 % CL Bank Nederland ... 121% Canada Permanent..... 121% Provincial Trust Ltd.... 131% Cayzer Ltd. 121% R. Raphael & Sons ... 121% Cedar Holdings 12 % Roxburghe Guarantee 13 % Royal Bank of Scotland 121% Charterhouse Japhet... 124% Citibank NA 121% Royal Trust Co.Canada 121% Citibank Savings [122% Standard Chartered ... 124% City Merchant Bank ... 121% Clydesdale Bank 121% Trustee Savings Bank 121% C. E. Coates & Co. Ltd. 13 % United Bank of Kuwait 121% Comm. Bk, N. East ... 121% United Mizrahi Bank... 121% Consolidated Credits... 12196 Westpac Banking Corp. 121% Continental Trust Ltd. 121% Whitesway Laidlaw ... 13 % Co-operative Bank*1219 Yorkshire Bank 121%. The Cyprus Popular Bk. 121% Duncan Lawrie 121% E. T. Trust 13 %

Exeter Trust Ltd. 13 %

Financial & Gen. Sec. 121%

First Nat, Fin. Corp.... 123%

■ Robert Fleming & Co. 121%

Robert Fraser & Ptrs. 131%

7-day deposits 8.70%. 1-month 9.03%. Top Tier—£2.500+ at 3 months notice 12.06%. At call when £10,000+ remains deport First Nat. Sec. Ltd. ... 12:9% + Call deposits £1,000 and ow

Letters to the Editor

What is the correct level for sterling?

From Mr S. Jacobs

Sir,-What is the correct level This question has raised its ugly head once again after the recent rise in interest rates.
At the beginning of 1985, the raised interest rates to defend e plummering sterling, then hovering around \$1.20 to the pound. When sterling fell further to the alarming level of near parity to the dollar, it raised base rates again to 14 per cent

Since then, sterling has appreciated by about 45 per cent against the dollar. Its recent, but very modest, fall to around

raising rates to only 1 per cent below tha level they were when sterling traded at \$1.05. Furthermore, when the pound stood near parity to the dollar, it was widely believed that it was nudervalued against the dollar and overvalued against the Deutschmark. Since then, it has moved in a favourable direction against both currencies.
And yet the Government is
intervening again.
How does the Government
choose the "correct" rate for

Why does this rate appear to change so radically every few

\$1.42. has prompted the How can the Government Government to intervene again, believe that one or two percen-

Sikorsky and Westland

From Malise Graham Sir,—The estimated decline in United Technologies earnings since 1981 and the quistions it raises as to how well it can fund and support Sikorsky's future development. together with the earnings outlook for UTX, the Sikorsky division and Westland are essential information for any informed shareholder decision. The future value of Westland shares will largely reflect these

Additional influences are the possible need to reconstruct the board and management and any cost arising therefrom and the fact that should the capitalised value of the estimated future earnings of West-land exceed the reconstructed liabilities the question of receivership need not arise.

The omission of these considerations from the offering document may be a matter to which the Solicitor-General may wish to turn his attention lest a breach of fiduciary duty

Malise L. Graham. Lewes, Sussex,

From Mr S. Stewart

Sir,—It is curious that in common with the media generally you make no mention of the risks we run in being dependent on supplies from the Continent in time of war. This is parti-cularly important in the case of helicopters because the German factories are close to what would be the front line in the case of an attack from the numist bloc. How could our Shaun Stewart:

From the General Secretary, Transport Salaried Staffs' Association

with no devious undertones.

The figure of 52,116 was the

total recorded membership at the 1984 year-end, but for TUC

Union membership figures

stage to ensure no irregularic C. A. Lyona.
ties. I would have wished for Walkden House,
an even higher return of the Melton Street, NW1.

Methods of allocating shares

this country instead of at

Yeavil?

The Westland advertisements reveal facts which the media have concealed from the public. Why? The answer is surely that once again the EEC lohby is at work promoting the interests of other EEC countries at our ex-

other EEC countries at our expense.
Westland's position has been largely built up with the help of Sikorsky over a long period. That has not prevented it from collaborating with Continental producers. The latter hoped that Westland would go to the wall and if Sikorsky fails we can he certain that they will use their shareholding to the detriment of the British company.

pany.

The consortium offer would put an end to belicopter production at Yeovil sooner or that the consortium of the con later. Why in that case not buy our helicopters from the US on economie as well as defence grounds? The EEC has an enormous trade surplus with the US, in part because it discrimin-etes against US agricultural products and in other fields. Where are the Americans going to compete if they are not allowed to do so in the areas where they have a comparative advantage?

It is quite clear that Mr Heseltine had the arrangements

all sewn up when he put the matter to his colleagues for anthority to explore a solution. I hate to say it, but for once Mrs Thatcher was quite right. It is still the case that in indus-trial terms the Sikorsky bld is much better for Westland, and better for the defence of the

security be enhanced by having The Old House, Willards Hill, --bur helicopters unide outside Exchingham, Sussex

ballot, but I feel that most fair-minded people will compare the poll with the average 72.7 per cent recorded at the last

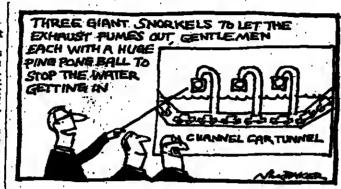
tage point changes in interest rates can influence the level of sterling when it appears that by far the most sweeping pres-sures (at different times) are either the price of oil or else the strength (or weakness) of the Using small base rate changes to defend the level of

sterling battered by a falling oil price is like using a bow and arrow to fight heavy artillery. Simon Jacobs. 47. Warrington Crescent, W9.

From the Managing Director, Sir.—So once again, interest

protect the pound, this time at a level rather higher than it was a year ago. What an extraordinary form of protectionism it is that selects the pound. How realistic is an exchange rate based on interest rates so much higher than those in the rest of the world? UK 12 per cent, France 9 per cent, US 8 per cent, Japan 7 per cent, Germany 5 per cent — how marvellous it would be for UK manufacturers to have the same borrowing costs. rowing costs as our competitors; then we couldn't complain that the exchange rate

artificial. M. O. Scutt



Problems of tunnel ventilation

rom Jennifer Hall Six,—Your leader of January 8 assumes that "technical prob-lems of tunnel ventilation are surmountable." Using a Geneva car park last summer convinced me that an Expressway under the Channel of some 30 miles will create exhaust-fume prob-

lams which could be lethal in the event of any hold-up of traffic. My exit from the car park was barred for some ten minutes. The poisonous accumu-lation of fumes was frightening indeed terrifying. Jennifer Hall 56 Fortune Green Road, NW6

At best an each way bet?

From Mr P. Kraushar. Sir,—Following the interest-ing article by Christopher Lorenz (January 6) may I put over some different views derived from working on over 100 acquisition projects in the past

The problem with so many academic studies is that they do not differentiate adequately between different types of merger and acquisition; there is little in common between the

option of diversifying into KAE Development, areas which are close to home 7 Arundel House, WC2.

as United Biscuits indeed did when buying Terry.

If a company indeed must or wishes to diversify far from its of Hanson and a few others is

worth studying. These are exceptions, however, rather than the rule. While acquisitions are difficult, like all development ectivities, they ere surely not always unpredictable. It was obvious to most observers that is little in common between the proposed Imperial / United Biscuits type of merger and United Biscuits' purchase of Curry and there is no hindsight terry, for example.

Nothing I have seen anywhere changes the view that a related acquisition is less risky than on which is not. That may be a difficult point for steel, tobacco or sugar companies, but so what? Many others have an option of diversifying into KAE Development.

Farming and the environment

Association

Sir,—Philip Bassett (January per cent recorded at the last 6) quotes my union as having recorded with the TUC a membership total of 49,254 at December 1984 while giving the certification officer a figure of 52,116. The difference between these two sets of figures was not, as implied by Philip Bassett, to "save money" and the reason is much more simple with no devious undertones.

The poll with the average 72.7 per cent recorded at the last General Election and the recent at the Type Bridge by-election, which had the advantage of total national media coverage.

My union edvised each member et the time of the ballot of the right to contract out of paying the political levy. Since the ballot result was announced, a special leaflet, as announced. of the right to contract out of paying the political levy. Since the ballot result was announced, a special leaflet, as

well as a notice in our TSS Journal, restlirming that right has been sent to cach indivisized cropa."

I do not know from where I represented much of Mr Cherrington gets his evidence for this statement. I the European Parliament. I suggest that the British public is more concerned about that cutbacks in agriculture damage to the environment would be beneficial to the caused by industry, roads, had environment of that county planning, aircraft noise, etc, and would be sorry to see any marginally economic agriculture refurtion in favning and see the control of the county planning aircraft noise, etc. the 1984 year-end, but for TUC affiliation purposes we correctly deduct our Irish membership, which has its affinity with the Irish Congress of Trade Unions and to which organisation we also pay affiliation fees.

It is disappointing also that your writer should not have recorded the number of TSSA him of the rejuctance, and in some cases the refusal, of a large number of members to whose abuse the environment compatable as is suggisted the danger to our rural ment lobbles as is suggisted that the danger to our rural more agriculture.

more agriculture.

ment lobbles " are n compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles." The compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles." The compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles." The compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles." The compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles. The compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles. The compatable as is suggisted to the compatable as is suggisted to the danger to our rural ment lobbles. The compatable as is suggisted to the compatable as is suggisted to the compatable as is suggisted to the compatable as is suggisted. The compatable as is suggisted to the compatable as its suggestion to the compatable as its suggestion. members who voted in favour of retaining our political fund. In actual figure was 22,975 in advise us of their postal favour or 69.34 per cent of those voting in a 67.2 per cent return of ballot papers.

This union took every step to ensure that all members "proper addresses," the law were supplied with ballot papers and a strict method of member in a free society recontrol was instigated at each stage to ensure no irregulari-

sized crops."

From Mr R. Moreland.

Sir.—In his article "Agriculture and the Environment" agricultural surpluses drastically thought twice they would ton claims that the British rubilie "are right behind the environmental lobby" complaining ebout intensive agriculture, the use of chemicals and "oversized cropss".

If those who continually tell us that we must reduce trackly thought twice they would have to pay is to see large amounts of land go to rack and ruin and e substantial number of farm buildings be left to decay.

reduction in farming and such as the moorlands, agricultural land left to waste. The farming and the environ-Of course there are farmers ment "lobbies" are not as inment "lobbies" are not as in-compatable as is suggested by

Hamstrung by the polls

Sir,-Your article (December 28) makes a strong case for electoral reform but spoils it by e factual error: "Any approach to proportional representation

is unnecessary, since anyone wanting the farming interests represented has no need of a 28) makes a strong case for electoral reform but spoils it by a factual error: "Any approach to proportional representation tends to fragment existing political parties." That is true only of party list forms of PR, which do tend to encourage any tendeucy to fragmentation that may exist. The single transferable vote, which is what "PR" has always meant in this country, has the opposite tendency.

This is seen clearly in its oldest user, Trimmania, which for the nearly 30 years of STV has had only two parties represented. The Country Party, found in all the other states, 6 Chancel Street, SE1.

Celebrating 50 years of television

Sir -Even et the risk of once Sir,—Even et the risk ut once again being called names by the pro-Baird Donald Flamm, I feel that John Chittock ("Matter of honour over Baird as TV celebrates 50 years." January 7) may appear to some to endorse Baird's 1926 claim to be "the

experiments, Baird followed in the footsteps of C. F. Jenkins who had demonstrated a lowdefinition mechanical system by 1923. Jenkins televised "moving gictures" from film, and his work has tended to be dismissed

of honour over Baird as TV celebrates 50 years " Jamary 7) may appear to some to endorse Baird's 1926 claim to be "the Baird's 1926 claim to be "the scientists and engineers who formed Shoenberg's team et for Baird is that he was almost iecture, drew attention to the work of Ayrton and Perry who not only proposed a mechanical system by 1933. Jenkins televised "moving gictures" from film, and his work has tended to be dismissed in the UK as showing only a "shadowgraph."

What can rightly he claimed for Baird is that he was almost etempt to televise e living person to attempt to televise e living person only proposed a mechanical system by 1933. Jenkins televised "moving gictures" from film, and his work has tended to be dismissed in the UK as showing only a "shadowgraph."

What can rightly he claimed for Baird is that he was almost certainly the first person to attempt to televise e living person to not that the first regular TV (low-definition) service is acribed to station WGY.

Baird : certainly deserves and Germany were running be and Germany were running be attempt to televise e living person to attempt to televise e living person to not that the first regular TV (low-definition). Service is acribed to station WGY.

Baird : certainly deserves and Germany were running be and Germany were running be attempt to televise entry to the UK in TV work on colour, but it is shaft, elimineting the need for in practical TV broadcasting by individual.

More relevant perhaps is the work on any single individual.

More relevant perhaps is the limit of the dismission and reception were work on any single individual.

Schenectady, May 1928. The US and McGee at EMI.

Board : Campbell-Swinton, how the description with the first person to station with the first person to

distance."

A. A. Campbell-Swinton was distance.

This is not to denigrate of a cathode-ray tube for distanced, if at times belongs to the Russian Boris unscrupilous, Catalyst whose Rosing, Campbell-Swinton, bownewictance stiward politicians.

AS PARLIAMENT begins work on the Financial Services Bill, the City of London is apparently under a cloud. Mr Bryan Gould, Opposition Spokesman for Trade, claims there is wide spread scandal. Many of us who

work in the City wish that poli-ticians would examine the facts rather than generate clouds of smoke and then assume that this is caused by widespread and serious fire.

genuinely worrying events: the scandals at Lloyd's; the Johnson Matthey affair, and the tin crisis at the London Metal Exchange. Each of these is would be unlikely to affect how the entire City is viewed from Westminster. Taken together, however, and coupled also with generous publicity about high salaries in the securities busi-ness, it is easy to understar? why the House of Commons and indeed the country at large is worried. This is underlined by some opportunistic takeover

directed towards the protec-tion of investors. Neither JMB tion of investors. Neither JAB nor the tin crisis primarily affects investors, but Lloyd's is closer, and it is a particular problem for the City because although the frauds were blatant and enormous, the City as a whole did not cry out sufficiently in public outrage. The City has thus become associated in the minds of non-City people in the minds of non-City people with passive acceptance of such

exacerbates this impression, although the main reason for this is a Parliamentary, not a City, failure. For it lies in the inadmissibility of evidence obtained from abroad in criminal proceedings, an obvious lacous which Parliament should have closed years ago as commercial crime became international.

The everage outside under-writing "name" at Lloyd'a regards his membership as an investment affair, e means of enhancing a return on his capital. And the illicity diverted funds would have been part of that return. Thus Lloyd's might seem to be a proper subject for investment protection. Never-theless, the call for its inclusion in the system of investor pro-tection proposed in the Bill is the wrong reaction.

The task of setting up a regulatory system which will help protoct investors as a whole is difficult enough without adding Lloyd's to it. To do so would involve a diversion from the ways objective. Everyther the main objective. Furthertion imposed as a politically
more, the scandals all occurred
before the reforms under the
Lloyd's Act took effect at the
beginning of 1963. There is a London irrevocably. The only

"I say, Binder,

the desire to defend

our clients against

foreign tax laws

seems to be taking you

over the top.

Regulating the City of London



Beware of the smokescreen

By Martin Jacomb

valid case for letting the present regime have e chance to work. independent inquiry recently announced by the Government will — although politicaly inspired-confirm this or otherwise.

The chairman of Lloyd's has argued this case cogently. Howargued this case cogenity. However, e series of apparently hesistant responses to recent criticism has left the impression of concessions made under pressure. Perhaps (if the legislation allowed this which it does not) a completely independent chairman could more easily demonstrate that under the new regulatory system at Lloyd's regulatory system at Lloyd's, the members who work there will have to put the interests of outside

"names" above their In choosing the form of regu-lation which is needed to protect the interests of investors as e whole, there is a great deal at stake. The securities business in the City employs a large number of people rad earns an enormous amount of foreign exchange, and pays a great deal of tax. But modern information technology has made the City vulnerable to competition from overseas financial centres. A heavy-handed system of regula-

sure way to avoid that happening is for London to remain economical and efficient as well as honest. That is the essence of the ase for practitioner-based

regulation. It secures the commitment of practitioners to see that the system of regulation is tough enough to ensure that investors get a fair deal, and yet flexible and free enough from bureaucracy so that business can stay in London. The Stock Exchange is

prime example of this form of regulation. The Council has a reputation for strict adherance to high standards. It would be hard, if not impossible, to find anyone dealing in the normal course who has lost money through the failure of e Stock Exchange firm since the com-pensation fund took its present form in 1973. It is clear that the over-

whelming majority of invest-ment dealings which take plece every day in the City, including \$7on daily on the Eurocurrency bond market, do so without hint of malpractice or taint.

There are, bowever, fields where regulation is needed; and this is what the Bill is all about. The sale to the public of unlisted securities, the so-called over-the-counter markets

businesses where the manager controls the clients' funds; these are examples where regu-

fallible. Every system is bound to be. The sarly years give extra cause for concern. Some participants will not be particu-

consistently shows. Here insider treding became a crime in 1980. In the five years before then the Stock Exchange con-ducted 177 investigations. At least eight cases ied to firm results with wrong-doers being publicly exposed, heving to pay the illicit profits to charity, and been four or five prosecutions of which only two have been successful. The message is blindingly clear. Why not an SEC? We need

to retain flexibility end aveld bureaucracy. The SEC itself is moving strongly towards self-

under the Bill, it will be possible to find dedicated practitioners who can ensure that the City keeps its value as a national asset.

face the assaults of foreign tax laws.

that's hard to imagine. But they're certainly different.)

We have, for example, a medium-weight corporate client with German investments. By careful manoeuvres within German regulations, we saved him £217,000 withholding tax.

Campaigning for another client with French interests, we took advantage of two sets of rules and obtained considerable tax reductions on both sides of the Channel.

In reorganising the finances of an Antipodean company, we absorbed useless overseas tax losses and created reliefs elsewhere. The savings ran into millions.

spectacular sorties; we defend you in depth. Consider our strategy

for a high-street retail chain: constructing a network of

130 partners and 1,500 staff in over 20 offices.

organisation, Binder Dijker Otte & Co., we have bases throughout the world at your service.

To: Paul Morris, Binder Hamlyn, 8 St Bride Street, London, EC4A 4DA. Telephone 01-353 3020. I like your aggressive attitude towards corporate taxation. A briefing is in order,

Company

London/Ayr/Bacup/Bath/Belfast/Birmingham/Bury St Edmunds/Croydon/Dublin/Enniskillen/Glasgow/Leeds/Manchester/Newcastle/Newmarket/ Nottingham/Rochdale/Saltcoats/Sheffield/Stranger/Telford/Wolverhampton/internationally Binder Dijker Otte & Co.

2.

From Mr H. Lever
Sir,—As a genuine investor that is in direct proportion to in the Stock Market I think it is ebout time that issuing houses scribed. Of course they should should not have the right to have the right to reject multiple invite applications by tender. applications. but only at e fixed price and not have the right to reject H. L. Lever, applications in whole.

Surely there is only one fair St John's Wood, NWS.

From Mr P. Hawker

evidence that in his earliest constitute true "seeing at a

The smoke bas been easy to generate because of the com-bination of at least three

quite separate, and un its own would be unlikely to affect how some opportunistic takeover bids which have more to do with financial manipulation than with industrial need. The Financial Services Bill is

The absence of prosecutions

breaches of basic rules of fair dealing into crimes. However,

regulation. In secondary trading the SEC has delegated its control almost entirely to self-regulatory organisations although its background powers are stronger.

dealing into crimes. However, experience often shows thet this is not the best way of preventing the offence occurring; and protecting investors should be more cloud prevention than punishment.

Insider trading provides an obvious example. Thet it can never be stamped out entirely is obvious. Even the full panoply of the SEC cannot do this as experience in tha US consistently shows. Here

You don't have to be a giant corporation to (It's not that they're worse than our own:

> sale and leaseback, planned to minimise the ravages of tax.) Our home forces now comprise And through our international

lation is needed. A practitioner-based scheme may have its weaknesses; but it will have fewer drawbacks and can be put in place quicker and made to work more effec-tively than e replica of the US Securitles and Exchange Com-No doubt the system will be

iarly well capitalised. There is larly well capitalised. There is e shortage of experience of managing risk in the way that the new market structure requires. The competition for qualified ataff has pushed over-hasds in some firms to higher levels than is healthy; and in this situation it would be sur-prising if a minority were not tampted to riv to cut corners. tampted to try to cut corners.

Many will edvocate turning

in some cases being dismissed from their jobs. In at least as many other cases, where sus-plcions could not be developed into proof, the malefactor was dealt with privetely but probably no less effectively. Since the offence became a crime five years or so ago, the Stock Exchange has referred 100 serious cases to the Department of Trada; hnt there heve only

public access to the commodity markets for speculative investment, investment management Sr Mertin Jacomb is deputy chairman of the Securities and investment ment, investment management Sarchys de Zoete Wedds.

incentives and share options, so that executives can stockpile capital protected from income tax as their company grows. (This growth is financed partly by

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MANAGEMENT SET FOR £82.5M BUYOUT OF GROUP'S UK FOODS AND DRINKS DIVISION

Cadburys loses taste for cocoa

BY LISA WOOD IN LONDON

CADBURY SCHWEPPES, the Brit-management in December. In the ish drinks and confectionery group, is at an "advanced stage" with nego-tiations for an £82.5m (\$119m) man-joint company with Coca-Cola, the agement buy-out of its UK beverages and foods division. The divi-sion's bestknown products include cocoa, on which the Cadbury busi-

Announcing the proposed deal yesterday, the group also disclosed that its troubled North American operation would report a loss for 1985 compared with a contribution of £37m to total group profits of

ed to report a fall in trading profits in 1985, comes on the heels of last stronger position to achieve its month's £19m sale of the group's long-term aims of building strong health and hygiene division to its international brands.

Commodity

exchange

considers

overhaul

aimed at recapturing lost trading volume and market share.

The proposals, which involve the

most sweeping overhaul in the ex-change's recent history, have been

arate terminal market associations

ber to try to arrest the precipitous

decline in soft commodity trading

In London. In the first eight months

of the present financial year trading activity on the LCE was nearly

21 per cent down on 1984. In New

York trading in the same commodities was 6 per cent up while in Paris

total volume in white sugar, cocoa

and coffee rose by nearly 17 per

According to the business plan, the LCE should be reconstituted as

a limited company directly owned

by trading members and run by a board accountable to shareholders.

At present, the terminal market as-

sociations have most of the power

in the LCE while the exchange's

Mr Tate is also proposing that the

LCE should improve services to its

nance the procurement of extra

business the LCE may need to increase its operating revenues by about C3.4m over the next three

years. It suggests that an 8 per cent

return on members' equity may be achievable by the financial year

However, it also raises the pos

sibility that, if business does not

rise substantially from last year's levels, the exchange may have to

borrow money.

Mr Tate has asked for a response

from member companies by the end of January, with a view to putting

the new structure in place with the

start of the next financial year

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News analysis, Page 38

World Weather

board is relatively weak.

ual futures markets.

same month, Cadbury Schweppes announced that it was to form a produce and distribute the two groups' soft drinks brands in the

Mr Dominic Cadbury, chief executive of Cadbury Schweppes, said: "We feel that as far as the UK is concerned, we should concentrate exclusively on our confectionery and soft drinks business."

The link with Coca-Cola, the divestment of the foods and hygiene The proposed sale of the food and divisions and the restructuring last year of activities in North America year of activities in North America would place the group in a much

was created in 1969 with the merger of Cadbury and Schweppes. Cadbury contributed products such as world's biggest drinks company, to Smash instant potatoes and Marvel, the powdered milk substitute and Schweppes brought a variety of beverages, many acquired in the early 1960s, such as Typhoo Tea and Chivers Hartley jams.

> The division, which trades in the UK, Ireland and France, underwent reorganisation in the late 1970s but rading profits slipped to £9.3m in 1984 compared with e record £10.9m in 1980. It is forecast that trading profits in 1985 will be below the 1984 level.

Typhoo Tea is the leading brand, contributing an estimated half of the division's profits, but it has

The food and beverages division been under severe pressure on both margins and market share from Brooke Bond, the market leader, and own-label products.

While the group as a whole in 1984 made e return of around 18.5 per cent on operating assets, the re-turn for the food and beverages division was substantially below that

The announcement by Cadbury of the 1985 loss to North America took the City of London by surprise, although the business fell toto deficit in the first half of 1985. At the time, however, the City forecast that the business could contribute more than £10m in the full year as restructuring of activities took

See Lex; News analysis, Page 28

Agencies warned of spending cuts amid US deficit fears

BY STEWART FLEMING IN WASHINGTON

THE WHITE HOUSE has told gov-ernment agencies to prepare for \$177bn target for 1986, which the across-the-board cuts of 4.3 per cent legislation established. in domestic spending programmes and cuts of 4.9 per cent in defence spending this year amid fears that THE LONDON Commodity Exthe US budget deficit in 1986 will soar to \$220bo The deficit in 1985 was a record \$212bn. change, which operates futures markets in sugar, cocoa, coffee and oil products, is considering propos-als for a radical reorganisation

ment spending required by the so-apportioning cuts in defence called Gramm-Rudman budget pro-spending. cess reform bill, which became law just before Christmas.

put to leading traders over the last The law calls for stepped, autofew days by Mr Saxon Tate, the LCE's recently appointed full-time chairman. They suggest the creation of a centralised company to run the exchange's markets and develop new business, in place of the sepwhich currently oversee the individ-Mr Tate was brought in last Octo-

Tomorrow the Congressional Budget office and the Office of

Management and Budget will jointly announce their budget deficit projections for fiscal year 1986 and how the cuts of \$11.7bn should be The cuts, which are to be implemented from March 1, are the first cies. For this year alone, the bill automatic reductions in governgives the White House discretion in As the first impact of the con-

bill is about to be felt, the overmatic reductions in the federal bud- whelming impression being created get deficit over the next five years if is one of confusion, not only about Congress and the White House can- the immediate implications of the not agree on how to meet the tarnew bill for spending by governgets for eliminating the deficit in ment departments but also about 1991. In the current fiscal year, the political impact of the new law, however, it limits to \$11.7bn any automatic spending reductions even tions, which will be announced tothough the deficit is clearly going to morrow, themselves mean that the

gap between the \$144bn Gramm-Rudman deficit target for fiscal year 1987 and the actual deficit now probable is some \$20bn larger than many budget experts

The increase is being attributed in part to slower economic growth than had been expected and the higher-than-expected cost of the new farm bill. It means, however, that the task of achieving the 1987 budget target is all the greater. .

Mr Reagan is taking a tough political line in his approach to meet-ing that target. Leaks of the details of his budget plan suggest that he will propose an increase in defence ing, another round of draconian cuts in domestic spending programmes (cuts which were not enacted last year) and a big pro-gramme of sales of federal assets being presented as "privatisations" of the public sector.

Westland delays rescue plan vote

Continued from Page 1

ly," be said, referring to the £2m profit he could have taken on his share purchases, but I repeated that I was a long-term investor."

The British Conservative Government, already shaken by the resig-nation over the issue of Mr Michael Heseltine, the Defence Secretary, who favours the European plan, was further embarrassed yesterday. Mr Leon Brittan, the Trade and Industry Secretary, made e statement that had to be substantially corrected only hours later.

members, should take urgent steps The result was to prompt opposito contain its costs and should agtioo charges that Mr Brittan had in effect misled the House of Comgressively seek new business - both by attracting additional members and by developing new trading ve-hicles, such as options contracts. mons, thus leaving him in an in-creasingly exposed political posi-tion while raising further questions about whether the Cabinet's neutral He argues that the changes are essential to ensure that member line had been breached by him in companies' assets do not continue talks last Wednesday with British

to waste, and to maximise returns on the exchange's considerable recent investments - notably its new purpose-built beadquarters under construction in the City of London at an estimeted cost of £5m. Other markets, such as the Inter-national Petroleum Exchange, the

LCE's energy offshoot which trades gasoil futures and a contract based on a crude oil index, are being invited to share the new building.

The plan estimates that to fi-

These developments came as the first opinion poll appeared showing the damage caused to the Tories and to Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, by Mr Heseltine's resignation last Thursday.

Defence Secretary himself. Nearly three quarters of the sam-

ple thought that Mrs Thatcher's style of government would hinder her chances at the next election. Senior ministers last night acknowledged that the Government

was still on the defensive over the affair, from which no one had emerged with particular credit. The hope in Whitehall is that Mrs Thatcher can regain the initiative when she replies to Mr Neil Kin-nock, the Labour Party leader, in the Commons tomorrow during a full-scale debate on Westland in which Mr Heseltine will also speak.

It was an apparently innocuous question from Mr Heseltine himself that prompted yesterday's further embarrassment for the Govern-ment. After e non-committal statement in the Commons from Mr Brittan, Mr Heseltine asked whether the Government had re-

block at 140p a share. "I had to Heseltine's resignation, with less consortium was against the nation-

Mr Brittan had denied applying such pressure, although he had raised the issue of whether certain comments made by the European consortium could fuel protectionist sentiment in the US and damage the commercial interests of BAe. especially the possible sales of the European Airbus, which is partly

funded by the UK Government. Mr Brittan denied having re-ceived any letter from BAe and said later he was not aware of any letter from Sir Raymond to anyone else in the Government either:

it later became known, however that Sir Austin Pearce, the chair-man of BAe, had had a letter to the Prime Minister hand-delivered to Downing Street at noon yesterday, that is 3½ hours before the state-

partment of Trade and Industry of-ficials that Mr Brittan had been inceived any letter from British Aeruspace (BAe) giving its view of a meeting held last Wednesday in Mr Brittan's department with Sir Raythe managing director moon. But he did not know its conout last Saturday showed that over half the electorate believed that Mrs Thetcher was to blame for Mr

This was a reference to Mr Hesel- allow the existing the electorate believed that had warned Sir Raymond that and confidential") to be made public.

Japanese business call for reflation

Continued from Page 1

aware that there is something iance on exports for its economic wrong with our economic structure, and e basic process of reappraisal is going on in Japan," he said.

because the country still had a habit of self-sufficiency, in buying manufactured goods and components that would not die quickly. In the meantime the country must spend housing and sewerage, for instance must make efforts on four fronts if • They must be more willing to - in order to boost domestic de- they are to compete more success- plan far ahead,

Japan's trade surplus. "We are mand and to reduce Japan's rel- fully with Japan and reduce

growth.
The Japanese delegation's criticism of Britain's industrial perfor-There was e need for a "third mance was muted, although it products must be desire stage in the opening up" of Japan urged British industry to make as efficiently produced. greater efforts to sell in Jepan and in particular to pay continued attennesse in exploiting and adapting the

more on its social infrastructure - emerged that British companies other foreign markets.

ployment.

They must focus on the technology of products as much as upon that of production processes, because products must be desirable as well

tion to the quality and competitiveness of British goods.

In the course of the conference it policies to compete in Japan and in

Global share trading plan

Continued from Page 1

would be prepared to consider any the global equity market, has been trading and clearing mechanism holding discussions on links with available on the market, and not US exchanges and with a US clearsimply the systems being readied ing system. It plans this year to beby the stock exchange. It was im-portant, he said, that adequate sys- National Association of Securities tems were in place not only to meet. Dealers, which runs the Nasdag an-SIB strictures but also because tomated quoatation system for cross-border equity trading posed over-the-counter equities. greater credit and clearing risks.

to be no delay in establishing new

Mr Steers indicated that ISRO tempt to keep a place for itself in

Under that plan, prices of several The working party will face se-hundred US stocks will appear on vere time pressure, since the SIB the exchange's Topic screen in Lon-has made clear that it wishes there don, while dealers in the US will see oo their screens prices of lead- 13.7 per cent). Turnover from the ing UK stocks and of other international shares traded in London.

BI-invest group has not been international shares traded in London.

links with Kawasaki in magnet venture

Péchiney

PÉCHINEY, the nationalise French aluminium and metals group, is teaming up with Kawasa-ki Steel in a \$150m industrial joint venture to manufacture magnets for the electronics, factory automation and motor industries in Japan, the world's biggest market for

magnets.

The joint venture between Pechiney's Ugimag magnets subsidiary and the Japanese steel company will be the third industrial venture in Japan by the French group, the world's fourth-largest aluminium producer. Péchiney already manu-factures carbon blocks for the aluminium and steel industries at a wholly owned plant in Japan and, in a joint venture with Komatsu makes turbine components.

Mr Bernard Pache, Pechiney chairman, also indicated yesterda that the French company intende to extend its industrial involvemen in Japan. The group is especially in-terested in developing its zirconium semi-fabricated products for the nuclear industry in Japan and supply ing and eventually manufacturing cans and aluminium packaging products for the Japanese market.

Pechiney has also recently linked up with Japanese companies in a number of joint ventures based in France, including one with Toray to manufacture carbon fibres and one with Mitsui Mining and Smelting to produce copper products for the electronics industry.

The French group, which has been developing its activities in new metals and materials for industries with high growth potential sees its venture with Kawasak Steel as a chance to increase its its venture with Kawasaki penetration of the Y95bn (\$471m-a-year magnet market which has been growing at an annual rate of about 10 per cent.

Mr Yasuhiro Yagi, president o Kawasaki Steel, said yesterday that the joint venture with Pechiney was part of his group's strategy of ex-panding into new businesses. Kawasaki, the world's eighthlargest steel company, says that while it intends to stick to the steel business, it believes that with other

operations in engineering services, chemicals, semiconductors and advanced materials, magnets will become a core business for the group. Although Kawasaki and Pechi ney have so far not chosen a defi-nite site in Japan for the magnet plant, the joint venture is due to

start production in autumn 1987. The investments will total about Y10bn over the next four years and the two companies anticipate annual revenues of Y10bn by the fifth

The joint venture will be called Nihon Ugimag and will have a capi-tal of Y4.5bn. Pechiney and Kawasaki will own 50 per cent sharehold-

ings in the company.

Pechiney, which is seeking to extend its market penetration throughout the Far East region, is also continuing negotiations for an aluminium smelter project at Nan-ning in China. Pechiney officials confirmed the continuing discus sions for a project that is expected to run to several billion dollars. The officials warned that the negotiations, which started in 1978, were expected to be long.

Péchiney seeks grants, Page 21

Montedison to raise L500bn in rights issue

Continued from Page 1 and financial group against the wishes of Mr Gianni Agnelli, Fiat chairman. Gemina subsequently sold its controlling stake in Monte-dison to Mr Varasi and to other investors including clients of Rowak, the international securities arm of S.G. Warburg, the London merchant bank.

Yesterday Montedison gave an unconsolidated breakdown of its divisions. The fastest growth in turnover terms was in the special chemicals and high-performance materials sector, which grew by 21.7 per cent to L546.7bn in 1985. Energy was the largest division, recording a 17 per cent rise to L3,857bn, Other turnover figures for 1985 are L2,944bn for petrochemicals and plastics (up 13.7 per cent); L2,489,6bn for META (up 8.1 per cent), the subsidiary which includes the Stands retail chain and which tookover BI-Invest; L1,365bn for health care (up 15.1 per cent). L1,046.2hn for fertilisers and pesticides (up 9.3 per cent); L1.024.2bn for fibres (up 18.8 per cent); L1,015.5bn for consumer products (up 7.2 per cent); L652bn for functional chemicals (up 2.2 per cent); and L217.8bn for other activities (uo

THE LEX COLUMN

Clearance sale from BAT

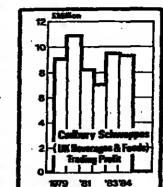
If BAT Industries does indeed wish to be rated as an international conglomerate emancipated from to-bacco, it has to show that it can produce better from its large US retailing operation than the 50 per cent drop in dollar profits at the interim stage. At the very least, the City of London has been expecting that the old-fashioned middle-market department stores in unfashionable reas would follow the way of Interational in the UK into the retail

As it is, BAT is now seeking buyers for a full 40 per cent of its US reket was quite happy to push BAT's share price up 13p to 627p. And this was as much e response to the vigour of the exercise as to the disposal of a set of unprofitable

and less than buoyant retail ex-penditure in the US, the divested businesses probably added next to nothing to the \$150m or so of BAT-US's retail profit in the year just ended; and if BAT can raise \$600m or so for the \$800m in book assets, the benefit will be felt at the pre-tax level in the current year. However, even in the good years at the turn of the 1980s, the return on the invest-ment at Gimbels was scarcely striking; and these stores continue to be squeezed between discount operations oo the one side and the quality stores such as Saks on the other which itself could only manage a flat performance last year but en-joys a national potential of considerable value to BAT. The market is primed for a poor set of full-year figures in March - but by then, who knows, the proceeds may already have been committed to US finan-

The prospect of enthusiastic small Westland shareholders fighting for entry into the Connaught Rooms is not an edifying one even without the fact the meeting would be invalid if some were left in the street. At the very least, Sir John Cuckney will have in the Albert Hall the best backdrop London can the drama and absurdity of grand

Of course, the three days grace will allow the board a bit more time for institutional wooing and further blandishments in the direction of Mr Alan Bristow and his hostile 12 per cent; and it is only ironical on the surface that those backers of



the European consortium so in favour of an adjournment are now crying foul. None the less, the outproperties.

After two years of overstocking approval of the board's recapitalisalook remains bleak for a 75 per cent tion proposals, even if yesterday's major transaction in Westland's equity - the sale of 9 per cent from Ro bert Fleming - is said to have ended up in hands not unsympathetic to the board, or Sikorsky/Fiat. In the meantime, the institutions must be hoping that there are yet more parties with pronounced views on defence procurement desperate to pay 125p for Westland paper.

Cadbury Schweppes

Throughout 1985 Cadbury Schweppes did its utmost to present the picture of a sensible company with a clear strategic purpose, only to have its efforts undermined by evidence of mismanagement in the US. Yesterday it worked both those features of the business into a single announcement. Cadbury is selling the bulk of its food and heverage operations to sensible people at a sensible price; unfortu-nately for Cadbury, the market was rather less interested in this item of news than in the accompanying statement that the US would not aftec all make a profit in 1985. The share price accordingly dropped 8p to 144p.
With the threat of takeover never

far from the management's thoughts, the market's abiding inthe extreme. But the market can hardly be blamed. A year ago even the pessimists were expecting Cadbury to produce pre-tax profits of 1985, after a poor first half, and the £140m in 1985, a figure of £30m now cash has started to flow back into looks nearer the mark, with the US accounting for almost all the short-

Cadbury's difficulties in North time is on Plessey's side.

America have resulted largely from its dependence oo food brokers in the confectionery market, a prob-lem which its two much larger competitors have avoided by working through their own distribution channels. If the US message is that size equals success, Cadbury has at least responded by concentrating more of its Easter eggs in one bas-ket. The disposal of the food and beverage operation, taken together with the sale of the health and hygiene business, will release around £100m from underperforming assets which can then be ploughed into the core confectionery and drinks divisions. All this looks intel-ligent, if a little belated. But rebuilding a battered reputation in the confectionery business will take time; and time is not on Cadbury's

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GEC/Plessey

Whether GEC succeeds in winning control of Plessey will most probably come down to a question of price, and an increase in the price that GEC is prepared to offer. But just in case anyone has been thinking that a sweetening of the terms was likely to extract a recommendation from Sir John Clark, the withering, sometimes provocative. tone of Piessey's defence document seems designed to prove the contrary. If Plessey is trying to needle GEC's management beyond willing-ness to negatiate, caricature may be its most formidable weapon. In this document, Plessey is represented as a cornucopia of technological promise, GEC as a maladroit and tight-fisted exploiter of other people's patents. This is stretching things a bit far, as

GEC is bound to say, and it falls some way short of demolishing the scale arguments which GEC advanced in favour of a merger. Moreover, some of the stock-market pleading is a bit suspect: given that both share prices peaked around three years ago and have since fallen by about a third, to 174p in each case, there is not much point in extolling Plessey's superior performance since 1980. Information would cut more ice, is being held mainly in reserve; but full-year profits seem likely to be ahead of cash has started to flow back into Plessey's balance sheet. Unless a falling market makes the GEC

"Excellent overall performance."

This was a recent description of Oppenheimer's investment achievements over 1985, a year when our European Growth Trust out-performed all other authorised unit trusts in the UK.* The results for all of our unit trusts are

OPPENHEIMER TRUST	Value of £1000 1.1.85 1.1.86 offer to bid*	Rank out of all 716
European Growth	1730	lst
l K Growth	1414	25th
Pacific Growth	1297	38th
International Crowth	1282	45th
Special Situations	1200	98th
Income & Growth	1157	. 170th
American Growth	1146	188th
High Income Trust	1139	207th
Practical Investment Fun	d 1048	430th
Japan Growth	1011	519th
7 out of 10 for	nde wow in the	319(II

7 out of 10 funds were in the top 200 of all 716 authorised unit trusts.* This excellent overall performance was achieved by active management of a range that concentrates on general trusts. *Source: Planned Savings income re-invested.

01-236 8036 (6 lines).

GROUP

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ods in a fixed link.

EuroRoute

By Andrew Flaher, Transport

BRITAIN and France appear to have ruled out the £5hn EuroRoute tunnel and bridge scheme as a con-tender in the cross-Channel fixed-

link contest. But they are still di-vided over which of the two remain-

Yesterday's meeting in London between Mr Nicholas Ridley, UK

Transport Secretary, and Mr Jean

Auroux, the French Transport Min-ister, will be followed by at least one more set of talks before a deci-

That is due to be made known

next Monday when Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the British Prime Minis-

ter, meets President François Mit-

terand of France in Lille. However, it is not certain that the two leaders

will have a specific project to an-

France favours CTG, while Mi

But both the French Governmen

the costs of the £2,55bn Channel Ex-

Neither Mr Ridley nor Mr Au-

cost, although that would all be pri-

Tuesday January 14 1986



Leading US banks report sharp rise in year-end earnings

SERVING SHIPS.PORTS,

INDUSTRY

J. P. MORGAN and Chase Manhater earnings by 25.8 per cent to \$151m from 2.90 per cent to 3.11 per cent. However, one of the main factors centre banks, yesterday reported higher fourth-quarter earnings and sharply higher full-year Morgan said the intermediate income after substantially earnings "reflected"

boosting their loan-loss provisions. J. P. Morgan, regarded as one of the most conservative banks in the US, increased its 1985 net income by 31.2 per cent to \$705.4m and its earnings per share rose 28.7 per cent to \$7.81. During the 12-month period its return on average com-mon stockholders' equity was boosted from 15.86 per cent to 18.12 per

Chase Manhattan, whose earnings have been on a plateau for several years, announced a 39.2 per cent rise in its 1985 net income to rose 18 per cent to \$1.35t as re-565m and its earnings per share suit of a 10 per cent increase in av-rose 41.7 per cent to \$12.77.

fourth-quarter net income by 3.9 Morgan said the increase in its

earnings "reflected increased net interest earnings and non-interest operating income." These gains were, in part, offset by incres other non-interest operating ex-penses, provision for possible credit osses and income taxe

The group, the main operating subsidiary of which is Morgan Guaranty Trust, more than doubled its provision for loan-loss reserves. to \$335m in 1985 and in the fourth quarter alone it trebled the provision to \$90m.... Net interest earnings at Morgan

erage interest earning assets and

for the superior performance in 1985 was a jump in foreign ex-change trading profits from \$28.5m

Morgan's net loan charge-offs during the 12-month period jumped from \$48m to \$128m but the level of non-accrual loans fell from an end-September figure of slightly more an \$1bn to \$784m at the end of December 1985.

Meanwhile, the group's primary capital ratio was raised from 7.02 per cent to 7.96 per cent during the 12-month period. At the end of 1985 J.P. Morgan had assets of \$69.4bn, a third to \$28.2m, or \$1.49 a share.
common stockholders equity of
\$4.1bn and a total capital of \$6.4bn.

based bank holding company, in-Chase Manhattan's improved

unchanged at \$86.3hn. The company says its performance reflected higher net interest earnings and substantial increases in virtually all fee-based income categories plu the benefit of a full year's earnings Chase increased its provision for

loan losses from \$365m to \$435m in 1985. Net loan charge-offs rose from \$215m in 1984 to \$320m in 1985. Among other US banks to report yesterday Irving Bank, parent of New York-based Irving Trust, increased its 1985 net income by 18.2 per cent to 5116m, or \$6.14 a share. Its fourth-quarter earnings rose by

earnings were all the more impressive given that the group's average per cant to \$187.6m and its earnings per cant to \$187

Colombia nationalises largest bank

has nationalised the Banco de Col-ombia, the country's biggest com-The Banco de Colombia and the companies "to preserve confidence part of the Grupo Gram Colombia-in the financial system", writes Sar-no, an empire that began to disinte-

future of the Banco de Colombia after a big rundown of its capital and

NCR lifts

NCR, the US computer group, yes-

terday reported a substantial in-

crease in computer orders during

earnings

by 7%

mercial bank and three finance three finance companies formed ta Kendall in Bogota. grate more than two years ago as a The action follows fears over the :result of what the Government alleges to be bad management and

Between them the four institu-However, the bank and the fi- tions represent about 15 per cent of nance companies will be sold back all the savings deposits managed by ter, Mr Hugo Palacios Mejia, the

two thirds of the losses accumulate ed by the financial system.

The head of the Grupo Gran Colombiano fled Colombia at the end of 1983, and since then the Government has worked with the Banco de Colombia to try and find ways of rehabilitating the bank without re-

According to the Finance Minis-

protect savers while ensuring that shareholders and former ad trators responsible for the crisis do

The four institutions will receiv more than US\$150m for immediate capitalisation, part of which will be used to pay off central bank obligations. If necessary, there will be further support from the new central hank fund created specifically to help tottering financial institutions.

Fauroux quits St Gobain

By Our Parks Staff

MR ROGER FAUROUX, chairman of Saint Gobain, the French state- | vately financed. owned pipes, glass and conglomerate, is high a state of the become bead of the basis Nationals d'Administration, (ENA), the Govermient's civil-service school.

The move, expected to be formally decided by the French Cabinet on January 22, marks the end of a 25year career at Saint Gobain for Mr Fauroux. He is the only head of a nationalised industrial group who was in place before the Socialist Government extended public ownership in February 1982.

Mr Fauroux's nominated successor is Mr Jean-Louis Beffa, the company's managing director. He joined the group in 1975 and has been grouned as Mr Faurous's successor for the past three years.

The appointment, it approved by the Government, will be a further the Government, will be a further example of continuity in the management of state-owned groups. Chairmanship changes at Compagnia Générale d'Electricité and Pechiney during the past two years have both, led to promotion for candidates from within the groups.

Mr David Dautresme, whose departure from the state-owned bank Crédit du Nord was announced last week, has also effectively been al-lowed to choose his own successor.

Officials close to Mr Fauroux, 59, said his decision to leave had not stemmed from any overriding wish to depart from Saint Gobain, which

other areas such as brakes for civil he has chaired since 1980. Mr Fauroux was due to leave to take the opportunity of filling the top job at ENA, which will fall vacant when its present incumbent, Mr Simon Nora, reaches retirement age of 65 next month. Officials said Mr Fauroux's decision to resign was not connected with general elections in March, which are cast-

ing shadows over the futures of some of the nationalised company It is clear that Mr Fanroux is happy that his departure is not being inked to political motives. He will

ure to take over the helm of ENA.

Takeover of Edet group completed

By Our Nordic Correspondent SVENSKA Cellulosa (SCA) a leading Swedish forest products group has completed its takeover of Edet, a rival Swedish producer of tissue and hygiene products in a deal worth SKr 185m (\$24.5m), Edet is to be merged with the in-

dustrial products division of Mölnlycke, the SCA subsidiary acquired in 1975 as part of the group's strategic more into higher value added fibre-based products.

UK, France FRENCH GROUP PLANS FUTURE AFTER MARCH POLL Suez prepares for sell-off

BY DAVID MARSH IN PARIS

COMPAGNIE Financière de Suez, the French state-owned holding company, is preparing a financial operation which could pave the way for the entry of private capital into part of the group after general elections in March.

The Paris stock market has been expecting a capital-raising exercise, possibly in the form of a conversion of outstanding debt into equity-type instruments, since trading of non-voting loan stock (titres participarifs) issued by the group's banking arm, Banque Indosuez, was suspended last Thursday.

that Sirez needs approval from the Treasury to go ahead. A Suez board meeting on January 20 is expected to take a final decision on the affair. Banque Indosuez is considering

converting its titres participatifs (IPs) into issues closer in character to shares. Well-placed banking sources said last night, that the operation was intended to provide a possible route to denationalisation.

The imminence of the March general elections, widely expected to bring in a government in favour of denationalisation, has already led

Officials at both the bolding comother state-owned companies and pany and at Banque Indosuez yes-terday refused to comment on the tions for selling equity to private

tion under study. They pointed out Banque Indosuez, with its inter national operations and relatively high profitability, has already attracted at least six propositions from would-be private investors. in taking a stake.

Banque Indosuez made its FFr 1bn (\$135.1m) issue of TPs in February 1984. The bank's management has since conceded that certificate d'investissment - non voting preference shares which are closer to equity - would have been a more attractive way of stocking up its capital resources.

Tha Suez holding group made an

issue of about FFr 600m of CIs last summer, whose value on the bourse has roughly doubled since then.

Péchiney seeks FFr 200m from Government to finance growth

BY PAUL BETTS IN TOKYO

The running now is between Channel Tunnel Group, the Anglo-French consortium offering a twin-PECHINEY, the nationalised bore rail tunnel, and Channel Ex-French aluminium and metals group, is seeking FFr 200m (\$26.8m) pressway, the rail and road tunnel group headed by the Sea Containin capital grants this year from the holder, to help finance the compa-Ridley is keen that Channel Ex-pressway should not be ruled out, as it provides the road link the UK ny's investment programme and to reinforce its capital base.

Mr Bernard Pache, Pechiney's chairman, also disclosed that the al-Government wants to have inchided in any project to ensure a competitive balance of travel methuminium group was considering raising additional funds this year through a new issue of certificats d'investissement. This is nonvotand rival consortia have questioned ing. equity which nationalised groups in France can issue to raise fresh money. Pechiney raised Ffr 800m in this way last year.

Atthough Pechiney received substration formers and from the pressway scheme, saying those have been seriously underestimat-

stantial financial aid from the roux would give any details of yes- French Government in 1982 after erday's discussions.

EuroRoute, already regarded as no capital grants from its sharetrailing the other two groups, has holder last year. This reflects Pechi-apparently, been ruled out of the running in part because of its 25bn the French Government's general-

But Pechiney, with annual sales

of FFr 35bn, cannot rely on cash flow alone to finance a continuing heavy investment programme. Mr Pache said investments last year to-talled about FFr 5.3bn and that did not include an additional FFr 1hn for a new long-term electricity con-tract with Electricité de France (EdF), the state electric utility.

Mr Pache said investments this year were expected to total slightly more than FFr 4bn. In 1984, investments amounted to FFr 5bn including FFr 2bn for the first long-term electricity supply contract with

To cover last year's investments of about FFr 5.3hn, Pechiney relied largely on cash flow for about FFr 2.60n. About FFr 1bn came from disinvestments and leasing operations, another FFr 800m was raised through the non-voting equity issue and there was some additional

The FFr 1bn electricity contract was covered by a Pechiney issue of non-voting loan stock - so-called

titres participatifs - to EdF. Pechiney's earnings for 1985 are expected to be significantly higher than the profit of FFr 550m of 1984, Mr Pache said. Earnings in the first half of last year totalled FFr 451m. Although the weaker dollar began affecting US revenues in the second half of last year, Pechiney expects the effects of the softer dollar to be felt essentially on this year's

To help finance the FFr 4hn or more in new investments this year, Péchiney announced last month a FFr 500m Eurofranc bond issue, The company was also the first French group to issue last month FFr 300m in so-called Billets de Tresorie, which are the equivalent of certificates of deposit.

But Pechiney feels it needs the renewed financial support of its state shareholder to help finance investments in what it regards as strategic sectors for French indus

the fourth quarter of last year, suggesting that the industry is recov-\$342.6m or \$3.30 a share, although on an underlying basis the results would have shown an increase after

recurring tax credit from 1984. In the fourth quarter earnings rose strongly by more than 7 per cent to \$1332m or \$1.34 a share from \$124m or \$1.23 a share a year

Sales for the year increased to \$4.3bn from \$4.1bn, and for the quarter to \$1.4bn from \$1.3bu. Mr Charles Exley, chairman, said there were indications that 1986 would be a good year for NCR. The growth in orders in the US during the fourth quarter was led by general purpose computers, retail ter-minals and financial terminals, he

Serious split in board of **Fininvest**

By Alan Friedman in Milan

MR ALDO ZANA, a senior aida to Mr Silvio Berlusconi, the Italian television magnate, has resigned after what appears to have been a serious disagreement over the strategy and structure of Mr Ber-luscon's master Fininvest holding

Fininyest controls Mr Berlusco ni's three successful television sta-tions in Italy, his share in a new French commercial station and property, insurance, electronics and

The resignation of Mr Zana, who was appointed director-general of Fininvest Communications and external relations less than three months ago, follows talk in Milan that the management structure at

the rapidly growing Fininvest re-quires attention.

Mr Zana who, like Mr Berlusconi, has close ties to the Socialist Party of Prime Minister Bettinn Craxi, worked previously for IBM and was peached by Finiavest from his posi-

ERICSSON, the Swedish telecom-munications and electronics group, has appointed Mr Peter Thomas chief executive of the group's tronbled US operations, writes Kevin

Mr Thomas, 44, is chief executive

Chubb takes heavy charge in quarter

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

CHURB, the US property and casu- losses in this sector.

\$315.2m or \$3.15 a share from says Chubb, should eliminate the taking into account a \$30.6m nonresult of increasing court awards in the first nine months of the year, successful malpractice claims. In though less than the \$4.44 net earn some states, including New York, official efforts are being made to hold down medical insurance rates had determined to the statement about its

chitch, the US property and casualty insurance group, is taking a

charge of \$1735m in the fourth.

will make available \$285m in excess
quarter as part of a plant aimed at of its 1985 year-end reserves for its
neutralising future claims in its medical malpractice class of busimedical malpractice division.

The charge amounts to the cost of
a new reinsurance agreement taken out with Sun Alliance and Lonbring its own liabilities for claims to
don Insurance of the UK. This sum an end within about three years. Net profits for the full year fell to don insurance of the UK. This sum, an end within about three years.

need for any further strengthening earnings will be severe in the cor-of its medical malpractice reserves. The insurance company's move illustrates the problems caused in income by \$2.97 per share. This is the US industry recently by the rising cost of medical insurance as the share in net operating income in

because of threats by doctors to stop practising because of the cost of their insurance. Several insurance companies, including Chubb, have withdrawn from writing medial structures. Since we withdrawn from writing medial structures are supported to the structure of the cost of the structure o cal malpractice lines because of its capital position.

SEP in FFr 100m link with Rhône Poulenc

BY OUR PARIS STAFF

tionalised chemicals group, is join-ing forces with Société Européenne de Propulsion (SEP), the state-controlled rocket engine company, in a project to produce high-performance composite materials for industrial applications.

The link-up, in an investment programme likely to cost about FFr.

100m (\$13.3m) over several years, is part of a bid by both companies to secure a firm footbold in the advanced composite material sector in the face of competition, particularly from Japan. The project will be centred on

ceramic materials on which SEP has carried out research for several years. SEP has already developed

RHÔNE POULENC, the French na-tionalised chemicals group, is join-work on engines for France's naclear-tipped ballistic missiles. These materials are being used in

and military aeroplanes.

The ceramic materials, although some way from the industrial production stage, have already found uses in aerospace in areas like protection of engines and spacecraft. SEP and Rhone Poulenc - which has recently set up a ceramics de-

partment to pool expertise in its speciality chemicals activities - are hoping that ceramic structures can be developed for more routine ap-plications in fields like diesel en-

Isola to open £10m factory in Scotland

BY MARK MEREDITH IN EDINBURGH

200 jobs over the next five years.

Most of the inward investment which has helped build up the electronics industry in Scotland has come from US and Japanese com-

panies seeking a European base to

worked previously for IBM and was posched by Fininvest from his position as group public affairs director at Italtel, the state telecommunications group.

ISOLA, part of the West German Rutgers group, announced yester day that it would set up a plant worth £10m (514.4m) in Scotland to produce specialised components for the electronics industry.

The factory, located at Cumber the electronics industry.

The factory located at Cumber the electronic industry.

The factory located at Cumber the electronic industry.

The factory located at Cumber the elect

stream by the second quarter of 1987. The Cumbernauld factory will develop epoxy or polyimide glass-based laminates and specialises in multi-layer circuit boards.

sell into the Company Market. The company is to have British
Dr Rainer Tillessen, director of management and will employ mostof Telenova, a California-based in Dueren, by women who will be trained in around SKr 200m over the next five controllers. He has worked for both customers. He also attributed his will operate as an independent profit improve profitability.

Banque Bruxelles Lambert

Main Consolidated Data

- 1	30/9/1981	30/9	/1985
(in billions)	BFr	BFr	US \${*)
Balance sheet total	924.2	1,489.5	27.2
Customer deposits	400.4	617.5	11.3
Bank deposits	431.3	716.1	13.1
Loans to the private sector	369.5	502.2	9.2
Loans to the public sector	210.7	408.1	. 7.5
Capital, reserves and subordinated lo		40.5	0.7
(in millions)	BFr	BFT	US \$(*)
Operating profit	5,908.7	10,026.7	183.3
Depreciation, provisions and taxes	4,703	. 7,699.5	140.7
Net profit	1,111.6	2,165.2	39.6

Activities and Results continued to expand during the 1984-1985 Financial Year

International Operations

With our policy of expansion in the Asian-Pacific region, we have spread our banking operations into Australia by establishing a merchant bank: BBL Australia Ltd., with offices in Melbourne and Sydney. Amongst the new bank's principal activities are corporate finance and capital markets. In addition, representative offices were opened in Hong Kong and Djakarta, complementing the existing Singapore branch and Tokyo representation. In the United Kingdom, BBL acquired a 29.9% participation in Williams de Broē Hill Chaplin & Co. Ltd., stockbrokers, in anticipation of the forthcoming deregulation increased from BFr 20.5 billion to of the London financial markets. This holding will be increased to a majority stake For the 1984/85 financial year, the global as soon as permitted under Stock Exchange dividend was BFr 1,262.1 million, compared

(*)1 US\$ = BFr 54.705

BBL is already present in the U.K. through its London Branch.

Eurobonds

BBL is ranked ninth in the world amongst banks which have managed or co-managed Euro-issues and is world leader for Euro-

Shareholders' Equity and Dividend As at 30th September 1981, the issued capital stood at BFr 6,600 million, and by 30th September 1985 had reached

BFr 11,425 million. During the same period, consolidated shareholders' equity and subordinated loans

BFr 40.5 billion.

to BFr 475.3 million for 1980/81.

Head Office: Avenue Marrix 24, B-1050 Brussels (Belgium) Telephone *(322) 517 2111 Telex (046) 21421 Telecopier *(322) 517 3844

20th December, 1985



Finnish Export Credit Ltd

Japanese Yen 20,000,000,000 81/4 per cent. Dual Currency Bonds 1995

Issue Price 1014 per cent.

Nomura International Limited

Chuo Trust Asia Limited Kleinwort, Benson Limited

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank

Kansallis Banking Group

Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A.

Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Toyo Trust International Limited

Postipankki

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited **Yasuda Trust Europe Limited**

Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Goldman Sachs International Corp.

LTCB International Limited Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A.

Morgan Stanley International

Sumitomo Trust International Limited Union Bank of Finland Ltd.

AND AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

Westdentsche Landesbank Girozentrale

INTL. COMPANIES

Volvo to close US bus assembly plant

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT, IN LONDON

VOLVO of Sweden is to close permanently its bus assembly plant at clined to give the exact sum. The Chesapeake, Virginia, later this factory has already delivered 120 year. It will stop selling buses in the city buses and has 144 still to be de-US after current orders are livered to New Jersey and Ottawa

can no longer compete on price enburg. The company pointed out that is not part of the Volvo policy," a spokesman explained.

The Swedish grown and the Swedish grown as policy. US plant, representing an annual average of 90 or only about 5 per cent of Boraas's total output

completed.

The plant employs 280 people and was set up in the autumn of 1983.

Volvo said city bus demand in the US had halved since 1980; leading to a 25 per cent fall in prices. Cuts in subsidies to public transport anthorities by the Reagan Administration had made things worse. "We

retain a significant position in the US truck industry through its sub sidiary, Volvo . White, with four Voivo said the Chesapeake facto- truck-assembly plants

Valmet set to take 75% stake in KMW division

BY OLLI VIRTANEN IN HELSINKI.

VALMET, the Finnish metal and KMW is part of the Nordstjärnan engineering group, plans to acquire
a majority in the paper machine diganise the ailing metal engineering

According to the preliminary.

According to the preliminary.

The main products of KMW's agreement signed yesterday, Valmet will buy 75 per cent of the division which will be formed into a ment Valmet's product range KMW joint-venture company with a turn. has production units in Keristad in over of SKr 450m (\$60m). The pur-

are large newsprint and printing whose product line includes paper and writing paper machines as well. finishing machines:

as ventilation and automating systems for paper machines. Valmet is also negotiating to buy tems for paper machines. Valmet Beloit, the world's leading paper. Montreal, Canada,

vision of the Swedish engineering subsidiery. Valmet has had contacts company, KMW. with KMW for about five years.

world's leading paper-machine chines overseas through the TVN manufacturers. The division's turn-over will be approximately FM 2bn Tampella, which makes paper (\$370m) this year. Its main products board machines, and Wartsilä,

also has a manufacturing plant in machine manufacturer, as part of its expansion plans.

BNL plans to increase capital

(BNL), Italy's leading state bank, tainly be effected through a partplans to increase its capital to more than L1,000bn (6602.7m) from added.

L820bn, according to Mr Nerio Nesi, the group chairman, Reuter reports from Milan.

The operation will follow an earliften one jast December, which raised remital to 1,820bn from 1,500bn.

from Milan. Speaking at a conference in Milan Mr Nesi said the increase would be decided by the board next month and put to shareholders by April. The increase, part of which may

BANCA NAZIONALE del Lavoro be raised abroad, would almost cer-

capital to L826bn from L606bn through the issue of 22m non-voting BNL's ordinary voting capital is

currently 85 per cent controlled by



The Yasuda Fire and Marine Insurance Company (U.K.), Limited are pleased to announce the renaming of the Company, as of the 1st January, 1986, to The Yasuda Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Europe Limited, in keeping with their increased commitment to European and world insurance and reinsurance markets.

Commensurate with this expanding role, Paid-up Capital has been increased from £5.7 million to £10 million and **Anthorised Share Capital from** · £10 million to £15 million.

Accordingly, existing non-marine agency agreements in the U.K. have been terminated.

The Yasuda Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Europe Limited 401 into Street, Landon I COM SR- 321 CL-0304471 Teles, 261821 1454774 G Fee 171823 4204

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Daiwa Finanz AG, Zurich: Tel: (01) 211 03 11

Pan-Holding

Societe Anonyme Luxembourg

Based on a provisional unaudited statement of the accounts as of December 31, 1985, the company's unconsolidated net assets amounted to US\$197,834,127.07, i.e. US\$282.62 for each of the 700,000 shares of US\$50 making up the company's

ENERGY RESOURCES &

SERVICES INCORPORATED Net Asset Value per share (unaudiced)

*ಕ್ಷಾಮ್ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಕ್ಷಮ್ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್ ಪ್ರತಿ ಸಿಕ್ಕಿಸ್

STOCKHOLDERS FAR EAST INVESTMENTS INC. Net Asset Value 31st December 1985 \$2.98

per share (unaudited)

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



African Development Bank

U.S.\$350,000,000

-Subordinated Euronote Revolving Underwriting Facility with Continuous Tender Panel

Dean Witter Capital Markets - International

S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Managing Underwriters Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank N.V.

Banco di Napoli Crédit Lyonnais

Sumitomo Trust International Ltd.

Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A. The Nippon Credit Bank, Ltd.

Mitsui Trust Bank (Europe) S.A.

Banque Européenne de Tokyo S.A. Kansallis-Osake-Pankki Mitsui Finance International Limited

Sumitomo Finance International Taiyo Kobe Finance Hongkong Limited

Banque Indosuez Bergen Bank

Banque Paribas Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino Saitama Bank (Europe) S.A.

CTP Manager Dean Witter Capital Markets - International S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

December 1985

NEW ISSUE



Österreichische Industrieverwaltungs-Aktiengesellschaft

Japanese Yen 22,000,000,000

81/4 per cent. Dual Currency Guaranteed Bonds due 1995

Irrevocably guaranteed by

The Republic of Austria

Issue Price 1011/4 per cent.

Nomura International Limited Kokusai Europe Limited

Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Chuo Trust Asia Limited Creditanstalt-Bankverein

Daiwa Europe Limited

Barclays Merchant Bank Limited Crédit Commercial de France Daiwa Bank (Capital Management) Limited Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG-Vienna Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Goldman Sachs International Corp. The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Nippon Credit International (HK) Limited

Orion Royal Bank Limited Salomon Brothers International Limited Sumitomo Trust International Limited

Société Générale Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

Österreichische Länderbank

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

A. 16 4. 1 1





The Hertz Corporation Hertz International, Ltd.

US \$150,000,000

Standby Facility and Placement Program

Arranged by:

BankAmerica Capital Markets Group

Managed by:

Allied Irish Banks, p.I.c. Banco di Roma Banque Nationale de Paris Canadian Imperial Bank Group The Dai-Ichi Kangyo Bank, Limited

The Fuji Bank, Limited Midland Bank plc Swiss Bank Corporation

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Union Bank of Switzerland

Bank of America International Limited **CIBC Limited** Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Fuji International Finance Limited Midfand Bank plc

Shearson Lehman Brothers International

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Bank of America nternational Limited

R.J. Reynolds Industries, Inc.

The state of the s

US \$400,000,000 Borrower's Option for Notes

and Underwritten Standby (BONUS)

BankAmerica Capital Markets Group

Managed by:

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro Credit Lyonnais
The First National Bank of Chicago
Security Pacific Limited Bardays Bank PLC First Interstate Capital Markets Limited
The Fuji Bank, Limited
Swiss Bank Corporation

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The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited The Sumitomo Bank, Limited

Tender Panel Members:

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

Bank of America International Limited The Bank of Nova Scotia Banque Paribas Capital Markets Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Credit Lyonnais Dillon, Read Limited

Dillion, Read Limited
First Interstate Capital Markets Islinited
Generale Bank S.A./N.V
Merrill Lynch Capital Markets
Morgan Stanley International Security Pacific Limited
Survitors Diseased International \$1.72.4.0
S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Banca Commerciale Italiana Bank of Montreal
Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.
Banque Sank PLC
County Bank Limited

Banca Commerciale Italiana The Bank of Nova Scotia Group

Banque Paribas Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft New York Banch

National Westminster Bank Group

Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale

The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft First Chicago Limited
Fuji International Finance Limited Mitsubishi Finance International Limited Salomon Brothers International Limited Shearson Lehman Brothers Internationa

Facility and Placement Agent:

Issuing and Paying Agent.

The Bank of Tokyo, Ltd.

Kredietbank N.V.

get banke togetige to the ext. I

Swiss Bank Corporation

Banque Nationale de Paris

The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan, Limited

Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank



STORES:

3.113k

×

US \$1,000,000,000

Note Placement and Standby Facility.

Lead Managed by:

BankAmerica Capital Markets Group

Manufacturers Hanover Limited

Orion Royal Bank Limited

Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited

Managed by:

Canadian Imperial Bank Group

Continental Illinois Capital Markets Group

Security Pacific Limited

The Bank of New York Banque Nationale de Paris **BBL Bank Brussels Lambert**

Chemical Bank International Group EBC Amro Bank Limited

The Gulf Bank K.S.C. Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York National Westminster Bank Group N M Rothschild & Sons Limited

The Bank of Nova Scotia Group Banque Paribas Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank

Credit Lyonnais First Interstate Capital Markets Limited Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino

Toronto Dominion International Limited

Swing Line Agent:

Tender Panel Agent:

Issuing and Paying Agent;

Manufacturers Hanover Trust Company Orion Royal Bank Limited Swiss Bank Corporation



ockheed Corporation

US \$350,000,000

Borrower's Option for Notes 12 to 12 and Underwritten Standby (BONUS)

Arranged by: . . .

BankAmerica Capital Markets Group

Managed by:

Bank of America Capital Markets Group

Banque Indosuez Canadian Imperial Bank Group

Credit Suisses Committee The Interestrial Bank of Japan, Limited Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino The Mitsubishi Bank, Limited

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited B.A.I.I. GROUP

Banca Nazionale del Lavoro Barclays Bank PLC Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft National Westminster Bank PLC

Westpac Banking Corporation

Placement Group Members:

Australia and New Zealand Banking Greng Limited Bank of America International Limited Banca Nazionale del Lavoro ³¹ Landon Branch Bank of Montreal Banque Indosuez Bardays Bank PLC

Citicorp Investment Bank Limited Credit Lyonnais Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft First Interstate Capital Markets Limited IBJ International Limited

Kredietbank N.V. Mitsubishi Finance International Limited Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited Westpac Banking Corporation

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Istituto Bancario San Paolo di Torino LTCB International Limited—Salomon Brothers International Limited S.G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Banque Nationale de Paris p.l.c.

Facility and Placement Agent: Bank of America International Limited

Issuing and Paying Agent:

First Chicago Clearing Centre

Franches and the Company

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Copenhagen Handelsbank A/S

(Aktieselskabet Kjøbenhavns Handelsbank) Copenhagen, Denmark

DM 100,000,000 534% Bearer Bonds of 1985/1992

with Warrants attached to subscribe for shares of Copenhagen Handelsbank A/S

issue Price: 105% - Interest: 5%% p.a., payable annually in arrears on December 15 - Final Maturity: December 15, 1992 - Denomination: DM 1,000 and DM 5,000 · Security: Negative Pledge of the Borrower · Warrants: to each Bond of DM 1,000 two Warrants are attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 1,000 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 1,000 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 (Warrant B) and to each Bond of DM 5,000 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to shares in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached giving the right to subscribe to share in the aggregate par value of D.Kr. 100 one Warrant C is attached g subscription Period: the Warrants may be exercised from March 18, 1986 through March 17, 1990 · Listing: Frankfurt/Main and Hamburg (Ronds and Warrants)

COMMERZBANK

CSFB-EFFECTENBANK AG

DEUTSCHE BANK

MERRILL LYNCH CAPITAL MARKETS

SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN GROUP

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (SECURITIES)

WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE

nene Bank Nederland N.V. Bank Brussel Lambert N.V. Bank of Tokyo (Deutschland) Aldies Baring Brothers & Co., Limited
Bayerische Hypotheken- und Wechsel-Bani
Aktiengesellschaft
Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale
Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft
Berliner Handels- und Frankfurter Bank
Göbnah Aktiengesellschaft

Robert Fleming & Co., Limited Generale Bank Aktiengesellschaft Kansallis-Osake-Panki Krediethank S.A. Lintembourged Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Morgan Grenfell & Co. Limited

County Bank Limited rske Credie dustriebank von Japan (Deutschland) The Nikko Securides Co., (Deutschland) GmbH

. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Steamon Lehman Brothers Internation mo Finance Internat

CPC International Inc. CPC

61/2 Bearer Bonds of 1986/2001

Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, USA

International

DM 200,000,000

Issue Price:

Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank

Dillon, Read Limited

Citibank Aktiengeselischaft

DG BANK

Genossenschaftliche

Kredietbank International Group

Zentralbank AG - Vienna

London & Continental Bankers Limited

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Swiss Volksbank

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Andelsbenken Danebank

Banca Commerciale Italiana Banca Manusardi & C.

Banca Nazionale dell'Agricoltura SpA

BankAmerica Capital Markets Group

Bank für Gemeinwirtschaft

Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener (Overseas)

Bank Leu International Bank of Tokyo (Deutschlend) Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. Banque Netionale do Paris B.E.G. Bank

. Joh. Berenberg, Gossier & Co.

Barimer Handels- und Franklurter Bank

Cazenove & Co. Crédit du Nord

DG BANK International

lessische Landesbank

Industriebank von Japan (Deutschland)

Bankhaus Hermann Lempe

Grindlay Brandts -Girozantrale -

B. Metzler seel. Sohn & Co.

Morgan Stanley Internetional

Landesbank Rheinland-Platz Merck, Finck & Co.

Orion Royal Bank

The Nikko Securities Co., (Deutschland) GmbH

Trinkaus & Burkhardt KGaA

Vereins- und Westbank

M. M. Warburg-Brinckmann, Wirtz & Co.

Yamaichi International (Deutschland) GmbH

This announcement appears as a matter of record only



EUROPEAN INVESTMENT BANK

Luxembourg, Luxembourg

DM 125,000,000 Floating Rate Notes of 1985/1990

Issue Price: 100% · Interest: LIBOR for six months + ½% p. a., payable semi-annually in arrears on June 15 and December 15, maximum interest rate 7½% p. a. · Final Maturity: December 1990 · Denomination: DM 10,000 and DM 100,000 · Listing: Frankfurt/Main

COMMERZBANK AKTIENCESELLSCHAFT

INTL. COMPANIES & FINANCE

More defaults threaten Singapore

Koon Swan, the Malaysian entrepreneur and politician, to produce an S\$8m cash injection for Pan-Electric Industries, the

CONCERN IS deepening further in Singapore's financial community over the future of several local broking firms as a result of prospective defaults on S\$600m (US\$2S3m) worth of forward share purchase committenents.

Three developments in particular are causing the worries:

Today's deadline for Mr Tan Koon Swan, the Malaysian entrepreneur and politician, to produce an S\$8m cash injection

The refusal of one Singapore in month to share purchase of the took forced to turn to the "lifeboat" fand arranged last month to allow financially-troubled firms to meet their obligations. So far only Associated Asian been discovered within Growth Industrial Holdings (GIH), tho investment company which has links with hold a 31.6 per cent stake in Pan-Electric, GIH is believed to securities is presumed to be an attempt to draw attention to the seriousness of the problems still facing local brokers and, for that matter, the banks which

entrepreneur and politician, to produce an \$\$\$m cash injection for Pan-Electric Industries, the alling marine salvage, property and hotel concern now in receivership.

Any inability to pay will not only determine whether the company is part into liquidation but also spell trouble for several Singapore hroking firms who expect Mr Tan to honour

The refusal of one Singapore broking firm, Lin Securities, to take delivery of \$33.8m of shares in Sigma International, the company through which Mr Tan holds a 22.6 per cent stake in Pan-Electric. This contract involves neither Pan-Electric mor GIH. Payment was due to Bank of Canton.

Speculation abounded yesterday that at least one Singapore

facing local brokers and, for that matter, the banks which have financed their troublesome

when the company was put into receivership at the end of November, the Singapore and Knala Lumpur stock exchanges were closed for three days because of fears that this would trigger a chain of broker defaults.

It now transpires that, of the \$\$60m in outstanding forward contracts then admitted to be in existence, at least \$\$240m worth lie with Pan-Electric and GIH while some of the others

that matter, the banks which have financed their troublesome forward share transactions. Some brokers feel Lin's move is ill-conceived.

The existence of Pantilet when the company tried unsuccessfully to leunch a rights issue to help reduce come of its burdensomo \$\$400m dobt.

GIH while some of the others have the potential—as in the Lin Securities case—to provoke non-payment and so beg questions ebout the whole system.

The Singapore authorities have forbidden forward trading since the exchange reopened, and only last week allowed the expansion of trading from an "immediato" basis to e 24-hour "ready" hasis.

Rand Mines gold profits move higher for quarter

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

DECEMBER QUARTER net days compared with 91 days in profits of the South African gold producers in the Rand Mines
group have emerged highor. Net profits of the marginal group have emerged highor, burban Deep have risen 45 per veteran East Rand Propriotary
Mines (ERPM).

Working profits for ERPM
GOLD MINE NET PROFITS
were charging up on the progress.

were sharply up on the previous three months, but there was a R451,000 (\$189,600) repayment of state assistance compared with a receipt of B3.72m under this heading in the September.

All four mines have enjoyed All four mines have enjoyed higher gold prices in the latest quarter in line with the depreciation of the South African currency and this also applies to their forward sales. Gold production, however, has been checked by the shorter despite a reduction in uranium working period of 88 milling revenue.

DECEMBER QUARTER net days compared with 91 days in

BY MOHAMMED AFTAB IN ISLAMABAD

Honda plans to overtake Mazda with car sales

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HONDA, the world's largest producer of motorcycles which is also Japan'e fifth-biggest vehicles manufecturer, has produced sales forecasts for 1986 only 2.9 per cent in domestic car sales and e drop of 4.1 per increase in domestic car sales cent in exports. to 525,000 units, and e 10.7 per cent rise in export sales to just

motor groups, would, if they prove correct, put Honde's car sales ahead of those of Mazda, its next biggest rival.

Mazda yesterday forecast 1986 production totalling 1.42m units, a rise of 5 per cent. It plans to export 1.05m of these, but domestic sales are expected to show a faster rate of exports to China.

Pakistan may float airline in US

During the course of 1986 production is due to start at over 1m units.

The forecasts, which struck industry experts in Japan as highly optimistic by comparison to these of other Japanese plant in Ohio will rise from the struck of the struc 150,000 last yeer to 220,000. In addition, the group's Canadian plant is due to start production et tho rete of 30,000 vehicles a

year, Motorcycle sales, by contrast, are expected to fall by 3 per cent to some 3m nnits—largely as a result of a forecast drop in

Court freezes North Broken Hill holding

By Michael Thompson-Noel in

A PARCEL of shares worth A\$65m (US\$45m) in Australia's A\$65m (US\$45m) in Australia ment, which holds SI per cent. North Broken Hill Holdings (NBH) has been temporarily of the alrline's equity, is expected within the next few weeks. The bulk of the remainment weeks, The bulk of the remainment of the bulk of the remainment of the bulk of the remainment. Court pending further court ection due on Thursday. der is held by nationalised banks and financial institutions.

cetion due on Thursday.

The move follows attempts—
so far unsuccessful—by NBH to trace the owner of the shares, which represent about 6.5 per cent of NBH's capital.

Ownership of the shares is amouflaged behind a web of mominee companies stretching from Sydney to Zurich, Loodon, the Channel Islands, and the South

Cook Islands in the South The shares were purchased last week, prompting renewed speculation that NBH was about to become the subject of a

takeover offer.
The A\$65m packet of NBH shares has been vested with the National Companies and Securities Commission in an ettempt to flush out the mystery

NBH said yesterday that the company was baffled by the secrecy surrounding the new owner's identity.

owner's identity.

There was speculation last week that the buyer was industrial Equity, Mr Ron Brierley's aggressive Sydney-based investment group, but excessive secrecy is not usually part of that company's tradecraft.

Under the court order, Bank of NSW nominees cannot sell or transfer the shares, receive divideods, or exercise voting rights. This is the first time that shares in any company have been vested in the NCSC.

Sumitomo to set up overseas financial units

By Yoko Shibata in Tokyo SUMITOMO CORPORATION is to set up financial services sub-sidiaries in London, Panama and the Cayman Islands, the first such operations to be launched by a Jepanese trading

The three wholly-owned sub-sidiaries will have a combined paid-up capital of more than \$180m, and are scheduled to start in April.

The Cayman subsidiary plans to raise capital through privately and publicly offered bonds, proceeds from which will ultimately be invested in the public and corporate bond markets in Europe. Assets are expected to reach \$200m in the first year.

THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK

To accordate with the series and confinious, of the Notes, notice is hareby given that for the times mostly interest period from 9th Japany 1986 the Notes will curry a 1881 of interest of 13/4% per amount. The reference laterest Payment, Dans will be 9th April 1986, The Coupon Amount per £5,000 will be £161.82 payable against Surrender of

Hambros Rank Limited Agent Bank

competition, and counter the 1985, or nearly a quarter of e slump in its Middle East traffic, million more than 1983-84.

national flag carrier

wide-bodied aircraft in service, in order to improve efficiency, to echieve better utilisation of

PAKISTAN is considering a A flotation in the US has company to gain a Wall Street US flotation for Pakistan International Airlines (PIA), that ternational Finance Corporational flag carrier.

A decision by the Government of the World Bank Pakistani companies large or well-enough known to investors about the contract of the contract

national Airlines (PIA), the mational flag carrier.

A decision by the Government, which holds S1 per cent of the alrline's equity, is expected within the next few pected within the n the flotation. The IFC believes that selling PIA shares would bring the cirline some useful foreign exchange, and additionally would provide an indication to foreign private lovestors that they are welcome in Pakingstan.

If the proposal goes through a flotation in the 8 to 9 per PIA will be the first Pakistan cent range at about PRs 142m.

PIA braced for harsher climate

PAKISTAN International Air- aircraft and crews, and to cut

one of its most important areas of activity in the past. The process of shoring up PIA started in August 1981 with the drastic martial law order banning all trade unions, order banning all trade unions, which, along with poor management, were held responsible for the airline's problems. The year 198485 has shown better results, although come of the financial gains will have to be interpreted with caution, given the extremely poor performance of the previous weeks.

of the previous years.

The airline has also begun to reequip. Five Boeing 737-300 aircraft were acquired last year to fly on domestic and regional routes, and the airline now has fleet totalling 45 aircraft of various types.

The aircraft in commercial

The aircraft in commercial service (that is, excluding training aircraft) include four Boeing 747 Jumbo jets, four McDonnell Douglas DC-10-30s, sevan Airbus A-300-B4s, five Boeing 707s for passengers and two more for cargo, three Boeing 720Bs, five Boeing 737-300s, nine Fokker F-27s and two Twin Otters.

PIA has decided to swap its PIA has decided to swap its four DC-10-80s for three Boeing

747s from Canadian Pacific Air-lines, and also to acquire an Airbus A-300. The swap, which started in December, will be completed by October. The company decided it oeeded to reduce from three to two the number of types of

PAKISTAN International Airlines is currently engaged in
e four-pronged fight, and is trying to come out of it with as
fow bruises as possible.

It has to make major improvements in all spheres of its
standards, cut excess staff,
survivo increasing international
flow 3.75m passengers in 1984competition. and counter the international crews, and to cut
down inventories.

An excessive big workforce
continues to cause concern.
There are still 466 employees to
national destinations, including
the later and the Far
in each aircraft—including the
each aircraft—including the
force from a peak of 23,550 in
1981 to 19,105 in 1985.

The competition has also increased over the years with

proved to 65.7 per cent from 64.6 per cent in the previous year. The revenue tonne-kilo-

Mohammed Aftab in Islamabad examines attempts to improve efficiency at the

metres (RTKs) flown rose to 903.6m, up from 876.8 RTK in 1983.84. Overall revenue load factor rose to 58.4 per cent from 56.7 per cent in the pre-

factor rose to 58.4 per cent from 56.7 per cent in the previous year.

Air Marshall Wadar Azim, PIA'e managing director, claims seat ntilisation of 66.5 per cent in comparison with less than 60 per cent in the 1960s.

PIA saw its operating revenue rise to PRs 10.19bn (\$637.6m) in 1984-85, from PRs 9.29bn in 1984-85, from PRs 9.29bn in 1983-84. Its operating expenses rose to PRs 9.32bn from PRs 8.58bn. The operating surplus rose to PRs 868m from PRs 711m and net wprth increased to PRs 4.61bn from PRs 3.79bn.

The higher profit has been at the first on various international routes, especially Saudi Arabia and the Gulf, where some 2.5m Pakistan workers were employed following the oil boom.

PIA faced a continuing decline in growth in the Gulf market for the third year, and the second consecutive year in the Saudi Arabia market.

Continue to grow," says its management. The year 1984-85 was e time of "peak profit capacity, the company's fixed capacity, the company's fixed capacity, the company's fixed capacity, the romaging dividence of new aircraft capacity, the company's fixed capacity, the romaging dividence of new aircraft capacity, the company's fixed capaci

Europe, and one in the US. It serves 29 Pakistani cities and flew 3.75m passengers in 1984-1985, or nearly a quarter of emillion more than 1983-84.

The passenger load factor lumproved to 65.7 per cent from 64.6 per cent in the previous year. The revenue tonne-kilomann and the pakistan flower than 1985 in 1985.

The competition has also increased over the years with Gulf and Seudi Arabian airlines now taking their full share of the Pakistan Middle East market. The capacity of those airlines has at the same time mounted significantly.

The Pakistan Government.

The Pakistan Government, last year, permitted its nationals for the first time in more than two decades to travel by foreign airlines. The number of foreign airlines operating to and from Pakistan har ing to and from Pakistan has increased from 22 in 1975 to 30 in 1985.

PIA sees "challenging times ahead." It will be unrealistic to expect its profitability to continue to grow," says its management. The year 1994.85 was e time of "peak profitability" and with the recent introduction of new aircraft capacity, the company's fixed cost will rise appreciably, which could generate a new set of probloms. It will, therefore.

THE MORTGAGE BANK AND FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION AGENCY OF THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK 550,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes Due 1994 Sales 91

POSTICIE.

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NEW ISSUE



\$100,000,000

Baltimore Gas and Electric Company

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Floating Rate Notes Due 1995

The undersigned acted as sole underwriter of this issue Treasury Bill Indexed Collared Floating Rate Notes.

PaineWebber



The Sumitomo Bank, Ltd.

\$50,000,000

Collared Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit Due August 15, 1990

T-Bill Indexed

We served as financial advisor and sole underwriter in connection with this issue.

PaineWebber

August, 1985

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

September 19, 1985

Student Loan Marketing Association

\$100,000,000

Floating Rate Notes, Series E Due September 12, 1995

Treasury Bill Indexed Collared Floating Rate Notes.

PaineWebber

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

September 26, 1985

\$100,000,000 Student Loan Marketing Association

Floating Rate Notes, Series F Due October 3, 1989

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These issuers have.

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the managed business and the

Baltimore Gas and Electric Company

> Floating Rate Notes Due 1995 Series II

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PaineWebber

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November 8, 1985

\$100,000,000

CITICORP •

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due November 15, 1992

The undersigned acced as sole manager of this issue of Treasury Bill Indexed Collared Floating Rate Notes.

The Mitsubishi Bank, Ltd.

\$25,000,000

New York Branch

Collared Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit Due November 20, 1990

Libor Indexed

We served as financial advisor and sole underwriter in connection with this issue.

PaineWebber

November, 1985

BILL

Banca Nazionale de Lavoro

\$25,000,000

Collared Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit Due November 20, 1990

Libor Indexed

We served as financial advisor and sole underwriter in connection with this issue.

November, 1985

SOCIÉTÉ GÉNÉRALE

\$50,000,000

Collared Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit Due November 20, 1990

Libor Indexed

We served as financial advisor and sole underwriter in connection with this issue.

November, 1985

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

December 12, 1985



\$50,000,000 CALIFORNIA FEDERAL

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION Collared Floating Rate

Mortgage-Backed Notes, Series A Due December 15, 1988

The undersigned acted as sole manager of this issue.

PaineWebber

Contact Ludovico del Balzo, Managing Director 1 Finsbury Avenue, London EC2M 2PA Telephone: 377-0055 New York • Athens • Geneva • Hong Kong • Paris • Tokyo • Zurich

Bond warrant deal for Nordic bank

EURODOLLAR bond employ market has been bit once ogain by a weak New York bond market. Following Friday's fall the market opened a point or so lower in Europe and fared no better when the New York market opened in the after-

Despite the poor background Mitsubishi Finance Inter-national lounched a \$100m deal for Nordic Investment Bank with bond warrants. The bost bonds bave a 10-year life and pay a 9 per cent coupon with a 100 issue price. This bond can be called from the sixth year at rising prices, starting at 1012 and adding 2 point each year to 1032 in the tenth year. At maturity the bonds will be redeemed at par.

The warrants, priced at \$38; give the right to buy a 10 per cent bond with the same maturcent bonn with the same maturity, which is non-calloble. During the first five years the warrants can be exercised only by surrendering the host bond and paying a small cash adjusting the while effect that time the and paying a small cash adjustment, while after that time the within that spread at 99.65 bid.

were 11 per cent.

The Euro-DM market slipped cent with a 51 per cent to and 991 issue price.

employ the "money back" feature and can be cashed in by investors at levels rising from \$20 in the first year to \$51 at maturity.

Some traders regarded the deal as too complex, though demand eppeared for the warrants which were trading above \$40. The bond looked on the tight side and dealers indicated a trading price et a 2 point discount to the issue price.

A second \$300m floater was A second south moater was launched for Woodside Financial Services, which will go towards financing the company's North West Shelf natural gas export project. It was issued by IBJ International on terms similar to large treatments. on terms similar to last week's deal. The bonds have an 11-year life and will pay interest at three-month London interbank offered rate (Libor). They are guaranteed by Industrial bank offered rate (Libor). Iney are guaranteed by Industrial Bank of Japan and are non-callable for three years. Fees totalled 55 basis points and the bonds traded comfortably within that spread at 99.65 bid.

warrants, a Y20bn deal from Kubota, the agricultural machinery company, led by Yamaichi International (Europe). The five-year bonds have en indicated 3 per cent coupon and par issue price. Fees totalled 2½ per cent. The issue was quoted above par.

Two more Euroyen straight issues were launched, and many more are expected because of the attractive swap opportuni-ties they offer. However, many non-Japanese bouses have taken little interest in these bonds, saying that they have no demand for them and expecting them to be sold to Japanese investors officers. them to be sold to Japanese investors after the six-month lock-up period expires.

Nomura International led both yesterday's deals, each a five-year Y20bn issue with a 6½ per cent coupon. The borrowers were Philip Morris, the Southern California Gas at a US tobacco company whose issue price was set at 100% and Postipankki, the Finnish stateowned bank, where the issue Electric Power's SFr 100m rowers were Philip Morris, the US tobacco company whose issue price was set at 100% and Postipankki, the Finnish state-owned bank, where the issue price is 101%. Fees for both were 17 ner cent

quiet trading. Floaters are still under a cloud. No new issues were seen and some bankers believe that borrowers are waiting for swaps to be arranged. The Swiss franc foreign bond

market remains a haven of optimism with traders expecting interest rates to fall. Prices were slightly firmer yesterday. A number of new issues appeared. Asian Development Bank launched a 30-year zerocoupon issue, led by SBC, with an indicated yield of 51 per cent. The expected proceeds are SFr 100m with an issue price indicated at 20.06.

Electric Power's SFr 100m eight-year issue from the indicated 5‡ per cent to 5.164 per cent with a 5‡ per cent coupon

France lifts New Year issue to FFr 32bn

BY DAVID MARSH IN PARIS

THE FRENCH Government bas a sign of the increased sophistiincreased to FFr 32m (\$4.25bn) cation now being shown by
from FFr 25bn its innovative Paris bond market issuers, the
New Year financing on the first tranche carries a 9.80 per

New Year financing on the first tranche carries a 9.80 per

The New Year financing, comanaged by Credit Lyonnais

HONGKONG LAND, Hong Kong's largest property group, has cancelled a HK\$4bn (US\$512m) stand-by loan, saying that it bas "more than adequate facilities" to meet

future borrowing requirements.

The cancellation of the eight-year facility, which was

arranged early in 1983, comes just e month after the cancel-

lation of a HK\$2.5bn stand-by loan, and is a measure of the group's steady recovery from the collapse in 1982 of the local

BY DAVID DODWELL IN HONG KONG

HK Land cancels facility

HongKong Land to the edge of loans, properties valued at

New Year financing on the domestic capital market, making the operation by far the largest bond issue yet made in France.

first tranche carries a set per cent fixed coupon over 10 years, offered at 96.65 per cent, giving a yield of 10.35 per cent. The second tranche, with a

not expected to rise beyond HK\$11bn. In 1984, the group

bad returned to profit, recording a net surplus of HK\$354m.

As a result of the cancel-

right to exchange either tranche for floating rate bonds. The overall increase in the

making the operation by far the largest bond issue yet made a yield of 10.35 per cent, giving a yield of 10.35 per cent. The second tranche, with a maturity of 11 years and 317 the Treasury has been able to profit from abundant liquidity to place the offering, separated into two tranches. As the tothon over 10 years, for floating-rate bonds. The overall increase in the offering has allowed the Treasury to bring in another novelty for the French market: Of the 9.80 per cent tranche, from total new issues of FFr 250 will be issued in the form of "stripped" bonds for with 1984.

Lisbon refinances \$400m

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

HONGKONG LAND. Hong kong Land's losses amounted to PORTUGAL has renegotiated terms on a borrowing totalling changed some \$400m arranged in 1984 in a second major refinancing exercise to reduce the cost of its foreign borrowing.

New margins of ½ per cent for one year rising to ½ per cent for one year rising to ½ per cent for one year rising to ½ per cent for the next five years are proposed for the credit in question which is divided into two tranches of \$307m and Ecu 120m respectively.

The terms incorporate a substantial cut in the cost of the deal which originally carried a these defining to the same and the same and the same are deal which originally carried a the same are deal which or deal which originally carried a the same are deal which or deal which ored which or deal which or deal which or deal which or deal which HK\$1.28bn. At that time, the company was forecasting thet its debt would reach o peak of around HK\$16bn, with annual around HK\$16bn, with annual interest repayments amounting to more than HK\$1bn.

Yesterday, Mr David Davies, Hongkong Land's managing director, said debts are now

deal which originally carried e

PORTUGAL has renegotiated maturity is being left unchanged at 1992. Industrial Bank of Japan is agent on the dollar portion of the loan while Lloyds Merchant Bank is agent for the Ecu

tranche,
Last November Portugal successfully launched its first
major refinancing when it renemajor remancing when it rene-gotiated the terms of two credits totalling \$650m arranged at the beight of its financial crisis in 1983. The margin over US prime rate on these deals was dropped and a



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Ecu 350m floater by EEC for Greece

THE EUROPEAN Community is to issue Ecu 350m of floatingrate bonds in the first stage of an operation to provide Greece with Ecu 1.75bn over the next year for the financing of its deteriorating balance of payments

Negotistions to raise a further Ecu 525m ere taking place with the banking com-munity and should be completed by the end of the month. But the shape of this financing has not yet been settled.

Banque Paribas Capital
Markets won the mandate for
the floater, which is the largest
such deal yet seen in the Ecu sector of the Eurobond market. The issue will pay interest at the liste will pay interest at the per cent over three-month London inter-bank offered rate (Libor) for Ecu. Front-end fees total 15 basis points. The bonds mature in 1993 but the average life is 6.14 years. These are far better terms than Greece could have achieved on

The issue had a good recep-tion in the market, trading within the total fees at around 99.90, a level above co-managers' costs.

Putting together the finance

for Greece is following much the same pattern as an Ecu 4bn loan for France—also for balance of payments purposes—in 1983, when the funds were raised in five distinct opera-

tions. The difference between the French and Greek cases, bow-ever, arises from the fact that Greece is being subjected to much more stringent conditions as a price for the financing.

EEC Finance Ministers last
November agreed that the
Community would raise
Ecu 1.75bn to help Greece, The

funds, they decided, would be provided in two equal instalments, the second following within one year of the first, though not before January 1

'The second instalment will be made ovailable to Greece only after the European Com-mission and the EEC Monetary Committee have examined the progress of the economic ecovery programme now taking shape in Athens. This is aimed at cutting in-

flation, redocing the public sector borrowing requirement, and curtailing domestic credit

expansion.

The raising of funds through the Community is vital for the Greek Government as a means of the community is the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community is the community in the community in the community is the community in the community in the community is the community in the community is the community in the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the community in the community is vital for the community in the of raising its wilting credit standing in the face of plans to borrow \$1.5bm on the international markets this year and ame amount next year Half of the funds will be used to amortise existing debt. Total Greek foreign borrowing stands et about \$15bn.

DOMESTIC BOND MARKETS

US bears depress Tokyo

The yen bond market closed lower in Tokyo in response to bearish sentiment in the US The yield of the bellwether 6.8 per cent 10-year government bond No. 68 ended at 6.00 per

cent against 5.96 on Friday and the yield of the 6.2 per cent No. 78 bond at 5.85 per cent against 5.89 per cent. Dealers expect the No. 78 bond to be the next benchmark issue. ### Average price changes...

DEUTSCHE MARK

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Binkts: Travenai 72, 94

Coemhagun 73, 95

Coem Most operators shrugged off bullish domestic factors, such as steadily declining yen term interest rates and the relatively stable dollar/yen rate.

Swiss warrants ease In Zurich public anthority issues were little changed. The latest 44 per cent Swiss Federal bond ended 0.05 points higher

bond ended 0.05 points higher at 102.20 per cent.

Among warrant bonds of major Swiss banks the 3 per cent UBS shed 0.50 points to 118 per cent and the 3 per cent Swiss Bank Corporation lost 0.75 points to 110 per cent. Elsewhere the 3½ per cent. Crossair warrant issue was un-Crossair warrant issue was un-changed at 125 per cent.

Frankfurt cautious Public authority bond prices

ended lower in Frankfurt in quiet trading, with investors unwilling to open fresb positions after last week's decline on US credit markets and today's dollar recovery.
"The changing mood in the US has made most operators very cautious," one dealer said. Longer maturities were quoted around 50 pfennigs lower and shorter maturities fell as much as 45 pfennies.

Amsterdam lower

Dutch Government were lower where changed in selective trading ahead of an expected new state issue on Wednesday although so far there is no on what coupon or lifetime the new bond will carry. Buying interest remained lukewarm with many institutions absent. Lower coupon bonds fell by 20 to 40 cents with isolated declines of 50 cents. The most recent state bond declined by 25 cents to 100,90 to yield 6.85 per cent

Peter Montagnon on a discounting game for experts Repackaging country debt

ing country debt.

While the more exotic loans from countries such as Nicaragua ere trading down to as low as 10 per cent of their face valoe, even those of the better rated countries are still on offer at a discount of 20 per cent or more from par.

All this suggests that there should be some scope for securitising the debt and repackaging it in a high-yielding packaging it in a high-yielding form that could be sold on to investors looking for a speculative punt in the bond markets.

Unfortunately for would-be practitioners, the art of securitising Latin American debt turns out to be much more difficult than that of repackaging mortgages which is currently all the rage.

Though fairly well established as a banking activity since the debt crisis broke in 1982, trading of Latin American

since the debt crisis broke in 1982, trading of Latin Ameri-can assets remains a specialist occupation in the hands of a relatively small number of experts. The market is thin, with a turnover last year of perhaps \$2bn perhaps \$2bn.
"It is a myth to say that a

real market bas developed in restructured Third World debt assets," says Mr Martin Schubert of European Interamerican Finance Corporation, which deals in the assets in the assets in the says of the corporation with Cingger and partnership with Singer and Friedlander of London.

Deals are arranged on an ad hoc basis. Sometimes multina-tional corporations with investments to make in Latin America are involved as buyers. Occasionally rich private investors step in, but most business is say, a repackaged mortgage or done by banks wanting to swap car loan, is that the latter bas one country's debt for another a firm maturity which every-

NEVER SLOW to miss out on or to adjust the relative weight body expects will be respected, an opportunity of making in their portfolios of private No one can today predict when money. US investment banks and public sector credits.

Latin American loans will be rebave begun to eya the discounts available in the secondary market for rescheduled development below the first portions of private and public sector credits.

Latin American loans will be repaid and thus a repackaged involving as many as six or security would inevitably take eight different elices of debt. Though Shearson Lehman petual obligation, Brothers indicates some prices, Mr Jay Newman

> round to posting viable prices woold imply a discount far on a Reuters screen. That is in any case something that most major lending banks

PRICE RANGE ON LATIN AMERICAN DEBT 65-69 82-84 68-71 80-82

As percentage of face value. market in rescheduled debt could play havoc with their accounts if auditors then forced folios to market. Already US banks have become much more

reluctant to trade their loan assets since the Institute of Certified Public Accountants ruled last year that they could avoid taking a loss only if they proved such deals entailed no loss of value On the other hand many European, Middle Esstern and

Latin American banks do not mind swapping debt. The process can allow the true level of the discounts to be obscured. Moreover, the difference between a rescheduled loan and,

Mr Jay Newman of Shearson as the teble shows, the range is Lehman says that a yield high very broad. No one has yet got enough to take this into account enough to take this into account greater than banks can afford. "Most banks don't bave enough reserves to sell outright for cash and therefore take o loss." But be adds that this could change as provisions against re-scheduled debt ore increased.

"Within two or three years we'll see a significant number of loans provided for which could increase the dynamism of the market in traded assets."

Two countries debts currently stand out among the more actively traded. One is Chile, which has an official scheme for turning debt into equity. It involves permitting Chilean residents to buy with free market deliver private sactor debt at a dollors private sector debt at a discount which is then cancelled

at the full face value and converted into equity.

The other is Brazil, where Links trade their commitments to lend under the Phase II rescheduling package which allows credit to be switched

from one borrower to another. That sort of process is one which, bankers believe, gives the market a genuine commercial justification. On the other band there is no getting away from the fact that its exister also exposes the size of the dis-

counts to the public gaze. With even the best rated debts changing bands at only just over 80 per cent of their face value, there seems little immediate prospect of banks returning to new voluntary lending, where the price would be an inescapable 100 cents on

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I.	Average price changes On day -1 on week -15	Net West Perp. A 51 \$61. 100.13 100.22 19/8 81. Net West Perp. 8 51 \$61. 100.17 100.28 9/7 8.21

Rosting Rate Notes: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Coupen unlower is minimum. C.draw wise indicated. Coupen unlower is minimum. C.draw been ext doupen becomes effective. Beread = Margin above eix-month after atta (‡ three-month; § nbove above eix-month after atta (‡ three-month; § nbove above eix-month after Componitive Indicated Componitive Indicated Interview Indicated. Chg. dny = Change on day. Cnv. data = First data far conversion into nhnres. Cnv. price = Current after an anount of the current after an anount of the current into fixed it leave price of sequiring shares via the bond ever thin mast recent price of the shares.

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In the face of increased competition from both new and established publications, the International Herald Tribune can report all-time highs in both key indicators of a newspaper's health: circulation and advertising.

Circulation continued to grow at an unprecedented rate, and, for the full year 1985, reached 168,000. This represents an increase of 29% during the five-year period 1981-85.

Circulation gains have been both steady and evenly distributed between our European and Asian editions. In Europe, recent growth has been particularly significant: since early 1983, when the Wall Street Journal Europe entered the market, the IHT has added 15,300 copies, to reach a European circulation of 128,300.

Advertising Revenue grew to \$ 32,625,000 in 1985 – a 34% increase over 1984. Total advertising space was up 1121 columns or 14%, with growth being shown in all major classifications, especially in the IHT's highly visible 4-color, which was up by 68%.

Results for the IHT Pacific edition (advertising appearing in the Hong Kong and Singapore press runs only) were even more dramatic; up 560 columns, or 48% – the fastest growth of any international publication in the Pacific area.

A record year for the IHI

Automotive + 98 columns
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Supplements + 103 columns

This comes at a time when advertising investment in international media has shown only modest growth. Rome Report figures for the first nine months 1984/85 show an overall increase of 8% in the Atlantic area and 11% in the Pacific. Thus, relative to competing publications, the IHT's 1985 performance is particularly satisfying.

New Research. In 1985, Research Services

New Research. In 1985, Research Services
Limited, London, undertook a major study of the
business responsibilities, lifestyle and reading
habits of frequent international business travelers,
a group that is of prime importance, not only to
marketers of travel-related products and services,
but also to any company interested in reaching the
truly international senior business executive. The
full report of this survey is available from any IHT
office.

Miami printing by satellite from Paris will start February 24, to permit distribution of the International Herald Tribune in Latin America and the Caribbean. It will also mean improved availability in major marketing and financial centers in the United States. This will be the eighth IHT facsimile printing site.

If you would like to receive further information on the global newspaper, please contact your IHT office at the address below:

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Bringing the world's most important news to the world's most important audience.

MAI in £36m agreed bid for Wagon Finance

group, formerly known as Mills & Allen International, is making an agreed £35.5m bid for Wagon Finance Corporation, the Finance Corporation, the Sheffield-based instalment credit

last night et 345p, down 15p, while Wagon closed at 139p, after hitting 143p carlier in the

day.

The MAI group already owns
97 per cent of Wagon Finance,
and Hambros, its merchant
bankers, another 3.9 per cent.
Wagon Finance will be making a preliminary announcement on its 1985 results with the formal offer document. These will show record profits at the trading level, but owing to the sharp

SHAREHOLDERS yesterday approved e financial rescue package for Burnett & Hallamshire, the coal and property group, but not before bitterly attacking its past management and questioning the reporting of Grant Thornton, its outgoing auditors.

are expected to show little change from the previous year, when it earned £3.4m pre-tax.

The group has also written a record level of new business, finance company.

The acquisition reflects MAI's which is incurring finance costs, but should benefit the group in

desire to strengthen its position in the personal financial services market.

The terms are five ordinary shares of MAI for every 12 wagon stares, equivalent to 150p per share. Full acceptance will involve the issue of 8.9m new MAI shares. MAI shares closed last night et 345p, down 15p.

Which is incurring finance costs, but should be neaff the group in future years.

MAI said it was confident that the dilution of its earnings per share would be insignificant, and that the benefits of the merger would be important.

MAI said it had adentified instalment credit as "a key area" MAI said it had identified instalment credit as "a key area in the development of the per-sonal financial services market," which it wants to develop.

MAI is a major player in the international money and securities broking market. It also has an extensive UK insurance hroking network through which it is getting into personal financial services.

services.

In the year to June 30 1985,
MAI earned £27.4m pre-tax, an
increase of 36 per cent, e large

Anger as Burnett rescue agreed

compe/mce" of previous boards which had led the company to "this absolute shambles."

Date Corre- Total Total of sponding for last

The rescue package, which took nine months to negotiate with a group of 15 creditor banks, involves the conversion rationalisation and write-off of £65m of debt to equity and could reduce existing share-holders' equity interests to between 13 and 24 per cent of the total. However, the board had made it clear thet the only alternative was receivership.

Some 200 shareholders spent more than an hour et an extraordinary general meeting in

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

proportion of which came from the US, where MAI is a broker in the bond and money markets. Mr Joseph Chopping, executive chairman of Wagon, said the merger would strengthen the company's sources of funding and capital and "open up a greater pattern of growth."

Mr Clive Hollick, managing director of MAI, said there was a "tremendous opportunity to sell credit products to our customer base" in the insurance business, MAI would be invest-

business. MAI would be investing new capital in Wagon, but the business would be developed at a sensible pace. Wagon will retain its trading name and separate identity.

Mr Chopping will joint MAI's board until his retirement at the end of this year when he will be succeeded by Mr Joseph Skekon, Mr Hollick, Mr Nicholas Cosh, a director of MAI and Mr John Bowmer, chief executive of MAI's personal financial services division, will join Wagon's board.

know whether the firm would now like to have second thoughts about the figures for creditors given in the balance sheet, and would wish to qualify

Grant Thornton yesterday stepped down as auditors, to be replaced by Price Waterhouse, which has carried out a review

Mr Nigel Swiffen, chairman of Burnett from 1976 to 1980 and still a shareholder, said it

sided.
Sir John Clark, Plessey chairman, said: "If you want to see this as a passionate plea for our independence, it is."

Lord Weinstock, GEC managing director commented: "I have seen the document and I don't recognise in it the Plessey I have known and loved for 30 years."

private business owned by Mr Leopold Muller and Mr Lestie

No sense in GEC bid says Plessey

By Charles Batchelor

Pleasey yesterday unveiled the details of its defence against the £1.2bn hostile takeover bld from General Electric, arguing that a company committed, like Plessey, to high technology, would be destroyed if it were absorbed by "a finance-driven conglomerate" such as GEC.

In a 30-page document sent to shareholders Plessey said that on the grounds of financial perform-ance, industrial logic and management style the GEC bid did not make sense.

In contrast to the restrained tone of the GEC offer document Plessey took a forceful line, dis-missing the bid as detisory and The assertion that a GEC-take-over of Plessey would enhance Britain's prospects in telecom-munications and electronics was ill-founded and based on logic that was misinformed, Plessey

Sheffield questioning Mr Tom Carlile, who recently replaced off balance sheet, though Mr Eric Grayson as chairman as part of the rescue package.

The meeting strongly supported Mr Carlile, but shareholders roundly condemned what one described as the "incommentation of programs heavile commentation of programs heavile to the same in the helmont

I have known and loved for su years."

Plessey attacked GEC's financial performance, comparing an increase of 116 per cent in its own operating profit since 1878-1980 with a 53 per cent rise at GEC. Plessey's pre-tax profits rose at a compound annual rate of 22 per cent against Plessey's 12 per cent, it said.

Plessey reviewed GEC's recent acquisitions including Averys, the weighing machine group, bought in 1978, and Picker Corporation, the US high technology group acquired in 1981, and concluded GEC had failed to achieve most of its objectives.

sheet, and would wish to quality
the accounts.

A representative of Grant
Thornton said there bad
obviously been "significant
circumstances" during 1985,
which had been fully disclosed
in a note to the accounts, and
the comparative figures for
1984 had not been altered. most of its objectives.

Plessey said it had sufficient sales, volume and funds to develop the technologies needed for the future, including spend-

for the future, including spending on System: X, the public switching system it manufactures jointly with GEC, without GEC's help.

GEC's shareholders yesterday overwhelmingly approved their company's bid plans at an extraordinary meeting. However, Mr. James Prior, chairman, was questioned on the likelihood of a takeover leading to job losses and the need for a share issue to fund the deal when GEC 2nd recently been buying in its own Asked whether the banks might consider legal action against Grant Thornton, Mr Carille said that if they elected to do so, that would be their decision. been bedly managed for the past five years and be urged the board to scrutinise all part deals and pursue litigation recently been buying in its own

Ownership of the Commingst Reems, one of London's biggest and best-known conference and banqueting centres, is changing bands in a 221m deal announced Plessey's shares rose 20 yester

Lisa Wood on Cadbury Schweppes proposed £82.5m disposals

Time for a slim-line tonic

THE SUGGESTION that Cadbury Schweppes has been slow to grasp the corporate nettle and dispose earlier of businesses such as its food and beverages division angers Mr Dominic Cadbury, the group's chief executive.

The division is expected to be sold shortly in an £82.5m management buy-out.

"We are not stodgy. We are professional and thorough," said Mr Cadbury who took on the job of chief executive in 1984 after being managing director of the group's UK confectionery group's business.

"We made it clear a year ago, in our annual report, what our objectives were—to concentrate on our mainstream businesses— and we have acted promptly to affect that strategy."

There were some in the City yesterday who would dispute the speed of action at Cadbury, Britain's biggest confectionery manufacturer and second largest fazy drinks producer.

coupled with last month's dis-posal of the loss-making health and hygiene business, with its Jeyes brands, will, according to Mr Cadbury, give management that singleness of purpose needed for the group's confec-tionery and soft drinks activities. "In the UK," he said, "the

OWNERSHIP of the Community

BY MICHAEL CASSELL, PROPERTY CORRESPONDENT

Scott's Restaurant of Mayfair, much more exclusive and expen-tive Publicity quoted restaurant sive Commanght Hotel in Carles



Hr Deminic Cadhury, chief executive of Cadhury Schwepper, and some of the group's products carmarked for disposal

manufacturer and second largest fazy drinks producer.

Of even greater concern were problems in North America where the group revealed yesterday that it will make a loss in 1865 compared with a contribution of \$23 m to total group pretaken a long time to get to grips with problems in the US but they were not ones that could be solved overnight." said Mr Julian Lakin, of stockbrokers Scrimgeor, Remp-Gee.

"The City's view also is that "Cadbury Schweppes in the UK should have done something about the health and hygiene not so pressing."

The proposed management buy-out of the food and to see the five or four brand own habel and beverages division, with such they—like more to so pressing."

The proposed management buy-out of the food and to see the five or four brand own habel and and hygiene business, with its possal of the health and hygiene business, with its record £10.9m in 1980 to £9.2m brands, given what is happening in the War Ladbury, give management in 1984. For 1986 they are brands, which is possal of the health and hygiene business, with its record £10.9m in 1980 to £9.2m brands, which is possal of the hands as recorded to have been even given what is happening in the War Ladbury, give management in 1984. For 1986 they are

in 1984. For 1986 they are expected to have been even lower. "The business requires single-minded concentration," said Mr Cadbury.

the banqueting complex in Great Queen Street, on the edge

of Covers Garden, Pre-bux profits in the financial year ending December 1834 reached just over £174,000. The Commandst Rooms com-

Scott's Restaurant buys Connaught Rooms

"The strength of Cadbury Schweppea," said Mr Lang, "is their confectionery and soft drinks businesses and low yielding divisions such as food and beverages were dissipating their strength. This was a problem given what is happening in the US."

The problems in the impor-tant North American market erupted in 1984 with Cadbury

Company to operates three hosted some of London's largest fession, and Drones, the fashion-London restaurants, as well as banqueting occasions and the able cating bouse in Pont Street.

Schweppes offering food brokers considerable incentives to stock its confectionery products. The result was a serious overstocking of products in a market with little increased consumer demand.

Production was cut, sales dropped and Cadbury announced a loss of £1.8m for the first half

Mr Cadbury said that in 198 a major restructuring of the US business was carried out and it was "very expensive." We have turned that business around now and 1986 will bring the

"Part of this reorganisation includes going direct to the consumer, rather than through food brokers, and streamlining several divisions into two."

There are still those who are There are still those who are sceptical of such optimism, pointing out that Cadbury has more deep-seated problems in the US where companies such as Hershey Foods Corporation and Mars take a giant slice of the confectionery market and outgun Cadbury's US distribution and production company, Peter Paul Cadbury, in marketing spend.

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Our 1986 Outlook provides our assessment of the state of the US equity and bond markets, and a detailed evaluation of what we expect in the coming year.

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banqueting occasions and the new countries of the will continue to do so.

Scott's own, flagship is in the balance will be met in Shares, payable to Mr Jarkson. States from the luxury Connaught Hotel, and the group also be repaying £28m in loans to operates several other cantral Connaught Restaurants have London restaurants and liceased premises, including Skeekeys, the famous West End restaurant frequented by the theatrical pro-

Ultimately, timely advice is the greatest asset any investor can have. It's a point worth noting that at Merrill Lynch, every investor is serviced by a Financial Consultant—a knowledgeable professional, who is in turn supported by our superior source of investment information and advice. This way, our years of experience on Wall Street are atthe other end of your telephone.

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	AFT 141

of our 1986 US Outlook today. It could turn out to be one of your more rewarding as much as we have?

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Financial Times Tuesday January 14 1986



we of the Property

ht Room

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What's the big attraction?

WILLS ROYCE

Is it Bristol's rapidly expanding. high technology base? Or our highly skilled workforce? Or the pulling power of emajor financial centre with excellent mad, rail and air links? Or the allure of our beautiful environment? Of course, it's ecombination of factors, How else could Bristol attract all these top companies?

For further forceful arguments, contact Mike West, Bristol's Director of Economic Development

BRISTOL The attraction is magnetic Bristof Economic Development Office, Bristof House, M. George's Road, Bristol B83 5UN. Tel (0272) 291620 Telex: +19714BREDO G

LADBROKE INDEX 1.103-1.107 (--13) Based on FT Index

UK COMPANY NEWS

Guinness Peat sells most of its property division

business.

In a deal which amounts to a mangement huy-out, the financial services group is to sell most of its existing property business to City Merchant Developers, promoted and controlled by Mr Martin Landau, until now the managing director of Guinness Peat Properties.

Martin Landau, until now the managing director of Guinness Peat Properties.

The Guinness Pest property arm was set up in 1880 under Mr Landau, a former director or Guinness Mahon, the group's merchant banking business. It has expanded rapidly and become increasingly active in the UK and the US.

Mr Alastair Morton, chief executive of Guinness Peat, said the sale would create a substantial, independent property development and investment group which could grow to achieve its full potential.

Guinness Peat has agreed to sell, for £18m, most of its UK added, had reached a stage in its property development interests development where it accounted to a new company set up by the managing director of its property tion of the group balance sheet. A decision had to be taken on whether the group remained committed to an expanding property development and investment business to clity Merchant Developers, promoted and controlled by Mr activities within its principal managing director of Guinness business.

ments."

There will be a limited and revolving commitment of group and bank funds to the property sector.

Guinness Peat is not selling any of its US property interests.

near Exeter, Devon. These will add a further 476 homes to the group bringing the total to 3,300.

ELECO HOLDINGS has sold its

MARSHALL'S

MARSHALL'S UNIVERSAL, motor vehicles and paper dis-stributor, is to hold e poli on plans to ecquire Skelmersdale Packaging. The move was agreed on a show of hands at an EGM, but British Syphon Industries, which owns 25.6 per cent of Marshall, demanded the poli.

J. J. LLOYD managers have

formed Lloyd International and, supported by leading UK institutional investors, have acquired J. J. Lloyd Instruments and Educational Measurements from private vendors.

in any class of SGB shares to more than 15 per cent during the period of the Monopolies Com-ission investigation.

or intere

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

RADIUS. USM-quoted computer systems and maintenance group has bought Geest Computer Ser-vices' distributive systems divi-sion for a net asset value astimated at £38,000. The division specialises in systems for the motor trade and will form a seventh Radius office in Peter-borough.

MILLBANK TRUST'S offer for Towngrade Securities was accepted by holders of 1.93m shares (19.5 per cent). Before the offer, which is now closed, Millbank owned 3.75m Towngrade shares (70.7 per cent) giving it a present holding of 90.2 per cent.

the offer, which is now closed, Millbank owned 3.75m Towngrade shares (70.7 per cent) giving it a present holding of 90.2 per cent.

LONDON SHOP Property Trust has bought four properties for 14.42m—a shopping precinct in Uttoreter (£1.18m), e retail warehouse in Salisbury (£1.24m). a sactivated profits after tax of 125-year lease on nine shops in Newport (£1.63m) and aix shops in Hartlepool (£375,000).

REYWEST INVESTMENTS is to take over Brint Australia, a subsidiary of Brint Australia, subsidiary of Brint Investments, for just under A\$2.9m cash, Brint has made a A\$5m inyestment in Marshall's UNIVERSAL, Motor value and reason discovery and research of a close of a minimum of £400,000, Kunick will acquire the halance of the shares.

has made a Asam investment in Keywest as a result of a place. ment. The acquisition will increase Keywest's lovestment in Minoil Securities from 11.8 per cent to 24.36 per cent.

AURORA has sold its subsidiary Edgar Allen Mining Products to Dengel and Barker (Holdings). 1290,000 was paid to Adrora on account for the shares and the payment of intergroup indebted-ness. The balance is payable on completion of the subsidiary's 1985 accounts.

GODFREY DAVIES Holdings RET has undertaken not to tial parks for a total cost of just over £2m. It has purchased the Hoo Marina Park, near Rochester, Kent, and the Newport Park,

where it has invested more than fornia. It intends to add this North American portfolio.

The joint company established in the US with Travelers Insur-ance Corporation will continue, in association with Mr Landau's new company.

It is intended that the major part of City Merchant Developers' share capital of film will be subscribed by substantial investors and institusubstantial investors and institu-tions, leaving the management with a minority stake in the company. Guinness Peat will have an option, likely to be taken np, to subscribe for a quarter of the ordinary share capital and for one-third of the £3m preference shares.

Bankers Trust, who have advised Mr Landau, have agreed to make available to the new company a mixture of term loans and guarantees amounting to

Hillsdown offer goes unconditional

Hilsdown Holdings has declared unconditional its £17m offer for Fyke Holdings, the catering butcher, having gained control of just over 50 per cent of the company.

Composite Structures subsidiary to its management. Manufacturing links with Eleco's factories will be maintained. of the company.

Acceptances have been received from holders of 44.84 per cent of the shares, which together with the shares already owned by Hillsdown take its stake to 50.11 per cent. A week ago the company was poised to gain control having received 44.18 per cent acceptances.

Gien International, the financial services company which owns 29 per cent of Pyke, confirmed yesterday that it had no intention of selling its stake.

Pyke shares closed at 410p, down 5p, compared to an equivalent value of the bid of 411p. Hillsdown's shares closed mechanged et 187p. INTERNATIONAL INVEST-MENT Trust Company of Jersey's rights issue was taken up in respect of 124,098 units (85.6 per cent). The balance has been sold in the market.

Wyndham bids £1.7m for Williams of Cardiff

By Richard Tomkins

Wyndham, the Cardiff cial services group, yesterday launched a fl.7m takeovar bid for John Williams of Cardiff, the stel stockholder, processor, gal-vaniser and foundry operator.

Williams' shares closed 7p np at 27p after the announcement. Mr David Williams, the company's chairman, said he was waiting to see details of the bid and advised shareholders to take no action until they had heard from the Williams' board. The terms of the offer are two Wyndham ordinary shares for every seven Williams ordinary. With Wyndham's shares unchanged yesterday at 870, this values each Williams share at 24.86p.

cash for each Williams 5 per cent rumulative preference share of

Wyndham says it holds 1.16m Williams shares and that irrevocable undertakings to accept the ordinary offer have been given in respect of a further 210,000, together repre-senting 19.7 per cent of Williams' issued ordinary share capital.

In addition Gellaw Properties, e company controlled by two of Wyndham's directors, and two other Williams shareholders have indicated that they intend to accept the ordinary offer in respect of 1.02m shares, representing a further 14.6 per cent. Williams incurred losses from 1981 to 1984 but turned in e pre-tax profit of £25,000 for the year to September 1985.

Wyndham also incurred losses in 1982 and 1983 but made pre-tax profits of £109,000 in the year to March 1985, against £47,000 the preceding year. The group said yesterday that the close commercial fit with William's founday operations would prefoundry operations would produce algnificant benefits for the enlarged group.

Perstorp

Notice of Annual General Meeting

The Shareholders of Perstorp AB are hereby invited to an Annual General Meeting to be held on Saturday, 1st February, 1986 at 10 a.m. at Persgarden, Perstorp AB's employee centre in Perstorp.

Agenda
1. Election of a Chairman to preside at the meeting. 2. Preparation and approval of a voting list.

3. Election of two people to approve the minutes.

4. Examination of whether the meeting has been properly convened. 5. Presentation of the Annual Report, the Auditors' Report, the Consolidated Accounts and the Auditors' Report on the Group.

6. Resolutions in respect of the following will be proposed:

(a) the adoption of the Profit and Loss Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Profit and Loss Statement and the Consolidated Balance Sheet; (b) the appropriation of the Company's profit according to the adopted Balance Sheet; and

(c) the Directors' and the Managing Director's discharge from flability. The proposal of the Board of Directors that it should be granted authority to issue up to 2,500,000
new free B-series shares ("New Shares"). Such authority would be valid until the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Resolution will give the Board of Directors power to waive Shareholders' preferential subscription rights in respect of any issue of New Shares, it is intended that the purpose of any such issue of New Shares would be to finance acquisitions. The Board of Directors would be empowered to accept assets other than cash, or the set-off of claims against the Company as consideration for the issue of New Shares.

8. Approval of the Board of Directors' and the Auditors' fees. 9. Election of the Board of Directors, the Auditors and Deputy Auditors.

In order to take part in the Annual General Meeting, Shareholders must be registered in the Shareholders' Register maintained by the Swedish Securities Register Centre (Värdepapperscentralen VPC AB) not later than Wednesday, 22nd January, 1986. Shareholders who have placed their shares in trust must temporarily re-register the shares in their own names to allow them to participate in the meeting. Such re-registration must be made not later than Wednesday, 22nd January, 1986.

A Shareholder may attend and vote at the meeting in person or by proxy but in accordance with Swedish practice the Company does not send forms of proxy to its Shareholders, Shareholders wishing to vote by proxy should submit their own forms of proxy to the Company.

Notification of participation in the Annual General Meeting must be given to Perstorp AB no later than Wednesday, 29th January, 1986 at 3 p.m.:

by telephone, by calling (010) 46 435-38286 (direct line); or by mail, addressed to Perstorp AB, S-284 80 Perstorp, Sweden.

The Company will confirm receipt of notice of participation by sending an admission card to be shown at the meeting. This confirmation will also include a detailed description of the most suitable route to Persoander.

The Board of Directors has decided to propose that the Record Date for dividend be Wednesday, 5th February, 1986. Should this be approved, it is anticipated that the dividend will be distributed by the Swedish Securities Register Centre on Wednesday, 12th February, 1986.

Perstorp, January 1986 The Board of Perstorp AB.



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January 14, 1986

BOARD MEETINGS

The Kingdom of Belgium

£100,000,000

Floating Rate Notes due 1994

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from 10th January, 1986 to 10th April, 1986 the Notes will bear a Rate of Interest of 13% per annum. The Interest Amount payable on 10th April, 1986 will be £3,205.48 per £100,000 Note.

> County Bank Limited Agent Bank

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FUTURE DATES

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NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

DuPont Canada Inc.

U.S.\$65,000,000

131/2% Debentures due 1991

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DuPont Canada Inc. Intends to redeem all of its outstanding 13½%. Debentures due 1991 (the "Debentures") on February 15, 1986 (the "Redemption Date") at the reder price of 102% of their principal amount (the "Redemption Price"). On February 15, 1986 the Redemption will become due and payable upon all Debentures. On and after the Redemption Date interest on the Debentures will cease to accrue. Coupons due February 15, 1986 or prior thereto should be detached and presented for payment in the usual manner.

The Redemption Price on the Debentures shall be payable upon presentation and surrender thereof with all

THE ROYAL BANK AND TRUST COMPANY New York, NY 10005

ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED 1 London Wall London EC2Y 5JX BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOUNG S.A. 14 Rue Aldringen SOCIETE GENERALE DE DEUTSCHE BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT BANQUE S.A. 3 Montagne du Parc 1000 Brussels

BANQUE NATIONALE DE 16 Boulevard des Italiens UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND

Debentures should be surrendered with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the Reder Date, failing which the face value of any missing unmatured coupon will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Any amount so deducted will be paid against surrender of the missing coupon within a period of

se Gallusstrasse 10-14

For: DuPont Canada Inc.

By: The Royal Trust Compan

Loans growth lifts London Scottish

THE SECOND six months for the London Scottish Finance Corpeak period saw a record loan demand, improving in loan demand, improving the second saw a record loan demand.

Turnover for the past year (to with a "buge" increase in retail in loan demand, improving income and e slowing-down in

A final dividend of 2.1p (1.9p) lifts the total from 2.8p to 3p net per 100 share. A one-for-four per 10p share. A one-for-four scrip issue is also proposed. Mr Jack Livingstone, chairman, says that loan balances, which had stagnated with the onset of the miners' strike, have moved up sharply and profitability in the second six months improved by 13 per cent after higher by 13 per cent after higher

ConsGold

management buy-out.

offshoot sold

to management

Consolidated Gold Fleids has

completed the sale of KDG

Instruments, the instrumentation division of its Bath & Portland

Group subsidiary, in an £11m

The buy-out has been organised

by Citicorp Venture Capital, the venture capital arm of Citicorp Investment Bank, and is one of the first to use a £100m buy-out fund launched by the bank last

KDG, based in Crawley, specialises in flow, pressure and level measurement and had

pre-tax profits of film on turn-over of film in the year to June. There are three institutional equity investors epart from Citicorp: CIN Industrial Invest-monts, Prevonture and F & C Enterprise Trust. The Bank of

is providing debt

In all, the Manchester-based for the second half were only traded financier which suffered difficulties during the opening balf raised its profits for the full 1984. 1985 year from £1.69m to a record £1.81m pro-tax.

A final dividend of 2.10 (1.9p)

from £13.2m to £13.39m. Figures subsiding the second half were only traded in the second half were only traded in the second half were only traded silghtly up on last year's and took severa in the last 27-week fund. Pre-tax profits were struck little. after deducting finance costs of £1.28m against a previous £1.06m.

Tax accounted for £483,450 (£457,540) to leave undiluted earnings at 7p (6.7p) per share— comparative figures covered e 53-week period.

The group has opened new branches in Dundee and Newby 13 per cent after higher castle-under-Lyme and acquired fil.2m of debt during the year Figures for the first few weeks which helped to increase its f the current year have been customer base by some 6 per cent.

October 29 1985) edged shead credit. The group's reinsurance from £13.2m to £13.39m. Figures subsidiary in Bermuda also for the second half were only slightly up on last year's and took several interesting developments no account of an extra week's with the group's venture capital income in the last 27 week's find

Pre-tax profits for the opening six months to April 30 last were little changed at £845,000 (£842,000). The figures reflected reduced income but e substantial recovery in had debt as miners resumed payments.

comment

Lending to the unbanked weekly paid is London Scottish Finance's speciality and if APRs of 60 to 85 per cent seem usutious by comparison with the terms offered by high street banks, the justification given is

the high cost of putting such business on the books, organising payment collection and funding payment collection and funding arrears. The pre-finance costs profit margin rose sharply, by over two full points to 23 per ceut of turnover. Part of this rise is due to the post miners' strike recovery (total arrears were down for the first time since 1979) and part of the £2m or so increase in fixed term advances. Robinson Way, the debt collection subsidiary, has grown quickly to become the UK consumer credit field leader and is gaining from the boom in inhouse credit cards issued by retailers. Analysts are looking house credit cards issued by retailers. Analysts are looking for £2.25m pre-tax for 1985-86, which has the shares at 78p on a prospective p/e of £7 given a 25 per cent tax chargo. However, most of the sector's 1985 recovery has to be in the share price already and the scope for upward movement therefore appears limited.

Garment profits boost Burndene

A TENFOLD rise in profits at its nylon garment manufacturing division beloed Baradene Investments produce substantially better results for the 16 months to September 28 1985.

Pre-tax profits were £756,000 after net interest of £364,000 and depreciation of £229,000, compared with £391,000 for the year to June 2 1984, when net interest was £231,000 and depreciation £175,000.

A TENFOLD rise in profits at the previous 12-month for the previous 12-month oper share amounted to 7.37p, against 0.35p of the current year ompared with 12 months ago, and it has increased its abare of the market for static boliday caravans. In the 16 months to September 28 1985 profit in the caravan its provided that increased first-quarter sales are maintained.

It says sales in its caravan manufacturing and park operations with 12 months ago, and it has increased its abare of the market for static boliday caravans. In the 16 months to September 28 1985 profit in the caravan its provided that increased first-quarter sales are maintained.

It says sales in its caravan manufacturing and park operations of £11.86m (£7.75m). ciation £175,000. The first and final dividend

declared was 1.4p, against 0.35p
for the previous 12-month
period. Earnings per share
amounted to 7.37p, against 3.67p.
The company reports turnover
of £16.87m, up from £11.4im in
the previous period, and forecasts further improvements in
its position in the current year
provided that increased firstquarter sales are maintained.
It says sales in its caravan
manufacturing and park operating division are about 20 per

cent higher in the first quarter
of the current year compared
the first quarter
of the current year compared
the 12 months ago, and it has
increased its share of the market
for static boliday caravans.
In the 16 months to September 28 1985 profit in the caravan
division rose substantially to
of the current year compared
of the current year of the market
for static boliday caravans.
In the 16 months to September 28 1985 profit in the caravan
division rose substantially to
of £11.86m (£7.75m).

The nylon garment manufacturing division staged a recovery,
with profits up more than tenfold from £27,000 to £288,000.

George Blair doubles interim profits

PRE-TAX profits at George
Blair, engineer and steel founder, more than doubled from £111,000 to £252,000 in the six months to September 28 1985. Interest charges, however, remained high, increasing from £122,000 to £178,000.

Turnover of this unquoted Turnover of this unquoted company—its shares are traded to the profits in the opening half advanced from £23,000 to £178,000.

The company is paying its first dividend since February 1980 when an interim of 2.2p was paid. Tho interim this time is 1.15p, and tho board anticipates that the results for the first half of the previous pares that the results for the first dividend since February 1980 when an interim of 2.2p was paid. The interim this time is 1.15p, and the board anticipates that the results for the first half of the previous year. Trading profits in the opening half advanced from £23,000 to £430,000.

The company is paying its

Scotland finance.

Rand Mines Group

All companies are Members of the Barlow Rand Group

Gold Mining Company Reports for the Quarter ended 31st December, 1985

(All Companies incorporated in the Republic of South Africa)

Office of the Secretaries of the undermemboned companies in the United Kingdom, 40 Holborn Viaduct London ECIP 1AJ

HARMONY GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

m No. 05/38232/06 ISSUED CAPITAL: R13 442 325 IN 26 884 650 SHARES OF 50 CENTS EACH REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1985 OPERATING RESULTS
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--produced (kg): 137 051 7 349 13 077 108 028 129 209 399 626 254 474 Working profit
Sundry revenue (net) 05 817 6 313 Profit before taxation and State's share nd State's share of Profit ... Profit after taxation and State's share of profit **23 349** 40 508 1 967

HARMONY No. 4 SHAFT COMPLEX equipping proceeded as alamed and is 109 days equipped to a depth of 1 134 metrus. has sold gold in terms of its gold

the quarter form part of

DURBAN ROODEPOORT DEEP. LIMITED

(Registration No. 01/00926/06) esched Capitali R2 325 000 in Shareb of 81.00 sach Report of the directors for the quarter ended 31st december, 1985 6 471 9 347

Dividend No. 117 of 190 Cents Der State ; He on or about 31st Jameary, 1986 to at us on 27th December, 1885 and to perso ed from 4 share warrant to bears. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

Capital expenditure amounting to RLS million

ed during the quarter form part

BLYVOORUITZICHT GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

MESURED CAPITAL: R6 000 000 IN 24 000 000 SHARES OF 25 CENTS EACH REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 1965 37 552 4 419 145 28 128 4 377 1 844 34 349 19 272 18 229 15 077 33 306 CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

TRIBUTE AGREEMENT WITH DESERVATEIN CONSISTENT OF a tribute systement between Ilricuntein myseny. Contraded on 26th July. 1084. a Share 1000 is due to that company for the quarter ended has been staten into account in determining "Sundry to

EAST RAND PROPRIETARY MINES.

LIMITED (Registration No. 01/00773/UNI ESTATE CAPITAL: 35 544 000 IN SHARES OF R1.00 EACH REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED 3151 DECEMBER, 1985 Chartes Chartes Chartes Chartes Chartes Chartes Chartes Chartes

4 014 374 (451) 4457 4 457

(i) The increase of RA3 militon in the Occamber of expenditure on the FA East Vertical project. (ii) There are commitments The company has sold gold in terms of lea

one finalised during the quarter form part For and on behalf of the board,

GENERAL, NOTES There were 80 milling days in the quarter, compared with 91 in the proceeding nuarter. This resulted in lower production in the nuarter ended

Ferguson expected to resume By David Goodhart

Trading in

TODAYS EGM of James Ferguson Holdings is expected to back overwhelmingly plans to recommence share trading in the company next Monday. This follows e reverse takeover by Property Pension, the property com-pany run by Perguson's new chairman, Mr David Mitchell, and the chief executive, Mr

Mr Cramer said yesterday they would put nearly £2m into the company in the coming months and planned to start making acquisitions, especially in the textile and financial services diversions. There were immediate plans to open three new money shops in the north of England and to expand the textile business in Ayrshire.

Mr Mitchell said the exist ing management would stay, but financial control would now be centralised. He warned not to expect instant recovery. "This company was bleeding to death. There is e lot of work still to do," he and. Mr Mitchell holds about 36 per ceut of the new com-bined company and Mr Cramer about 12 per ceut. See Men and Matters.

Kier agrees to **Beazer offer**

THE BOARD of construction group French Kier yesterday unanimously recommended acceptance of last week's much improved offer from C. H. Beazer, the house building group.

Although the price of the now offer—valuing Kler at over £140m—has never been a serions point of contention, the new joint management structure has been. It now appears that a compromise has been worked

out. The Beazer board, which has five executive directors and two non-executivo directors, will be joined by four executive directors from French Kier.

Mr John Mott, the French
Kier chairman, will not join
the joint board. He had been

offered the position of non-executive director which he said he could not accept. Following Beazer's refusal to improve the offer, Mr Mott will resign at the end of the

Macro 4 SE flotation gives value £22.6m

THE first computer company to be floated on the stock market in 1986 is Macro 4, a developer of systems software for IBM mainframe computers, which is coming to the market with a value of £22.6m.

The details of an offer for sale by J. Henry Schroder Wagg of 5.4m shares at 105p are published today. Of the shares being nifered, 2.4m are being sold to finance a \$4.6m acquisition of Macro 4 Inc, the company's US licensee, while the remaining 3m shares are being sold by cristing shares are being sold by existing shareholders.

Macro 4 started to develop its Macro 4 started to develop its own systems software products 10 years ago. Since then it has expanded its product range and appointed licensees in America, Europe and in the Far East. The most important of these was Macro 4 Inc, which, following the ofter for sale, will become an integrated part of the group. In 1983 the company was bought out by its management from the founder, Mr W. S. Macmillan, who retains a 32 per cent stake.

Systems software forms a link

Systems software forms a link between computer bardware and specific user programmes. Macro 4's products are all packaged—ie they are never tailor-made for the user and are sold worldwide. All are for use with main-

frame computers, and cover the full IBM range.

Most of its products completions have been asked to ment rather than compete with packages marketed by IBM. Its

ment rather than compete with packages marketed by IBM. Its software is designed to involve a minimum of marketing and support, and is rented to customers on annual, renewable contracts, with rents payable every month in advance.

The company has seven major products each of which are sold to a wido range of industries, with the largest customer, British Telecom, accounting for less than 2 per cent of turnover.

More than half of the group's revenue comes from the US, wih a further quarter from the UK. The balance is made up by royalties from licensing arrangements abroad.

During the last five years, turnover bas risen steadily from \$1.2m in 1981 to \$5.2m in the year to June. After making small losses in 1981 and 1982, profits before tax reached \$1.8m last year. This year the directors are forecasting profits of \$2.3m, implying a price-earnings ratio of 16, based on a 39 per cent tax rate. The forecast yield is 1.36 per cent.

The application list opens on January 17, and dealings are expected to start on January 24. Brokers to the issue are Simon & Coates.

It is some time since the City bas been asked to subscribe for computer shares on a price earnings multiple es high as 16. However, if investors can be persuaded not to lump all such stocks together into one vast accident-prone category, this one should get away nicely. Macro should get away nicety. Macro
4 operates in whet appears to be
a sheltered market, with customers more interested in quality
than price. For as long as it
can go on developing new products that will make IBM computers work better, there seems
little reason to fast that Rig

ducts that will make IBM computers work better, there seems little reason to fear that Big Bine will suddenly decide to sweep it out of the market. Somo further degree of security is afforded by the steadness of its revenues—rents roll in monthly on contracts which automatically get renewed from one year to the next. The company should be able to grow both by introducing new products, and by increasing the penetration of its existing ones; its products are now used by under 10 per cent of the 30,000 IBM meinframes in place worldwide. Currency is a risk, however: some of the gloss will be taken off earnings growth should the dellar's fell continue—every 10 cent fall is estimated to slice £100,000 off pre-tax profits.

COMPANY NEWS IN BRIEF

Mayor Turnstiles, a leading UK supplier of electro-mechanical turnstiles, from Almex Systems, for £800,900 in cash. Completion is scheduled for January 14. Unaudited management accounts for Mayor for 1985 show turnover at £1.2m, with pre-tax profits of £110,000.

BLUE ARROW has agreed to acquire Trevor Bass Associates for a total of £60,000 to be satisfied by the issue of 32,600 new shares in blue arrow. Trevor Bass Associates, a financial public relations consuitancy has been particularly active in the growing USM. Mr Tony Berry, chairman of Blue Arrow, says this acquisition represents the first stage of the Company's planned expansion into the financial services field.

PARK PLACE Investments has reached conditional agreement to buy Edwards & Wytche Pub-lications for £150,000, satisfied by issue of 70,755 Park Place shares. Edwards, distributor of professional and technical books made pre-tax profits of £14.000 in the year to the end of June 1985, on turnover of £452,000.

TRIPLEX: foundry, engineering and building components group

EXPANET INTERNATIONAL bas bought the assets and order has contracted to purchaso book of Aygee Glass (Midlands) Mayor Turnstiles, a leading UK from the receiver of the Aygee Group for about £139,000. Ayree Glass, which will trade as Thermovitrine (Midlands), had pre-tax profits of £51,000 in the first ten months of 1985 on turnover of £1.7m.

KAKUZI, the Kenyan tea and coffee grower and eattle rancher, made pre-tax profits of Kenya £1.62m (£1.39m) on turnover of K£4.22m in the nine months to November 30, 1985. Tax amounted to K£673.187 and minorities were RES3,868, leaving attributable profits of RES64,199.

AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS has acquired the assets of J. B. Martin (Redruth), Cornwall's largest parts distributor, through its Autela division.

VICTAULIC COMPANY has acquired the TI Accles and Pollock Stainless Fittings division from the TI Group. Pollock Stainless Fittings division from the TI Group.

MOUNTLEIGH GROUP'S rights of nearly 2,92m shares has been taken up in respect of 94.67 per cent. The balance has been sold efforts are continuing to reduce MOUNTLEIGH GROUP'S rights of nearly 2.92m shares has been taken up in respect of 94.67 per cent. The balance has been sold for the benefit of shareholders but no payment will be made for less than £2.

Province the Comment of the Comment

Turnbull Scott outcome relies on shipping

DESPITE a fall in pre-tax profits from £132,000 to £27,000 at the halfway stage, Turnbuil Scott Holdings is cautiously optimistic that the full results will be higher than last your's £135,000. Directors of this Hampshire-based shipowner, engineering security and property group say that the outcome dopends on shipping freight markets not deteriorating substantially in the last ing substantially in the last quarter of the year.

In the six months to the end of September 1985, turnover rose from 17,19m to £7.59m. Prom earnings per £1 share, pre-extraordinary items of 4p (12p) the interim payment is unchanged at 3p.

The shipping division made a trading loss, but following the sale of a ship this became a profit for the period.

uneconomic activities.

The property development is achieving anticipated results.

APPOINTMENTS

Reorganisation at Dee Corporation

THE DEE CORPORATION has made several board changes: Mr been promoted to operations kevin O'Reefio will be responsible for business development MARKETS. Mr John Toal, who siblo for business development in the US and will reside in New York, where a small office is being established. Mr Tony Buttor will become Planning and business development director. Ho will retain the responsibility of finance director until the end of the company's financial year. Mr Alan Perelman has been mr Alan Pereiman has been appointed finance director designate. Mr Peter Stubbs, special projects director, will also become chairman of F. A. Wollworth in place of Mr O'Keeffe. Mr David Fisher, managing director of Carrefour, and Mr Peter Thistleton managing director of Gateway Foodmarkets, have been appointed to the Dee

Mr Peter Still, previously RAMTEK'S managing director, has been promoted to vice president of European operations. Mr Anthony R. Tuck is now European sales director and Mr Stephen C. Scorse European marketing director.

Mr James Milne has been appointed to the board of RUMMALL INVESTMENTS.

NEXT (previously J. Hep-worth and Son) has appointed Mr Enbert Cooper as group finance director. He joins the board from Kleinwort Benson where ho was finance director.

Mr Boger Gifford and Mr Roberto Leiva havo been apointed directors of ENSKILDA SECURITIES. Mr Gifford is responsible for marketing in Denmrak, Finland, Iceland and Norway. Mr Leiva is responsible for Euronote sales and trading

Mr Brian H. Fidler has been appointed to the board of CHRISTIAN SALVESEN as group finance director.

Mr Jarek W. Bielous has been appointed managing director of CEMENTATION INTERNATIONAL ENGINEERING and of TH ENGINEERING SERVICES, both Trafalgar House Group companies, Mr Bielous remains director of engineering and technical services for Cementa-tion International, the overseas building and civil engineering arm of the group.

KINGABY SIMMONS has appointed Mr J. A. Gill and Mr J. B. P. Hellday directors.

Mr Nicholas Brittain has been appointed chief accountant of BARCLAYS BANK from April. He is head of group finance, Legal and Goneral Group.

GOTA (UK). London sub-sidiary of Götabanken of Swoden, has appointed Mr Rob Simons as manager of marketing and business development. He was manager, corporate banking services at the Trust Bank of

Wunderman International Direct Response, has been appointed to have been appointed to the Dec the board of KLUWER PUB-LISHING as marketing director. Chairman at

Ofrex Group

Mr F. A. P. Hall has been appointed chairman and chief executive of OFREX GROUP HOLDINGS. He was previously Deputy chairman. Ofrex Group Holdings is a wholly-owned subsidlary of Gallaher.

Mr Miles Colebrook succeeds Mr Miles Colebrook succeeds
Mr Michael Cooper-Evans as
managing director of JWT-LONDON, Also Mr Alien Thomas will
add the title of deputy chairman
to that of executive creative
director. Mr Cooper-Evans will
now devote more time to his
role as deputy regional director,
Europe, as well as becoming
chairman of the JWT Group in
the UK. Mr Jeremy Bullmore
remains chairman of JWTLondon.

Woolward Royds in Edinburgh, has become chairman of ROYDS LONDON. Mr Derek Gorman, managing director in Edinburgh for the past two years, becomes chief executive in Scotland.

Mr Richard Meinerithagen has been appointed a director of FEDERATED HOMES, main operating subsidiary of Federated Housing, Mr Meinerthagen, who will be responsible for cost con-trol in the building division, joined the company 18 months

WESTINGHOUSE INTERNA-TIONAL bas appointed at Otter-mill Switchger Mr A. J. Y. Payne as operations director (commercial) and Mr Z.

Mr David Lyon bas been The BENTLEY ENGINEER Mr M. Hassan and Mr G. I. appointed to the main hoard of ING COMPANY has appointed Denbigh have joined the board of I. AND N. RABIN.

Mr Malcolm Hepworth has been promoted to operations director of GATEWAY FOODMARKETS. Mr John Toal, who was operations director, has become special projects director. He was with the automotive as technical director. He was interests. He was with the automotive as technical director. He was at PA Technology, where he was a sonlor consultant involved with designing and building a twoappointed financial controller of appointed financial controller of appointed financial controller of appointed financial controller of appointed financial controller of electro-mechanical systems. with the Aughton Group in Liver-pool.

> BRADSTOCK, BLUNT (NORTHERN) has appointed Mr Timothy P. Culverhouse an associate director of the company.

CUTHBERT HEATH UNDER-Mr R. X. Heslop, formerly with WRITING, formed on January 1 has appointed the following board: Mr David Coles, chairman Time Life Books (Europe) and and chief oxecutive; Mr David Hazlewood, deputy chief execu-tive; Mr Juan Adams, finance; Mr Tony Avery, aviation under-writer; Mr Harry Bristow, marine underwriter; Mr John Flisher, non-executivo; Mr Rodney Lis-senden, non-marino underwriter; Mr John Pryke, non-marine and

> Mrs Diana Kanter bas been appointed a director of BURSON-MARSTELLER FINANCIAL. Mr Tony Shaughter, formerly group corporate public relations manager for TSB Group, has joined Burson-Marsteller Financial as an associate director.

credit undorwriter; Mr Ian Sturrock, information and

SIMON ENGINEERING has appointed Mr David W. Lang-horn as president of its US sub-sidiaries, Simon-Johnson Inc and Henry Simon Inc, both in Kansas City, Kansas. He joined the UK parent company as an epprenticular in 1961 and was vice-presiden and general manager of Henry Simon Inc.

Mr Sandy Scott, chairman of be relinquishing his eppointments with Unilever PLC and NV in May, has been appointed a non-executive director of MORGAN GRENFELL HOLD-

Mr John S. Young has joined the board of CITY OF EDIN. BURGH LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY. Formally chief executive of Stenhouse and Partners, Mr Young is chairman of Berkley Computer Services and a board member of Living-stone Development Corporation.

Mr Ray Dias has been appointed financial director and company secretary of SCANTRONIC HOLDINGS. He was a sonior manager with Binder Hamlyn. Mr Gerry Landers has introd the bester of the secretary of the secretary from the bester of the secretary from the secret Cemarowicz as operations director (engineering).

Joined the boards of Scantronic and Scantronic Radio Systems.

He was chief accountant.

Mr Ron Morgan has been appointed managing director of THE DOVER ENGINEERING WORKS, part of the Newman Industries Group.

Following the appointment of Mr John Hicks as group managing director of ACCESS SATELLITE INTERNATIONAL, the following board changes here been made: Mr Martin Wardman moves from chairman to deputy chairman. Mr John Garton moves from chief executive to chairman. Noo-executive direc-tor Mr Richard Mark is leaving the board in order to concentrate on his role as a director of Carolina Bank. Mr Geoff Raine, president of Access US operations, has been appointed

BUTTERWORTH LAW PUB-LISHERS has appointed Mr David Fletcher, of David Fletcher Associates, to look after the company's interests in Scotland. He joins the board as a non-executive director.

New chief at Nixdorf

NIXDORF COMPUTER has appointed Mr Michael Hart as managing director. The company's previous managing direc-tor. M: Herman Valk, bas been promoted to become manager of Nixdori AG's Northern European region. Mr Hart was manager of the finance division.

SALFORD ELECTRICAL INSTRUMENTS has eppointed Mr Peter Tunter as commercial director. He joins SEI from OAK (Europe), where he had been manager responsible for European sales and markoting of Oak Component Group products since 1981.

Two eppointments have been made by LIN PAC PLASTICS INTERNATIONAL. Mr Tony Heap has been appointed president of Lin Pac Flastics Inc. the company's American Line. dent of Lin Pac Flastics Inc. the company's American subsidiary. Mr Heao was managing director of Featherstone-based Lin Pac Plastics. Mr Heap's successor as managing director of Lin Pac Plastics is Mr Peter O'Shea. Mr O'Shea was production director of the Featherstone plant.

Tumbul

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TION

Midway profit return for Ratners

Rathers (Jewellers), with branches in the UK and the Netherlands, achieved a turn-round from \$560,000 losses to fils5,000 pre-tax profits for the prior of the programme was proceeding marget with 20 Terry's branches in the group's trading director and chief executive, says that with the substantial part of the group's trading pair of the group's trading pair of the group's trading part of the group's trading the company was abead, and that the branch opening the sale of property, making an the sale of property and the sale of property and the sale of property

Armour aims for dividend increase

WITH first-half profits up by 73 per cent and an encourage ing outlook for the second six months, the directors of Armour Trust say they intend to recommend a substantial increase in annual dividend.

annual dividend.

Last year they lifted the payment from 0.182p to 0.202p from pre-tax prefits of £420,000 (£321,000).

Sales of electronic components are satisfactory and the division is trading profitable.

ably. Opportunities for fur-

ther profitable expansion in related activities are being investigated. investigated.

The first six months, to October 31 1985, saw group turnover rise from \$4.66th to \$5.3m and profits at the pre-tax level by \$128,000 to \$304,000.

In consumer products Car-ter Penguin had an excellent six months. The sector did from Poleo as the acquisition was not completed during the period. However, since its purchase the company's sales have comfortably exceeded

budget Electronic components saw the benefit of a two months' contribution from Thorp Electronic Components and the directors are optimistic regarding expansion.

NEW LIFE BUSINESS

Commercial Union new life and pension business buoyant

Company in its figures for 1985.
New annual premiums worldwide fell in sterling terms from £65.8m to £2.8m to £52.5m.
To £64.8m but in local currency terms were virtually unchanged overail. Single premiums rose from £106.1m to £156.2m, the underlying rise being around 50 per cent.
On its UK new business, a decline on traditional life business was more than offset by

Linked bonds boost UKP

THE ENTRY last November in the unit linked market enabled United Kingdom Provident to show a record leval of single annual premiums no from £5.8m to £8.9m. Group pensions business saw annual premium and premium prom £5.1m to £8m, but single premiums thanks to sales of linked bonds amounting to £10.3m.

The same of th

f16.1m. Total funds under management Executive pension business topped the f1.5bn mark during saw new annual premiums rise the year.

thanks to sales of linked bonds amounting to £103m.

Annual premium business in contrast declined 5 per cent from £83.5m to £27m.

The other success story for the company related to its pension business, where all sectors showed good growth.

New anual premiums on self-employed pensions rose over 40 per cent from £3.8m to £5.5m.

Total premiums received on the pensions managed fund nearly tripled from £5.7m to £147m.

The company's ordinary life business was hit severely last year, with new annual premiums being almost halved from £14m to £7.7m. The company's ordinary life business was hit severely last to £7.7m. The company did well to £7.7m. The company did well in the days ahead of the 1984 Budget which ended Life Assurance Premium Relief (LAPR).

Total funds or Return to £3.8m to £43.1m to £35.5m.

Total premiums received on the pensions managed fund nearly tripled from £5.7m to £1.7m. Total funds under management

Scot Equitable premiums rise

A highly successful year for new life and pension business is reported by Scottish Equitable Life Assurance Society. New annual premiums climbed by a quarter to 134.4m, while single premiums soared from 138.8m to \$186.3m as a result of its full entry into the unit linked market. Sales of its new Unit Linked Performance Bond, Jannched in Seplember, amounted to a record £130m.

The Society had a good year in the individual pensions market. New eunual premiums on selfemployed persons more than doubled from £8.7m to £14.2m, with single premiums on this pensions business also doubling from £7.9m to £15.8m.

First Security makes £0.5m in first half

Pirst Security Group, maker of equipment for car safety, security and fire detection had year, although in the year to an eocouraging start to 1985-86, April 30 1985 the principal subsidiaries and certain other companies, produced taxable profits of £785,000 on tumover of £7

chairman.

In the six months to the end of October the Hampshire-based company reported pre-tax profits of £490,000 on turnover of £351m. When viewed against the background of ebange associated with relocation and restructuring following the flotation, the outcome is large an interim dividend of forestructuring following the encouraging, says Dr Westlake.

First Security acquired its trading operations during the period and the figures are prepared on a merger accounting

materialise, there could be a leap in this division's income, but its profits are bighly geared to its narrow customer base and look vulnerable to cycles in the automotive industry. The security products carry higher margins to toile: the shares closed 4p np at toule: the shares closed 4p np at 124p against the flotation price of 160p. The gronp remains neavily reliant on a handful of specialist products, in particular its car safety devices which account for about 50 per cent of profits and turnover. If the long a 37 per cent tax charge — a hoped-for order from Geenral hoped-for order from Geenral rating which appears to take a Motors of the US should rosy view of the prospects.

NOTICE OF PREPAYMENT



The Sumitomo Bank, Limited (Incorporated with Limited Liability in Japan)

U.S. \$5,000,000

Callable Negotiable Floating Rate Dollar Certificates of Deposit

No. SB 410001 - 410005 Issued on 15th February, 1984. Maturity 19th February, 1987, Callable in February, 1986.

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with Clause 3 of the Certificates of Deposit (the "Certificates"), The Sumitomo Bank, Limited ("the Bank") will prepay all outstanding Certificates on 18th February, 1986 (the "Prepayment Date"), at their principal amount.

Payment of the principal amount, together with accrued interest to the Prepayment Date, will be made on the Prepayment Date against presentation and surrender of the Certificates at the London Branch of the Bank. Interest will cease to accrue on the Certificates on the

14th January, 1986

Temple Court, 11 Queen Victoria Street, London ECAN 4TA.

Prepayment Date.

Granville & Co. Limited

8 Lovat Lane London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-621 1212

Over-the-Counter Market

11.7 11.7 20.8 6.7 3.3 5.4 7.7

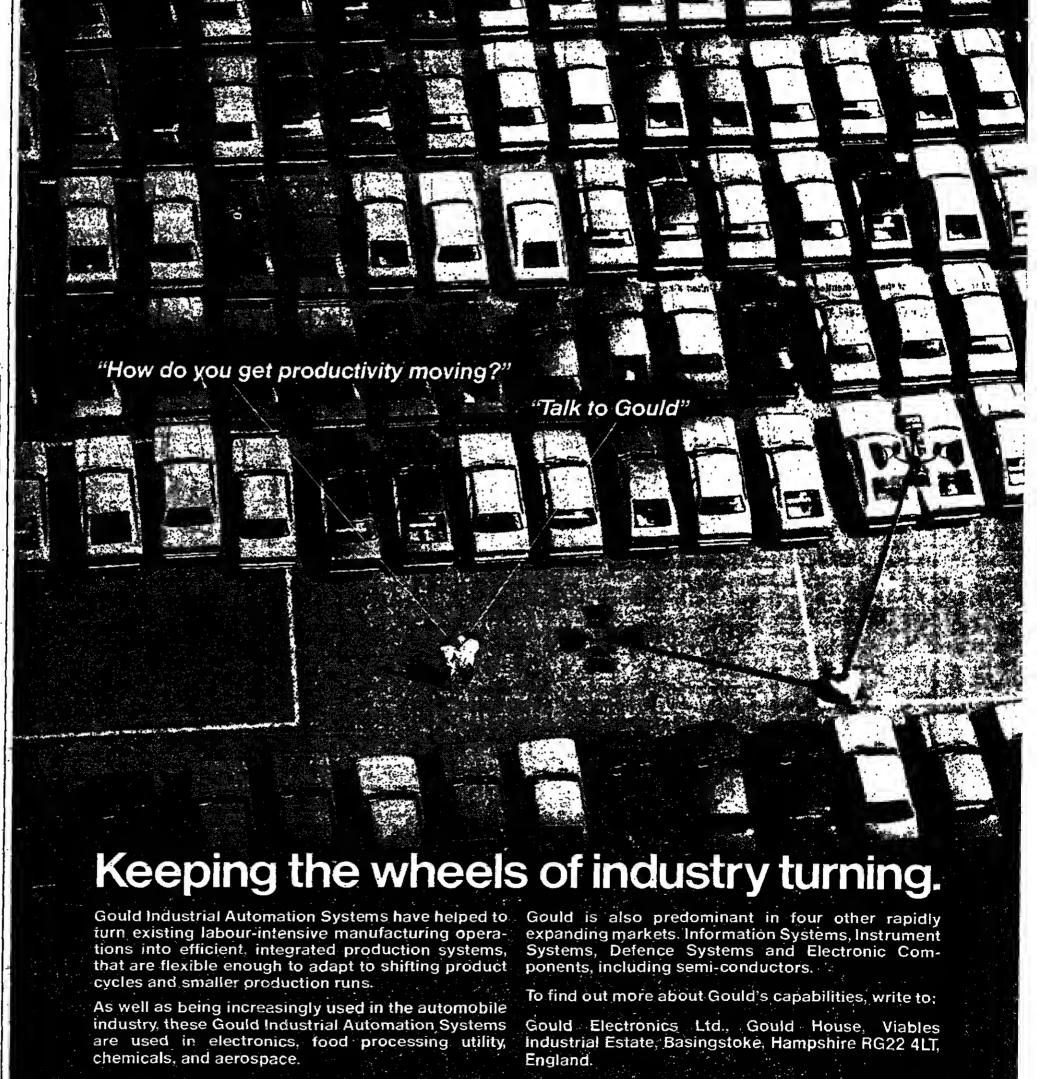


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Germany and Switzerland

To: John Govett Unit Management Limited, Winchester House 77 London Wall, London EC2N 1DFL Please tell me more about Govett European Growth Fund.

A John Govett Unit Management Limited





The GLC use

Find out why on Guentary (1203) 666181

Emergency

A NEW emergency chute for offices, workshops and hospitals could help people flee fixes and bomb scares.

The chute, built from glass-reinforced plastic, is supported on a steel frame.

It is tailor-made for specific

The devices are sold by Davenport Engineering of Bradford, West Yorkshire, which has several years' experience in making similar

The top of the device is normally protected by doors on an upper storey. The bottom is contained in a

building on the ground fitted with standard fire-exit doors

that open in an emergency.

At the first sign of trouble the building's occupants huri themselves out of the upper storey and slide down the

launched

chute

350 Husky Hunters

TECHNOLOGY

Peter Marsh examines the implications of developments in embryology

Researchers reach fertile ground

research aspects of embryology are likely to have a big impact in two superficially unrelated areas, treatment of infertile couples and the genetic enhancement of cattle through novel breeding techniques.

In vitro fertilisation of human eggs has in recent years become a growth area. Since 1978 some 2,500 babies around the world have been born by such techniques, with the private bealth-care industry keen to spot openings in starting up in vitro fertilisation clinics.

In Britain, most of the 800 or so babies born by this route have evolved as o result of private medical treatment. Couples are charged anywhere from about £1,000 upwards depending on the difficulty of the sequence of operations in which ripe eggs ara removed from the woman and fertilised, followed by transplant of the resulting 100,000 animals, virtually, all cattle and half of them in the

In the US, where a few undred babies have resulted from vitro fertilisation, clinics financed by venture-capital companies are opening up in cities such as New York, Boston, Reno and Honolulu financed by venture-capital In almost all these cases, the companies are opening up in eggs are fertilised by artificial cities such as New York, insemination whila they are Boston, Reno and Honolulu still in the womb and not by expressly to treat couples using in vitro methods.

THERE ARE those who bold that IBM both liberated and smothered the nascent computer

industry with the launch, about 20 years ago, of its System/260

Liberation came from the establishment of a hardware

standard on which other manu-facturers of both hardware and

software could build, knowing there would be a sure market

The price paid, however, was in technological innovation.

System/360 was limited in many

ways; it was a child of the tech-nology of the day. Nevertheless, all IBM computers and IBM

compatible computers since have bad to run on System/360's

since System/360-Burroughs multiprocessor architecture and

muscle has relegated them to the sidelines of commercial

mainframe family.

for their products.

human fertility problems are excited by the potential of in vitro techniques to improve the lot of infertile couples.

In Britain some quarter of a million women could be helped by such methods, according to estimates.

Dr Steve Hillier, a senior Dr Steve Hillier, a senior lecturer at Edinburgh University's Department of Obstetries and Gynaecology, says that rather than look to new technological breakthroughs, hospitals practising in vitro methods should improve management techniques. In this way, they should be able to reduce costs and increase the numbers who could benefit from treatment.

The future for in vitro fer-

ot an average cost of about £300 o treatment

tilisation in Britain is in some doubt. It is available only on a limited scale through the National Health Service. Although a Govern-ment-appointed committee ment-appointed committee chaired by Dame Mary Warnock concluded 18 months ago that the fect-

noting ago that the reci-nique was an acceptable way to treat infertility, the Department of Health and Social Security has yet to announce plans to introduce legislation on the subject. Meanwhile, a private mem-ber's bill to protect the rights of embryos, from Mr Kenneth Hargreaves, the Conservative MP for Hyndburn, could if enacted curtail work in in vitro fertilisation. The hill is due to have a second reading in parliament next week.

The goal is to transfer into one animal an embryo that will grow into a creature with superior genetic characteristics. superior genetic characteristics.
For instance, by this technique low-value cattle normally bred for their meat can, through the role of a surrogate, give birth to cow of the milk-producing quality of a prize Devonshire Friesan.

the technique.

In animal breeding, the financial pay-off of work in embryology could be extremely high, particularly in developing the financial pay-off of work in a week old and transplanted of their real mothers but of the ones in whose wombs they then have a normal pregnancy.

Leading centres in Britain practising in vitro fertilisation includes private hospitals such as Bourn Hall Clinic near Cambridge and the Wellington and Cromwell hospitals (both in London), with Hammersmith Hospital, also in London. also in London.

In in vitro techniques, eggs collected from a woman are fertilised in dishes in a laboratory. The embryos are implanted in the womb. nermally when about two days old.

Even if a dector can remove eggs satisfactorily, the woman has on average only about o 1 in 10 chance of proalthough this ratio can improve to 1 in 4 in the most experienced centres.

In this way, an animal with the genetic qualities of o Euro-pean strain of cattle can be produced with an inbuilt resistance to the conditions of, say, a country in the Third World. Animal researchers may soon

they can multiply the number produces from its ovaries.

With current methods (routinely admini-stered both to cattle involved in embryo transfers and to women as part of in vitro treatment) the ovaries are artificially stimulated to produce perhaps eight ripened eggs at a time instead of the normal one or

Unconstrained by the ethical problems about treating humans, animal researchers are testing drugs which can cause the ovaries of cattle to release as many as 1,000 eggs, all of them ripe and ready for fertilisation.

International Embryos of Banbury near Oxford, is one of

Banbury, near Oxford, is one of a small number of companies experimenting with biological methods to optimise animal

Animal researchers may soon borrow methods from physicians working on human patients. They are likely to turn to in vitro techniques to increase greatly the rate at which they can propagate selected genetic traits in animals.

The researchers are working on new forms of drug and hor-



One of the 2,500 test-tube babies born since 1978

experimenting methods to optimise amount breeding.

Mr Mike Leyburn, the company's chairman, predicts that within three years scientists will routinely stimulate the ovaries of animals to produce massive numbers of eggs.

They will collect the eggs whereas the one million or so weggs in a cow's ovaries normally lead to no more than a few calves during the mother's lifetime, this could be increased through in

At the sama time, by optimis-ing the number of eggs "har-vested" from an individual

young animal by embryo transfer could be reduced to about

£50 a transplant. International Embryos has worked with animal scientists in several developing countries such as the Philippines, Egypt and China. It is also discussing with India's National Dairy Development Board embryo the genetic characteristics of the country's 185m cattle and 68m buffalo.

> New device to monitor airflow

KONTRON ELECTRONICS, based in St. Albans, Hert-fordshire, has announced a family of sensors to monitor air flow in industrial equipment such as air conditioning. ventilation and exhaust

In the devices, air entering an inlet cools an electrically-heated element. Once the air flow stops, the temperature of the element quickly increases, triggering an electrical signal which can, for instance, trigger an

The sensors can be incorporated in a variety of systems in which undetected breaks in air flow, perhaps due to mechanical faults, could lead to mishaps or even disasters. For instance, the device could feature in environmental control systems for computer equipment or in hospitals.

RUS ON

Innovation is the casualty as history repeats itself

Professional Personal Computing

BY ALAN CANE

is repeating itself, this time in an IBM PC, into which Sony microcomputers. The best evidence of this was tha launch, design, usable features and in tha US last month and in the innovative technology than UK last week, of the first most manufacturers are able to business personal computer from Sony, the Japanese electronics group.

There has been significant Sony claims it is "a major evolutionary development in the personal computar market." At the London launch, Mr Alan West, Sony manager for business computers, said: "Wa have produced a personal computers that takes up a ICL's 2900 series are good examples. But IBM's marketing

computer put into twice the space."

Now it looks as if history quarter of the desk space of

To be fair, the Sony machina is nicely designed, a small and neat machine with a desk top "footprint" a little over 1 ft square, weighing 13 % and offering 640,000 bytes of fast

ins Trinitron colour monitor.

But the innovation, it has to be said, amounts to little more than fine tuning. Sony argues that it began to work on its personal computer two years ago at a time when it was becoming clear that IBM bad established the standard for professional personal mputers. Its design work has therefore, had to be carried out within the straitjacket of IBM compatability.

this has meant for a company like Sony with technological and marketing achievements like the Trinitron colour television and the Walkman personal stereo system to its

has already sold them to other port and an IBM-compatible personal computer manufac-turers, Hewlett Packard in particular, and they are no longer novelties.

The large liquid crystal display screen is essential for true IBM compatibility (the IBM PC monitor offers 30 columns by 25 lines) but other manufacturer already offer manufacturers already offer

Grid of the US offers both flat liquid crystal screen and It is interesting to see what his has meant for a company ike Sony with technological a high quality electrolumines. At £2,295, with colour monitor, it costs more than the £2,195 Sony is asking for the liquid crystal display version of its

The Sony is a connectable

expansion bus.

There is also an on-board 300-band modem and outlet for a direct telephone connection. In the UK, this is still awaiting British Telecom approval.

But then even the humble BBC Micro has almost as many ports and expansion facilities. Sony makes much of the small size and weight of the machine coupled with the fact that it is mains, rather than hattery, powered.

It is therefore not a true portable although it can easily be slipped into a desk drawer. The conclusion is that Sony is trying to break into a diffi-

cult, highly competitive, mar-ketplace with a machine which West, Sony manager for memory.

The new machine offers twin machine—there are standard is innovatory only in the fine business computers, said: "Wa It can be supplied either with have produced a personal a 25-line by 80-column liquid developed this size of drive and parallel ports, a disk drive of IRM compatibility have computer that takes up a crystal display screen or a 10 perfected the mechanism but it interface, a Microsoft mouse made this inevitable.

Does Sony need to offer a personal computer? Only in the sense that it aims to be a major office automotion company and the cornerstone of the electronic office is the executive workstation — for which read personal computer.

Sony is, however, taking a realistic view of its chances in rsonal computers. It aims in its first year to take about 1
per cent of the UK market
compared with about 40 per
cent at present for IBM and 17 per cent for Apricot. But just as the establishment

of System/360 opened the doors to a flood of innovatory software, so the establishment of the IBM PC as the standard has made possible the development of a mass of software guaranteed a ready market. Marketing, rather than in-novatory design, will deter-mine the success of the Sony PC. Software, rather than hard-ware, will determine the level of innovation in the professlonal PC business.

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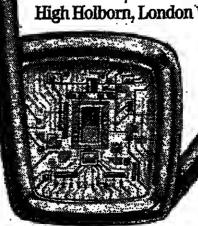
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CONTINUED OVERLEAF

Court sets aside writ served on Swedish camera manufacturer

CAMERA CARE LTD v AKTIEBOLAG AND ANOTHER

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Court of Appeal (Lord Justice Fex and Sir Roger Ormrod): December 19 1985

A EUROPEAN court decision that goods manufactured in an EEC country were deliberately withheld from a par-ticular UK retailer contrary to EEC law is not in itself evidence that any tort was committed in the UK so as to justify service of a writ on the manufacturer out of the jurisdiction. Also, irregularities in the service of proceedings out of the jurisdiction will be cured by the court only in exceptional

The Court of Appeal so held when allowing an appeal by the defendant, Victor Hasselblad Aktiebolag, Swedish manufacturer of Hasselblad cameras, from Sir Neil Lawson's decision to permit the plaintiff, Camera Care Ltd, retailer of cameras in the UK to serve proceedings out of the jurisdiction.

Order 2 rule 1 of the Rules of Order 2 rule 1 ef the Rules of the Supreme Court (RSC) provides: "(1) Where in beginning ... there has ... been a failure to comply with the requirements of these rules ... the failure shall be treated as an irregularity and shall not nullify the proceedings ... (2) ... the court may ... set aside either wholly or in part the proceedings in which the failure occurred ... or exercise its powers ... to allow ... amendments."

LORD JUSTICE FOX said that between 1975 and 1978 the retailer was supplied with Hasselblad cameras by the Swedish manufacturer's sole UK distributor, under a dealership

In 1978 the distributor terminated the agreement. The retailer complained te the European Commissien that the manufacturer and distributer were in breach of articles 85 and 86 of the Treaty of the European Economic Community [which prohibited concerted practices preventing competitien a abuse of dominant position].

As a result of the alleged

reaches, it was complained, the establish by its evidence a good

In December 1981 the Commission decided that the manufacturer and distributor had infringed article 85. They were fined. The distributor appealed and the European Court held it had participated in a concerted practice, the aim of which was to prevent imports into the UK of Hasselblad cameras intended for the retailer. for the retailer.

On February 13 1984 the re-tailer applied to Master Hodgson for leave to serve a writ on the manufacturer out of the jurisdic-

The Master granted leave to serve a concurrent writ. At the time of his order there was ne original writ in existence. A statement in the retailer's affidavit that a writ had already been issued against the distributor was wrong.

After the Master's order, the retailer issued an original writ endorsed "issued pursuant to the order of Master Hodgson dated February 13." It was not authorised to issue an original writ, but a concurrent writ

On July 27 the writ was served on the distributor, and on July 30 a photocopy was served on the manufacturer in Sweden.

There were, therefore, several lrregularities in the retailer's

On a summons by the manufacturer en March 7 1985 Master Grant set aside the writ and service and Master Hodgson's

On June 13 Sir Nell Lawson allowed the retailer's appeal from that decision. He held that all the irregularities could be cured under RSC Order 2 Rule 1. manufacturers appealed. The first question was whether

it was a proper case for service out of the jurisdiction et all. The retailer relied on RSC Order 11 rule 1(1)(b), namely, that the action was founded on a tort "committed within the jurisdiction." Under erder 11 rule 4 (2) the court was precluded from granting leave to serve a writ cut of the jurisdiction "unless it is

made sufficiently to appear to the court that the case was a proper one for service ont of the jurisdiction under this order."

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retailer was mable to find a arguable case that there was "a regular source of supply of tort committed within the Hasselblad cameras and protort committed within the

Its evidence did not do that. It did not indicate what act or acts within the jurisdiction were relied on te establish the alleged tort. Its affidavit stated that the claim was "principally fer the tort of infringing articles 85 and 86 ... also for conspiracy to injure, interfering with the plaintiff's business, and breach of the statement of the statemen the statutory duty under the Re-sale Prices Act 1976 and Restrictive Trade Practices Act 1976.

That did not specify any act within the surisdiction which would constitute a tort. It did not identify any act within the jurisdiction at all.

The fact that in the European proceedings there was found to be a concerted practice between the manufacturer and distributor did not of itself indicate a tort in the UK. All the relevant acts could have been done in Sweden. Nor was there evidence of an act which might constitute a breach of the Restrictive Trade Practices Act or the Resale Prices Act. The fact that in the European

The result was that the re-tailer had not demonstrated that It was a proper case for service out of the jurisdiction. The appeal succeeded on that ground alone.

Even if it were established to be a proper case for service out of the jurisdiction, the judge was not justified in his conclusion that the defects in the process were curable under order 2 Those provisions were a neces-

sary part of the machinery of litigation because errors were easily made and should not in general be allowed to affect the bstance of the dispute. The present matter, however,

was not an ordinary case, because it was concerned with service out of the jurisdiction and because of the nature and extent of the errors made and the impact of the Limitation. The appeal should be allewed.

SIR ROGER ORMROD, agreeing, said that the judge misdirected himself on an important point. He was referred to Leol. [1984] I WLR 874 but distinguished it on the ground that it was concerned only with an application to renew the validity of a writ. He held it had no application to the present case. The retailer must therefore On the contrary, it was also 01-831 0391.

the discretion under order 2 rule 1 to validate the purported and irregular service of process on of the jurisdiction. It was there fore directly relevant.

The authorities, taken as a whole, showed that order 2 rule 1 should be applied liberally in order, so far as was reasonable and proper, to prevent injustice being caused to one party by mindless adherence to techni-calities in the rules of procedure. Leal was an illustration of a situation in which the court would adopt a less liberal atti-tude, namely, where service out of the jurisdiction had been effected irregularly.

At page 885 Lord Justice Slade said: "Only in the exceptional case should the court ... vali-date after the event the pur-ported service in a foreign country without leave ..."

That statement was accepted. In Leal no attempt was made to obtain leave to serve out whereas in the present ease leave was obtained, but in an irregular manner. However, service of process out of the jurisdiction was an unusual assertion of an extra-territorial jurisdiction which could have international repercussions and so was eare-fully controlled by the Rules ef

It was consequently very important to ensure compliance with the rules, irregularities should be cured only in exceptional cases. It would not be a proper exer-

it would not be a proper exer-cise of the discretion to put right egregious mistakes so as to bring a foreign party before the court and, incidentally but net insignificantly, to deprive him of a limitation defence.

For the manufocturers: Christopher Bellomy (Ashurtt Morris Crisp and Co.). For the retailer: S. J. Burnton QC and Richard Behar (Pollard Scott Winter).

By Rachel Davies

THESE REPORTS will be pub lished in velume form with the full texts of jndgments. For details contact Kluwer Law Publishing, Africa House, 68 Kingsway, London WC2B 8BD. Phone

CONTRACTS

Babcock conveyors for Ford US plant

A \$9m (£6.2m) contract has been awarded by Ford Motor Company U.S. te ACCO BAB-COCK INC., North American subsidiary of Babcock International, for 28 automatic guided vehicles (AGVs) and a power and free conveyor system. The equipment will be used to receive, assemble and distribute magines at the Louisville, Kentucky, plant, which houses. engines at the Louisville, Kentucky, plant, which houses serious problems which the Ford's sole Nerth American heavy-duty truck operation. The contract covers three installations: an AGV system receives incoming engines, and delivers them en a just-in-time basis to a power and free conveyor system, on which the engines are assembled. A second AGV system receives the engines from the power and free conveyor, freeing prices and allowing factem receives the engines from the power and free conveyor, and distributes them to the final assembly lines. The AGVs, which can carry a 6,800 lb load, have been designed by Babcock Fata, a UK subsidiary. First phase is scheduled for start-up in May with total system comin May, with total system com-pletion in July.

SOFTWARE SCIENCES, a
Thorn EMI Information Technology company, has received
orders worth over £1.5m from
five City merchant banks for
the COLT (Continuous On-Line
Trading) computer system. It the COLT (Continuous On-Line Trading) computer system. It has been developed to support market making activities inder the new-style Stock Market coming with the "deregulation" of the UK securities market. Initial installations are for Barelays de Zoete Wedd, the County Securities (NatWest), Cazenove & Co., James Capel and Kleinwort Grieveson. COLT will provide up-to-the-minute information on all ascurities and related instruments in which a trader makes a market, including positions, profit/lose, en-hand orders, etc. It also provides links to existing Stock Exchange and other information services.

\$9m (£6.2m) contract has sub-station, provision of

Rapid growth, particularly in industry, revealed underlying serious problems which the seventh five year plan, starting

priorities.
Inflation and over-speedy construction, caused last year by freeing prices and allowing factory managers to make decisions, are to be controlled by temporarily ending price changes and attaching tighter conditions to bank borrowing. Chinese bank officials claimed

phase is scheduled for start-up in May, with total system completion in July.

**TEMPERATURE, a member of the Nortros Group. has three contracts, together worth fism. Largest is to supply GKN Defence Operations with air filtration. units for MCV80 armeured personnel carriers to be used by the British Army. Anether order is for roof mounted air conditioning units to be installed in railway carriages built by Metro-Cammen for Hong Kong'a Kowloon-Canton Railway. The third erder is for refurbishment of Woolworth House, London, with Versatemp air conditioning units.

**SOFTWARE SCIENCES, a Thorn EMI Information Technology company, has received orders worth over £1.5m from five City merchant banks for the COLT (Continuous On-Line Tracking) computer system. It has been developed to support . .

Trading) computer system. It has been developed to support market making activities finder the newstyle Stock Market coming with the "deregulation" of the UK securities market Initial installations are for Barclays de Zoete Wedd, the County Securities (NatWest), Cazenove & Co., James Capel and Kleinwort Grieveson. COLT will provide up-to-the-minuse information on all ascurities and related instruments in which a trader makes a market, including positions, profit/loss, en-hand orders, etc. It also provides links to existing Stock Exchange and other information services.

WILLIAM WEAVER, Bromsgrove, has been awarded a design and build contract worth just over film for a computer centre alongside the Severn-Trent Water Authority's Derwent divisional headquarters at Raynesway, near Derby. The contract includes an electrical divisional headquarters at raise water from the sea to a Raynesway, near Derby. The contract includes an electrical

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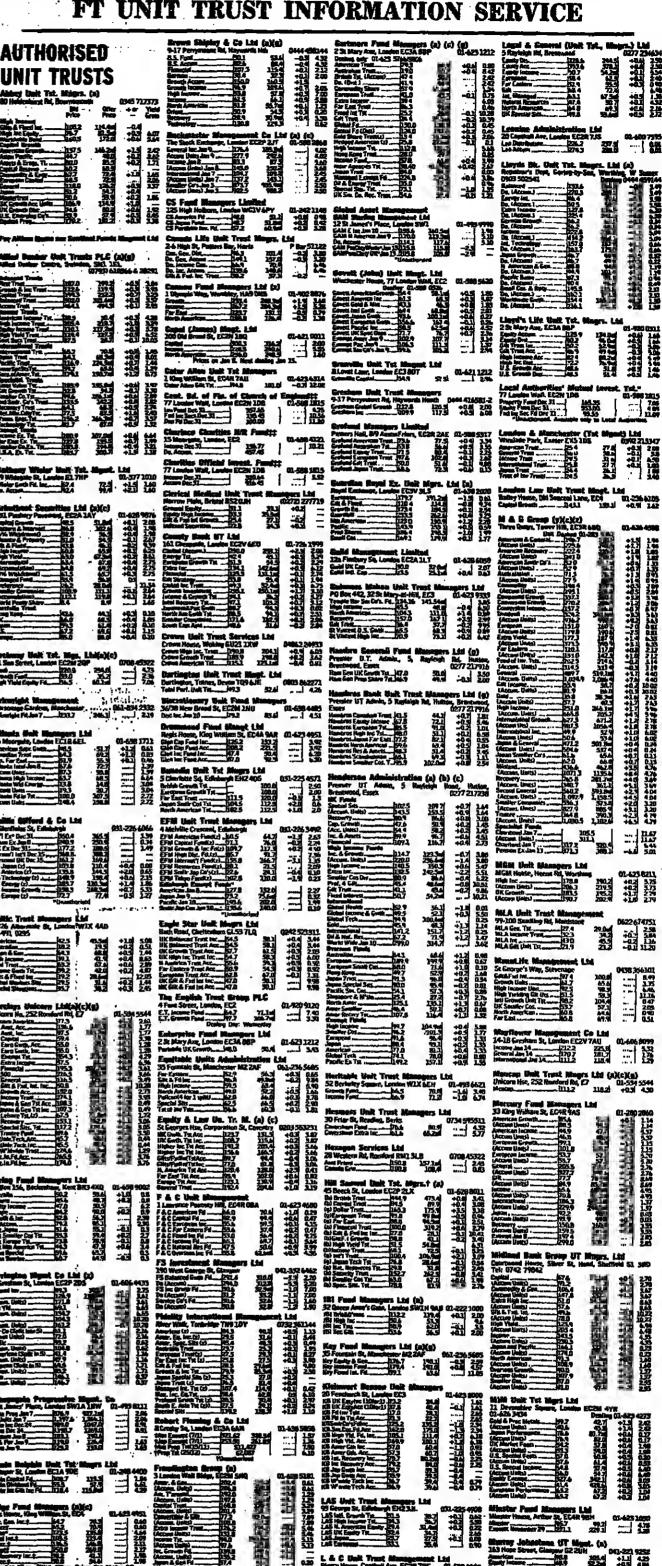
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6 Notes — possibly Roman made (9) 7 The new man or woman (5) 8 Gives some support for regu-lar girlfriends (8)

ACROSS

1 Tea with fine china is delightful (8)

5 Corrects a conclusion in writing (8)

Order alteration in grey

writing (8)
9 Order alteration in grey coat (8)
10 Issue Oriental blend (8)
12 Instruments of love in high erders (5)
13 Rings about turning up for work (4)
15 Adds to the rash of escapes?
(6, 3)
17 Idolater I replace as leader coat (8)
10 Issue Oriental blend (8)
12 Instruments of love in high erders (5)
17 Idolater I replace as leader
13 Short and in character (9)
14 Stand in fer the rehearsal or
18 Their acts are well known

14 Stand in fer the renearsal or run (6)
16 It's true I will appear in the screen version (7)
19 An empty form of recompense (7)
21 Radio reception problem which never goes away (6)
23 Advice to a vininer near Manchester? (9)
25 Turn a lock fer concealment (5)

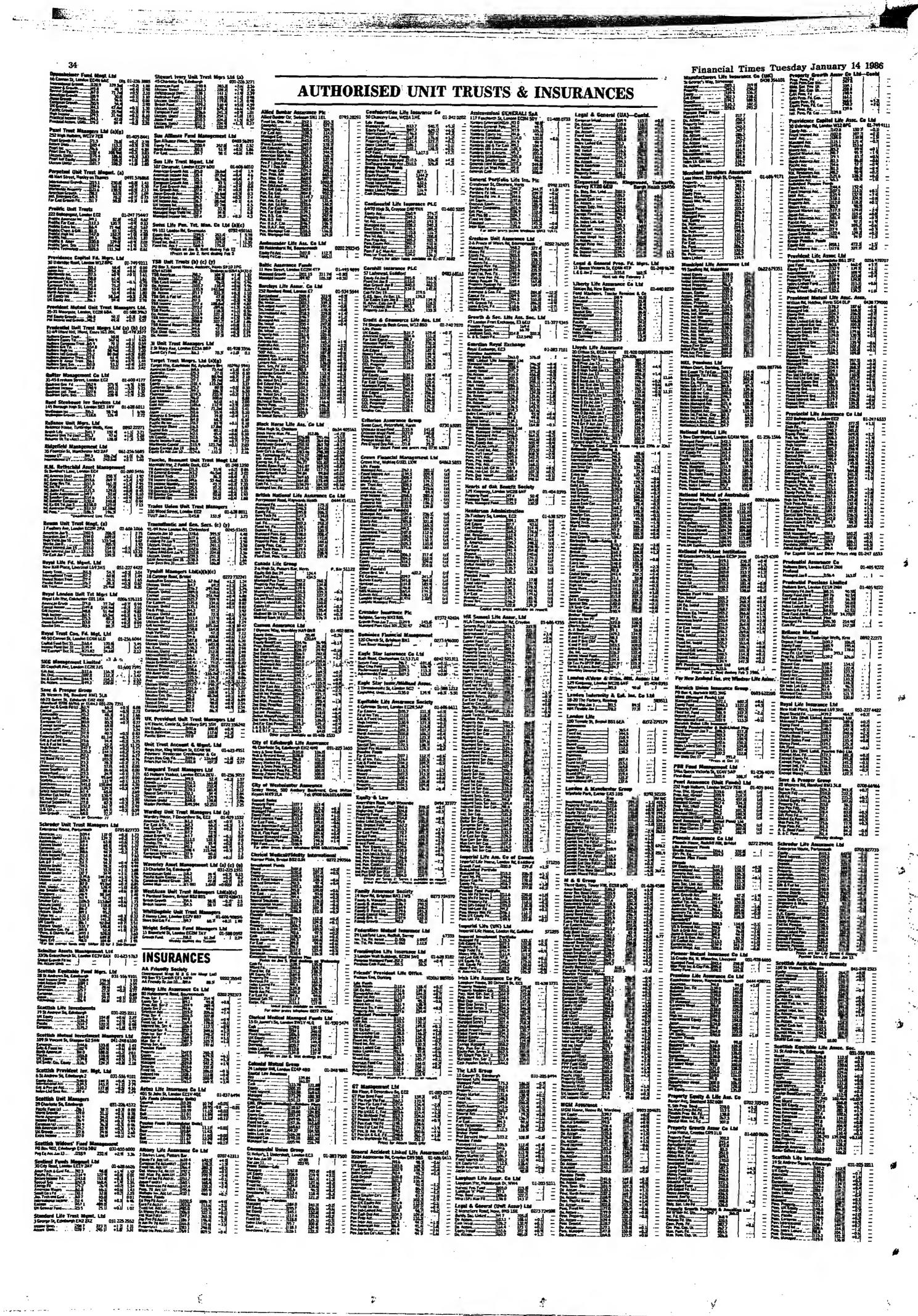
ment (5)
26 Naked convict in the pool

27 He can have a startling effect en public opinion (8)
28 It's any arrangement that makes good sense (6)
29 Objects when the claret is

shaken up (8)

DOWN
1 Grubby residence (6)
2 A choice literary gathering (9) 3 Wise man of a smug disposition (5) tion (5)
4 Tell of Scottish isle rising against the heartless (7)

Solution to Puzzle No. 5,920 A I P I A M I P



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Financial Times Tuesday January 14 1986			
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ORANGE JUICE 15,000 Ibs.

Close High Low 95.80 107.00 95.80 107.00 95.80 97.40 108.70 97.30 99.06 704.90 92.70 107.10 105.50 105.50 102.20 102.60 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50 105.50

Muddling on with grain surpluses

DURING 1970 I visited the prairie provinces of Canada and saw enormous beaps of wheat stored uncovered on farms—the sccumulation of several harvest surpluses. The US, a richer country, was storing much at Government expense and in addition paying farmers to set land aside. In Australia et the same timo wheat growing was subject to quota.

A year or so later Sovist buyors raided the American stores and set off a worldwide production been with the result that today the world's grain production, excluding rice, of 1.345bn tonnes is a third higher than in 1972-74.

This is undeniably a considor-able achievement, but unfortuacts achievement, our unrul world grain trade, excluding rice, has not expanded to match it. Between 1968-71 and 1984-85 world trade only doubled from



99m tonnes to 209m tonnes and will probably be below 200m tonnes for 1985-86. Prices are at levels ruling 10 years ago and although they do not appear to bave fallen meterially in dollar terms, the fact that the US dollar, in which grain is traded world wide, bas fallen by nearly 40 per cent against sterling and the European currency unit, over the past year means that in real terms the alump is really

The EEC is being blamed for much of the trouble. Ten years ago total grain imports into the Community of 10 were 22m tonnes, By 1984 they had fallen to 7.5m tonnes and over the same decade exports of Community grain had more than doubled from 9.7m to 21m tonnes. In effect the EEC has reduced the world grain market for traditional vendors by some

But EEC production and its disposal has not been the only disposal has not been the only plan, indicate that West culprit. Since the early 1970s Germany could be less tough in there has been a significant increase in yields per bectare, averaging 29 per cent world wide. Most countries shared in this to some extent, the poorest performer being the Soviet Union. It is worth noting that should the Soviet Union manage to raise its yields to the level of the rest of the grain produc-ing countries it would mean another 53m tonnes of grain on world markets—more than a quarter of the present world

Pest control

sufficiency at a pace no ono would have believed possible as little as 10 years ago. It is an irony that much of the increase in yields in the more underdeveloped countries originated in the Green Revolution which was the result of the work of the US financed Rockefeller Foundation and others.

There is a definite connection between the Green Revolution and farming in most selvanced countries in that the technique used to control pests and weeds and breeding the right varieties were applicable world wide. The Chinese for instance adopted them and doubled their stains yields.

But none of this is much holp to farmers and their govern-ments who are faced with the fact that a proportion of their grain producing potential is surplus to requirements. One can understand the fury of the US and other farmers at the

This is particularly galling to farmors in Canada, the US and elsewhere who built np their trado in grains and other products since the late 19th century. They were conditioned to believing that there would always be a place for them in the economic world as supplies. the economic world as suppliers of grain to countries not so favourably placed. To find their one-time customars, and even the recipients of their charity like India, competitors or self-sufficient is hard for them to

I do not believe that this problem is unique to grain. The same over-production and increasing self-sufficiency is evident in milk, meat, oil seeds and so on. Most pundits claim that market forces would, if allowed free reln, soon cure the situation by decimating the industry. The trouble is that fow governments could allow this and still survive the next election. So we shall muddle

US watchdog plans tough MARKETS rules on contract timing

BY NANCY DUNNE IN WASHINGTON

AFTER TEN years of dissen-sion and delay, the US Com-modity Futures Trading Com-(CFTC) is expected today to approve controversial new rules which would aighten the record-keeping of trading on the floors of US futures

The proposed rules would force floor brokers or exchange force floor brokers or exchange employees to record the octual execution tims of each futures and options trade within one minute. Currently, trades are only recorded within 30 minute time periods, making it difficult for CFTC investigators to establish "audit trails" in suffice out trade abuse. sniffing out trade abuse.

Most of the futures exchanges have long opposed one minute time stamping requirements, claiming they would slow up trading and damage market liquidity. However, the CFTC is np for Congressional re-authorisation this year, and a Congressionally mandated study on insider trading recom-mended that the exchanges improve their ability to reconstruct the sequence of trading. In a report released yester-day, the CFTC staff noted that

WEST GERMANY last night

Speaking in advance of to-

Exchange deferred until next

Monday a decision on the future

of the tin market, which has been suspended since October

money with debts of hundreds of millions of pounds to banks and LME brokers.

The UK Government has con-

ment in a campaign culminating in letters from Mrs Margaret Thatcher to fellow beads of

It is clear from Dr Behrendt's

rather than the

views that any deal might still

take time to negonate-though

principles behind the latest

talks today than it has been.

However, the supporters of a negotiated deal cannot take the

views of other countries for

granted-Malaysia, the biggest

producer, bas reservations.

government.

the fact that details, rather

sistently pressed for a settle- creditors.

Bonn criticises tin

market rescue plan

for solving the three-month-old tin crisis.

day's emergency meeting of the managing director of Gerald International Tin Council, Dr Metals, involve the creation of

the West German delogation, over the council's in stockpile said the proposals for sharing the financial burden between the council's 22 member govern
from from brokers and £20m

ments and its creditors was not from banks.

Dr Behrendt criticised the

His comments were made relative sizes of the government sbortly after the London Metal and the bank contributions—

24, when the ITC ran out of by Holland and France. The money with debts of hundreds three countries have so far

cipants "continus to harbour suspicions as to the fairness of the commodities markets." An indirect benefit of the improved timing system may be better to the comply with the standard as best they can.

The exchanges may use either manual record keeping, a technology assisted system, exchange public perception of the fairness recorded time keeping or a com-of the markets, "thereby in-creasing public confidence and approaches as long as the one participation in the markets."

The new rules are also Although most of the ex-designed to doter trading changes must be dragged to the frauds and make trade reconstructions less expensive.
According to the CFTC staff, the New York cotton exchange recently spent 450 employee hours to reconstruct the trading of one broker trading one con-tract on one day. Because of the imprecision of the data, the exchange was unable to recon-struct the sequence of about one-fifth of the trade.

While eager to Impress Congress this year, the CFTC is expected to ease the transition to tightor controls by giving ex-changes until October 1, 1986, to implement a plan for one minute trade timing and until January 1, 1987, to prove that their new schemes are working well. The proposed regulations do not specify the method for meeting the timo standard but instead permit each exchange to matching trading.

Mr Ralph Kestenbaum, joint

but bad no major objection to

It is understood in Bonn that

leading opponents of sttempts to start negotiations between the ITC and its

these views are broadly shared

Tin trading has been suspen-

LONDON METAL EXCHANGE

WAREHOUSE STOCKS

(tonnes)

-425 to 221,925 -4,450 to 187,075

+3,050 to 45,675 +474 to 7,290 +110 to 42,030

+5,875 to 37,100

-648,000 to 50,254,000

the brokers' input.

ded since October 24.

minute rule is in force. Although most of the ex-

new standards kicking and screaming, the New York Mercantile Exchange has bad a one minuto time keeping system is place for years. Under the system floor brokers fill ont trading information on a card and throw it into the centre of the plt where it is stamped with the time by a Nymex employee.
The cards are collected,
checked and entered into a computer centre by other Nymex clerks. Later, when the informa-

tion comes up on TV screens located throughout the exchange, the floor broker or his cierks are required to check it accurately Mrs Rosemary MacFadden the Nymex President said the system bas not damaged trads liquidity -- volume has been breaking records for years—and the process ultimately assists in

at London tea auction

TEA PRICES at London's weekly auction yestorday ware generally firmer with quality grade sveraging 180p a kilo, np 5p from last week, medium grade 140p, np 5p, and low medium 103p, up 7p.

There was no obvious reason for the rise, which continued a a trend that started towards the end of last month. One dealer suggested it might simply be a reaction against the preceding fall, snoouraged,

The London Tes Brokers' Association described demand at yesterday's sale as "strong and more consistent." There were 31,793 packages on offer, including 1,800 in the offshore

to 10p a kilo dearer with best quality types showing advances from last week of up to 20p. Bangladesb teas and most Africans were well supported with bright Kenyans a particu-

Prices firmer

By Our Commodities Staff

perhaps, by the low level of stocks beld by most UK bleoders. He did not think the Sri Lankan poison scare bad influ-enced the market as the small amount of Sri Lankan tea included in the offering would have been shipped before an Indian newspaper reported about ten days ago, that Tamil separatists had put arsenic in an export shipment.

larly strong feature, the associa-tion said. But plainest central Africans were irregular and in some cases chesper.

THE RECENT wild syrations in the codec market showed no sign of slowing down yesterday. The March position, which had fallen £151.50 last Thursday and regained £112 on Friday, fell away again to close £266.50 down yesterday at £2,617,50 a tounc. An early fall, following through on New York's decline after the London market had closed on Friday, orders were triggered. But traders continued to see the declins as a technical correction and many were still looking for further substantial gains as the market comes to terms with the heavy damage done to the coming Brazilian erop by last year's protracted drought. Meanwhile sugar futures were depressed in line with the tone in New York and London's position ended the day \$7.10 down at \$147.70 the day \$7.10 down at \$147.70 a tonne. Cocoa values recovered some of last week's sharp fall in spite of news that US bean grindings in the final quarter of 1985 were down 6.7 per cent on the corresponding 1984 period. Sterling's weakness against the dollar lifted copper, since and aluminium arices on the and aluminium prices on the London Metal Exchange. LME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Trading.

ALUMINIUM

		CCCCA	
	Unofficial + or plose(p.m.) — £ per tonne	High/low	Treds was light and in a narrow range thro day. Physical business
nths	806-6+22 839,5-8+23	881/801 835/816	to the second-hand market limited Interest was set ducare and consumers we
5-9.5)	closing (am): Co three months &	reports Gill and Outhus.	

Official closing (am): Cash 980-5 (979-5): three months 1010.5-7 (1003.5-4); settlement 990.5 (\$78.5), Final Kerb Close: 1012-13.

Unofficit der Highstow 928-0 ;+14 990.5/990 1014.5-5 |+14.1-1019/1009 Official closing (sm): Cash 974-5 (864-5): three months 1004-5 (984-5); settlement 976 (985). Tumover: 33.15 tonnes, US Producer prices 68.5-73.06

LEA			
	Linoffic closelp.r £ per	tonne	High/low
Cash 9 month	257-8	-0.75 -0.88	257/257 267,267
(259.75-7 (269.5-7)	0); settlem erb Class	ent 257	eah 257-,25 nths 267-,5 25 (260,25) Turnovers 3,5-20 cente

NICKE

HI ONEL						
	Unofficial +or close(p.m.) - £ per tonne	Hig h/lo				
Cash 6 months	2840-50 -10 2915-20 -	2980/254				
(2810-20); 5); action	closing (sm): Co three months 294 nent 2865 (2820). 20-30, Turnover: 1	5-50 (2880) Finel Ker				
ZINC						

Nigh yrade	the close (p.m.) —			
Cash 3 months	444-6	1+0.6 1+10	458/451	

(434.5-5);	three mo	ncha 453	5 (447	-3)
Ciose: 45	440-,5	(435). F	inal I	Grb
US Prime	Westernt	33/36.75	cents	per

Gold rose \$5 to \$340\(\)-341\(\)\, on the London bullion rearket yesterday. The metal opened at \$359\(\)-335\(\)\, and was fixed at \$340.75 in the anoming and \$339.40 in the afternoon. It toucked a peak of \$341-341\(\)\, and a low of \$339-335\(\). GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Jan. 12

Hose \$340%-3414 (293614-936%) Deening \$33214-866% (29365,-93614) While fix \$340.76 (2936,895) Aftinin fix \$369.40 (2936,104) GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS

Silver was fixed 1.7c an ounce higher for spot delivery in the London builton merket yesterday at 422.65p. US cent equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot 605.7c, down 5.5c; three-month 617.1c, down 4.6c; six-month 625.9c, down 4.8c; and 12-month 633.4c, fown 4.8c; and 12-month 633.4c, fown 4.8c; and closed at 418-420p (805-807c) and closed at 417-419p (802-804c).

SILVER Buillon t or L.M.E. tor par fixing p.m. troy Price Unoffici Spot 422.550 +1.76 417.59 -5 3 months 435.500 +2.56 4510 -1. 5 months 448.480 +2.56 -1 72 months 473.839 +8.56 -LMS—Turnover: 16 (53) lots of 10,000 cz.
Cseh high/low 418p; three months final kerb 450-1p.

p. Ser kilo ideadweight)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

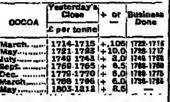
METALS	Jan, 15 1966	+ <u>or</u>	Month
Aluminium		Ī	
Free Mkt	_ \$ 122E(249	+20	61178/90
Copper		. 140	DOOE 05
Cash & Grade	£988,5	+14.8	2985.25
Gold Troy oz	\$541.00	T 1 3	27105
Land Cash	£247.2		
- metre			£283.25
Mickel			
Free Mkt	198/205c	+1	187/217c
Palladium oz	. \$102.00	-1.25	\$93,00
Platinum az			\$330.B5
Quickelivert			8245/276
Silver troy oz	422,55p	+1.70	405.30p
months	455,500	+8,50	417,800
Tin cash	- I		1
Tunosten	266.02	(867.77
Wolfram 22.01b.		*********	356,64
Zine	PARK	-0.0	2603
6 months	£486.6		2506
Producers.	J850/700		2580/878
OILS.			
Coconut (Phil)	3405v	J	#490 8406

Soyabean (U.S.) 8285.8 1-3,8 2290.3

Bartay Fut. Mar. E118.507+0.80.2113.16 Melze Wheat Fut. Mar. 2116.50 +0.48.2115.50 No. 2 Hard Wint. I I III.

OTHERS			
Getton A Index Gas Oil Mar. Bubber (kilo)	22617.5 51,250 \$204.76 57.50 \$157.5y	-4.5 +0.5	48,40c \$238.0 57.00
# Unqueted. † per gound. v J	Per 75-lb en-Feb.	flask. Feb.	c Centy

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to the	Interes	-hand	mar rea	LOT W	hare	BOME
reporta	Gill	and (Duttu		aidi	lined.
					-	



selling throughput the morning cen losses of up to £313. A week

		,	1
Jan	2560-500	227.5	2720 560
March	251020	288,5	2075-870
May	2600-25		2955-650
July.			8080 730
Sapt:	2841.50		5100-820
Nov	8900-15		2 J92-600
JER sert treme	2245-90	-217,5	\$186-960

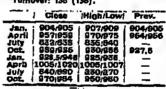
1979 227.05 (220.44); 15-day average 210.34 (207.14).

COTTON

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipment sales for the week ending Jenuary 10 amounted to 2,025 tonnes against 200 tonnes in the two days' trading of the provious week. Improved demand trought operations in Turkish, east and west African, Pakistani, American and Israeli growths.

FREIGHT FUTURES

With the physical market offering no news, futures were quiet. April attracted several sollers, notably in the afternoon and the merket closed on an assier note, reports Clarkson Wolff. the afternoon and the merket closed or an easier note, reports Clerkson Wolff. The Satuc Freight Index was 317.5, down 2. The Satuc Tanker Index was 877.5, down 25. Turnover: 138 (138).



Tumover: 136 (310).

GRAINS Old crop wheat and barley were steady in thin trading. Wheat found good merchant and consumer buying support to allowly rise, reaching 35p up

egas Pecent	meeting 10-15g. 9 losses in were untre	very	Scovered	50p of			
WHEA			BARLEY				
Mnth	Yesterd'ye close	+ 01	Yesterdy	+ or			
Mar Mar May May Mov Susi 1.60, July reded Seriey May maded	116.80 118.30 119.65 132.00 99.76 103.90 ness done Mar 116.80 122.00-1.70 . Seles: 2 Jan untri 17.15 only . Sales:	+0.35 +0.45 +0.45 +0.45 +0.10 +0.10 Sept 6.30, Sept 6.30, Sept 6.30, Sept 9.30, 9.00, 9.00	119.50 116.30 117.40 99.36 102.30 at Jan May 119.7 and No of 100 w Mar 115.7 t and No	+0.85 +0.69 +0.69 +0.69 113.80- 5-9.40, v un- onnes.			
iortha i38,80 meni vinter 28,15, len 13 lun 1 117/11 rew relier, JS No.	DON GRAIN PRINT 138 128. Jan 1	No 1 1 1.95 sa 35, fe 70 salid English Jan 1 1.50/12 108.50 /Frenci	IS per certifiere Trans Na 2 so, to 128.75, term, EC in feed fob 116/118.50 a soller. It transchit Barley: E	nt Feb mehip- it red , Mar French Apr/ Feb allers, puyer/ Marze: pment nglish			

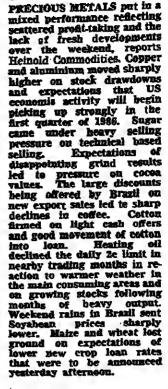
Frices were unchanged despite lower physicale in poor volumes, reports Eastern Capital-CCST.

Sales: 10 (51) forts of 50 carcases, 3,220 kg.

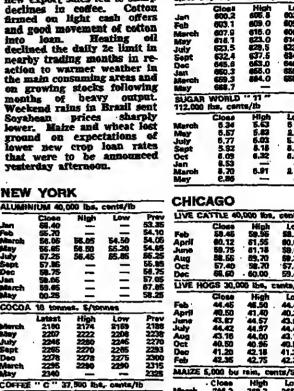
IYesterday's Previous Business done' to see the see the

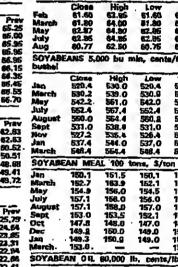
RUBBER

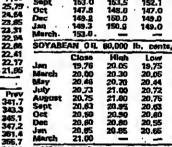
PHYSICALS — The London market opened slightly essedier, ettrected fittle buying interest throughout the day and closed quiet, reports Levis and Peet, Closing prices (buyers) spot 87-50p (87-00p). February 55.78p (55.25g), Merch 88-00p (85.00p). The Kusla Lurepur fub prices (Maleysta/Singepore cents) per kg RSS No 1 was 190.6 (180.0) and for SMR 20 169.5 (same).



US MARKETS







Aug 22.10 22.30 22.00 22.61 3 apt 21.95 22.00 21.95 22.77 Jan Oct 21.90 21.90 21.95 22.77 Jan GOLD 100 troy oz, \$/troy oz GOLD 100 troy oz, \$/troy oz Jan 30.9 30.0 339.6 341.7 Sept Feb 241.5 342.2 300.7 343.3 Oct 341.5 343.3 243.5 245.1 Oct April 245.4 247.0 344.8 347.2 Dec June 349.8 361.3 348.8 351.4 March Aug 353.9 355.5 364.7 355.7 Oct 268.3 360.0 288.0 360.1 WHEAT Dec 362.5 364.2 362.0 364.5 Feb 267.6 289.9 368.5 369.1 PLATIMUM 50 troy oz. \$/troy oz Close High Low 325.0 336.2 322.0 290.6 311.0 298.2 273.7 280.4 272.0 273.0 273.6 273.0 PLATINUM 50 troy oz. \$/tray oz Close High Low 381.9 364.0 256.0 383.9 365.0 351.0 365.7 367.2 380.0 389.0 370.8 264.9 373.4 372.6 369.2 378.0 374.0 374.9

SUGAR

Most grades condinued to weaken under the pressure of unsold North Sea cergoes. Nymex opened 44c down for Fabruary and had retovered only 10c of this by 1 pm EST. In the petroleure products market, prices fell across the barrel in wesk and this trade.—Petroleum Argus, London.

25.05 2 3.58 22.90 22.60 22.40 22.17 22.00

Latest + or -CRUDE OIL-FOS (5 per barrel)-Jan.

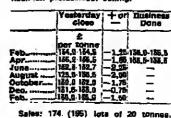
Company | Co

Petroleum Argus estimates BAS OIL FUTURES Yest'day's + or Business Closs - Done \$ U.S.

per tonne | -5.00 214.00-06.50 211.00 | -5.00 214.00-05.73 | -5.00 214.00-06.73 | 197.00 | -5.00 205.00-06.25 | 197.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 100.00 | -1.50 CRUDE Oil. FUTURES Brant Oland Index. \$ a barrel. (Closs. Change, business done): Index 23.98, unchanged; Feb 23.98-24.02. —9.20, 24.00-23.65; Mar 22.90-23.10. —0.25, 22.75; April 21.90-22.60. —0.275, 22.10-22.00. May 27.00-22.40; Juns 20.75-22.00.

Terrover: 41 (10) lots of 1,000 arrels.

SOYABEAN MEAL The market opened unchanged in liet trading conditions, reports T. G. addick. Procee seed during the atten-tion on professional eatling.



POTATOES The market opened 60p down, basis April, following Friday's week chartist close and a drop of 0Fl 1 in Holland due to low export and high import figures. At \$1.00 down renewed buying interest sterning the fall and the losses were recouped.

No. 0 Yest'day's Pravious Busines dona

£ per tonce Feb 80.60 79.60 80.88 80.68 Apr 98.50 96.90 32.74.95.30 Nov 76.00 76.00 76.00 76.00 76.00

"Seles: 765 (619) lots of 40 toppes. INDICES

(Base: September 12 1931 - 100)

Jones 10 9 ago ago Spot 132.46 139.16 - 191.09 Fut. 195.19 167.18 - 124.69 (Base: Decomber 31 1931 = 100)
Not eveilable due to auspen

Other orstwbile grain importers, notably India and China have moved to self

export policy—dumping they call it—carried on by the EEC.

COMMODITY MARKETS have identifies substantial problems least contained," that markets recently been very quiet and London is having difficulty holding market share. Unless urgent action is taken, members' reserves will continue to be at

With that stark message, Mr Saxon Tate, the recently-appointed full-time chairman of the London Commodity Exchange, bas launched bis attempt to restructure the UK's principal soft commodity futures markets: those in sugar, coffee and cocca, as well as the LCF's energy offshoot, the International Petroleum Exchange.
The LCE has existed in more

or less its present form sinco 1973, but Mr Tate's initiative comes at a crucial time. For most of last year, the Exchange's contracts were suffering a sharp decline in both volume and international market share. The recent upsurge in coffee trading has assed the pale accounts to the pale accounts th eased the pain somewhat—but even in coffee futures, the New York market has gained con-

London. The Exchange faces inevitable change on at least two counts: it is moving to new nurpose-bullt premises — costing an estimated 25m — by the Tower of London in the spring of 1987; and its members will be forced to pay for a self-regulatory framework for the first time this year under the Government's Financial Services Bill

But Mr Tate's proposals go earn its revenue by supplying much further than earlier of "quality services at competitive much further than sariler of "quality services at competitive these developments, and incl- prices" to markets in the dentially provide a scathing redentially provide a scathing re-flection on the LCE's failure to adapt to increasing competition markets which might choose to from other futures markets over the last few years.

As he sees it, and as he says many people involved in the markets have explicitly recogmarkets bave explicitly recognised for about two years, the challenge facing the LCE is essentially two-fold: to arrest and eventually reverse the declino in business, and to ensure that the LCE's assets — principally Commodity Quay, the new building — are managed in a cost-effective manner.

As a starting point, Mr Tate uilding — are managed in a Above all, the business plan equity ratio of one to five—a ost-effective manner.

As a starting point, Mr Tate improve, that costs must be standards.

BY ANDREW GOWERS

London Commodity Exchange restructuring plan

A blueprint for the LCE

exchanges.

This would involve reconstituting the Exchange as a limited company owned directly by its members. The TMA's assets and loans would be capitalised to become shares in the new LCE; the company would be open to equity participation by new mambers; it would be controlled by a board of directors directly accountable to the sbareholders; and it would aim to offer a return on sbareholdors' capital. The individual markets would be run by committees appointed by the Board.

The new LCE, he says, would sharo Commodity Quay, such as the International Petroleum

with the Exchange's structure.

At present, the LCE is a private limited company, partly owned by all-powerful terminal market associations (TMA's), which run the individual markets, and developed, and that CMS's third association by a mark business must be developed, and that CMS's third associations.

developed, and that CMS's third party businesses must make a substantial contribution.

This administers a variety of services to the market floors on which its members trade, including limited lobbying and public relations activities and telecommunications.

Mr Tato says the LCE's developed, and that CMS's third party businesses must make a substantial contribution.

"The assumptions made about the possibility of developed, and that CMS's third party businesses must make a substantial contribution.

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public relations activities and telecommunications.

Mr Tato says the LCE's decision-making process is cumbersome and its organisation diffuse. As things stand, be writes, the LCE "has little or no control over its own destiny or over the future of London as o market place fur soft commodities."

What be wants is clearly something much more ecitralised, more akin to the structure of the relatively successful US exchanges. assumes — perhaps conserva-tively—that trading in the "traditional" soft commodities will rise no higher than budgeted isvels for the current fiscal year, and that IPE annual volumes will not exceed

750,000 lots. To achievo such return figures, though, Mr Tate reckons that the LCE might need to make capital and operating expenditure totalling about £12m—which implies increasing its operating revenue by £3,4m over the next three years.

There is an alternative scenario, howsver. This assumes, among other things, that coffas, cocos and sugar volumes do not rise above their level of summer 1985 and that the IPE does not schieve a significant increase in trading the International Petroleum Exchange; by attracting and initiating new markets (Mr overruns on cost, and that no new business is developed. In options contracts, for exampla); and by exploiting and developit on products such as the Manifest price quotation as system operated by the LCE's Commodity Market Services with the Exchange of the Commodity Market Services of the Commodity of the Exchange of the Commodity Market Services of the Commodity of the Exchange of the Commodity of the Commodity

MEAT COMMISSION—Average interest prices at representative markets.
G8—Cattle 96.56p per kg lw (-0.39).
G8—Sheep 197.51p per kg ast dow (+9.89).
G8—Piga 73.36p per kg lw (-2.59).

هكذامن لاعمل

LOMDON DAILY PRICE—Raw augar \$127.50 (£88.50), up 50c (up £1.50) e tonns for January-February delivery. Whire augar \$166.00, unchanged. The merket came under diseppointed long Equidadon and prices fall back to the recent lows, reports C. Czernikow.

MARKET

lates Salaa: 1,778 (1,057) lots of 50

Salas: 1,778. (1,057) lots of 50 tonnes.

Tata and Lyle delivery price for granulated basis auger was 2151.00 (£190.00) a tonne for export. Infernational Sugar Agreement-(US cante per pound fob and stowed Caribbean parts.) Prices for January 10: Oaily once 4,58 (same); 15-day average 4,57 (8,92), PARIS—(FFr per tonne); Mar 1272, PARIS—(FFr per tonne); Mar 1274, May 1285/1298, Aug 1345/1349, Oct 1400/1405, Dec 1425/1430, Mar 1481/1497.

Month | Yesterday's Previous | Susiness |

FINANCIAL TIMES Jan. 15 Jan. 10 M'th ago, Year ago __ __ 293,21 (Base: July 1 1952=100) REUTERS

Jan. 16 Jan. 10 With ago Your ago 1863.4 1867.2 1750.0 1953.2 DOW JONES

37

CURRENCIES, MONEY and CAPITAL MARKETS

to FFr 10.98 from FFr 10.98; SFr 3.04 from SFr 3.0350; and Y295 from Y293.95.

78.1 126.3 80.3 189.1 92.8 83.8 130.9 150.1 120.9 69.9 45.8 178.2

CURRENCY RATES

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

Dollar strong, pound nervous

The dollar threatened to break out from its recent trading range of DM 2.42 to DM 2.48 on the foreign exchangs yesterday. Tho US currency temporarily rose abovo previous resistance)evels, following eocouraging US economic statistics of late, and doubts that the bill to eventually balance the US budget will be passed by Congress.

Last week's fall in US unemployment, and a rise of 0.4 unemployment, and a rise of 0.4 per cent in producer prices, only half the previous month, led to an upward trend in the dollar, as the US bond market weakened. At the same time there were growing fears the Gramm Rudman Bill would be ruled unconstitutional, allowing the Reagam Administration to maintain a high borrowing requirement, keeping interest rets and the dollar firm.

There was also no sign of

There was also no sign of retaliation by Arab states to withdraw investments in the US following the freezing of Libyan assets as a result of the European airport terrorist attacks.

The dollar rose to DM 2.4635 from DM 2.4535; FFr 7.55 from FFr 7.5150; SFr 2.0940 from SFr 2.0795; and Y202.75 from Y202.75 On Bank of England figures

Jan. 13 Prev. close 81.4435-1.4460-01.4480-1.4490 0.62-0.55pm,0.35-0.64pm 1.70-1.65pm,1.60-1.57pm 5.90-5.75pm,6.40-5.30pm

the dollar's index rose to 126.6 from 125.2. STERLING -- Trading range against the dellar in 1985-85 is. 1.4835 to 1.6835. December average 1.4555. Exchange rate index fell 0.5 to 78.1. It opened at 78.5, the highest level of the day, and touched a low of 78.6 at 1 pm. STERLING

sterling was volatile, tending to endorse the Government's admission that UK interest rates will need to remain high for some time. With oil companies running their lowest stock levels since 1977 the overall picture for the oil market looks weak, and uninters from the Organisation of Oil Exporting Countries are scheduled to hold 2 meeting early next month. The pound fell 1.15 cents to \$1.4425-1.4435, after trading within a range of \$1.4315 to \$1.4510. Sterling was unchanged at DM 3.5725, but rose

7-8- Hoortha

4.86 1.86-1.80 pan
3.12 1.46-1.31 pan
7.88 7-85 pan
2.94 56-41 pan
4.77 125-11 pan
-0.21 0.12-0.46tha
5.92 72-67 pan
14.54 366-1200da
-3.93 17-25 dia
-3.93 17-25 dia
-3.93 73-71 pan
-0.08 72-5 pan
6.10 47-67 pan
6.10 47-67 pan
6.10 47-67 pan
6.11 47-58 pan
1.38 65-55 pan
1.58 65-55 pan
1.58

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST DOLLAR

POUND SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST POUND

Spread Close One month

1.4315-1.4610 1.4425-1.4435 0.80-0.57c pm
2.0043-2.0267 2.0917-2.0207 0.57c.0.48c pm
4.003-4.07 4.06-4.07 72.85-73.40 13.00-73

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

FUTURES AND OPTIONS

Prices

D-MARK — Trading range against the dollar in 1983-86 is 3.4510 to 2.4375. December average 2.5120. Exchange rate index 130.9 against 124.1 six menths ago. Prices fell in active trading in the London International Financial Futures Exchange yesterday. Sterling based deposits were depressed by a higher cash market following fears of lower oil prices and sterling's overall weakness. Dollar based instruments were affected by the possibility that recent efforts to reduce the US budget deficit would not receive final approval by the US administration. Furthermore there were indications that the pace of US economic growth had accelerated, thereby reducing downward pressure on interest rates.

Three-month sterling deposits started to ease gently from an opening level of \$7.20 and accelerated rapidly to finish at the days low of \$6.64 down from \$7.37 on Friday. The closing level suggested a yield of 13] per cent with the market more resigned to a further increase in base rates than anything else.

Gilt prices attracted some early buying so that the opening value of 108-24 was increased to a high of 108-25 before market bears pushed the price to a low of 107-22 where it closed, down from 109-09 on Friday.

Euro-dollar prices fell after doubts about the Gramm-Rudman-Hollings budget hill and attempts by the Reagan administration to have parts of its declared unconstitutional. Nevertheless fears of higher interest rates failed to undermine fouriers values completely and the March contract met with persistent buying on any attempt to push it below 91.75. The index 130.9 against 124.1 six menths age.

The D-mark weakened against the dollar in Frankfurt yesterday, and the US currency finished firmer on the day in spite of rumours about President Reagm's health. Recent signs of better than expected performance by the US economy pushed the dollar up to DM2.4865 from DM2.44975 at the Frankfurt close. Earlier in the day the Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar was fixed at DM2.4767 compared with DM2.4367 on Friday. Trading was quiet and uncertain before the fixing, but dealers tended to worry about the rise in US interest rates on Friday and the weakness of the bond market. There were no new factors to give impetus to business, but operators remained nervous about possible Arab disinvestment in the US as a result of the freering of Libyan assets in the US, while the Iranian bearding of a US merchant ship added to the underlying political worries.

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS the March contract met with persistent buying on any attempt to push it below 91.75. The March price closed at 91.80 up from an opening of 91.76 but down from 91.94 on Friday.

The US bond price for March delivery opened at 82.08 and rose to 82.14 before slipping away after the start of trading in Chicago to a low of 82.08. However buyers soon gained the upper hand and values were isom boosted to a high of 82-17 before finishing at 82-10 compared with 83-25 on Friday.

Jan, 1	Bark 3 rate		Currency Unit		with.8			
Sterling			0.613926	CUR	RENC	Y FL	ITUR	ES
Canadlan	74	1.09207	1.25901	POLINE	-6 (PD	REIGN	EXCHAN	Œ)
Atratria S	ch. 4	. 18,9968	15,3594	Spot	1-enth.	· 3-mth.		72-mth.
Belgian F		05,2633		1.4430	1.4372	1.4268	1.4113	1.3863
Danish K	7.	. 9,67231 2,70473		- 1144	STERLIN	S S# pe	r E	
Oulider	i. 5 ·	5,04415	2.45023		Latest	High	Low	Prev
French Fr		MIA	6,70307	Moreh	1.4340	1.4366	1,4210	1.4380
CITA	154	N/A	1480,18	- HARRIS	1,4160	1.4176	1.4060	1,4220
Yon		221,308		Sept	1,406D	1.4050	1.3970	1.4106
Span's Pt		168.290	135,949	Dec	. 1.3825	1.3925	1.3876	1,4006
Swedish P		8,85413	6,74409	LIFTE-	STERLIN	G £26,0	00 8 pe	W E
Swies Fr.		2,29335			Close	High	Low	Prev
Greek Dr		165.499	0.714083	- Alberton	1.4250	1.4355	1.4216	1,4470
. Irish Punt	-	was.	O'ATARES	June	1.4006	_	_	1.4320
				Sept	1.3565	-	-	1.4150
*CS/SDR	ram for:	January :16	1.52821,	Pravious	day's	(382)	1 2003	(2.091)
-				UFFE-	DEUTEC	E MAR	KR DM	125,000

OTHER CURRENCIES Est volume 78 (85) Provious day's open int 177 (194) 8.30 sm 78.5 8.00 sm 78.4 10.00 sm 78.3 Noon 78.3 Noon 78.1 1.90 pm 78.0 2.00 pm 78.1 1.90 pm 78.1 78.7 78.6 78.6 78.7 78.7 78.7

EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES Figure % 44.6489 7.89164 2.18661 6.70307 2.48023 0.714923 1489.16 ±1.5425 ±1.6421 ±1.1655 ±1.3654 ±1.5162 ±1.6673 ±4.0856 Changes are for Ecu, therefore

S. OM YEN PERM OF HEL UM CE BE 0.280 0.404 1, 88.58, 5.073 0.851 1.136 684.2 0.665 20.53 5.390 4.898 12.11 1000, 37.22 10.51 15.78 8386, 6.846 246,6 0.911 1.514 3.254 268.7 10. 0.389 0.475 1.175 97.04 3.612 1, 1,557 604.0 0.664 24.15 0.246 0.356 0.878 75.87 2.701 0.748 1 601.3 0.497 18.04 0.400, 0.380 1.462 120.7 4.492 1.244, 1.663 1000, 0.886 50.01 H FL Lira

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

Jan. 13	term	notice.	Month	Months	Months	Year
Storling	114-114	1119-1114	1211-1213	154-134	184-184	134-184
U.S. Dollar_	B-81g	8 ₇₁ -8 ₇₁	84-84	84.10	914-63g	03-10
Can Dollar	91a-101a	076-101s	04-10 5H-5H	514-514	634-574	5H-6H
Sw. Franc.	21-21-	21, 25	314-4-4	44.44	41.44	41.414
Deutschmrk	4.2 411	46, 45,	45g-43g	413.413	416 416	43447
Fr. Franc	B34 B78	9 94	93, 97	1116 1116	114-12	114-114
Italian Lire	12-15	154-164	1574-161	164-174	161-163	154-15
B.Fr.(Fin)	Oig-97a	95e 97a	93-10	94-10	94.84	94-91-
Br.Fr (Con)	0.91e	011-10	834-1014	10 10lg	934-1014	914-914
Yon	615-611	018-074	716-714	Q14-G15	Gig-Oile	61a 66a
D. Krone	9.94	846 BT6	86g-01g	0.91	B19-954	9-914 D44-81 ₈
Aslan \$ (Sng)	815-61F	818-814	816-816	84-94	- Alf-alf	- व्यक्त
Long-ters	n Eurodolis	re: two year	3 5%-9% per	coat; three	years 94-0	per cect

MONEY MARKETS

UK rates up in very nervous trading

£370m. These were partly offset by a fall in the note circulation of £290m and banks balances Interest rates rose in London persective, reflecting a growing lack of confidence in the current rate structure. Falling oil prices and a weaker pound were sufficient to undermine confidence and led to speculation that the latest one point rise in cloaring bank base rates would not be sufficient to offset market fears about all prices. To help alleviate the shortage To help alleviate the shortage, the Bank offered an early round of assistance which totalled £722m and comprised outright purchases of £143m of sligible bank bills in band 3 at 12½ per cent and in band 4, £61m of Treasury bills, £1m of local authority bills and £517m of eligible bank bills all at 12½ per cent.

UK clearing banks base lending rate 12½ per cent aince January 9

Three-month interbank money traded between 12† per cent and 13 per cent with business for today quoted at 13½-13½ per cent on from 12½-12½ per cent on Friday. Three-mooth eligible bank bills were bid at 12½-12½ per cent compared with 12½-12½ per cent.

per cent compared with 12 ft-12 per cent.

A bulk of the day'o shortage was relieved through the sale by discount houses of long dated paper, an indication of the marker's lack of confidence in the authorities maintaining the current level of rates. Overnight interbank money traded between 10 per cent and 13 per cent.

The Bank of England forecast a shortage of around £750m with factors affecting the market including maturing assistance and 0 take np of Treasury bills together draining £723m and £xchequer transactions a further

MONEY RATES

Jan. 13	Ov'r-mo't		Months	Three- Months	Months	
rankfurt aris	7: 11: 51: 57: 6,90625 14::-15	316-312 511-511 7-15665 1514-165	=	516 416 516 518 7.09875 145-15 918 918	4.50 4.75 9-914 — — — — — 12-1914	=

prised outright purchases of £34m of eligible bank bills in cent. Designed to add liquidity on a temporary basis to the hand 3 at 124 per cent. In band 4 it bought £3m of eligible bank bills all at 124 per cent. Late assistance came to £20m, making a total of £350m.

In Frankfurt the Bundesbank aunounced a 29-day securities sale and repurchase agreement with a minimum rate of 4.5 per cent. Designed to add liquidity on a temporary basis to the tender will be known today with funds tomorrow. This will coincide with a maturing agreement which will drain DM 11.7bm from the market. Call money yesterday was quoted of 4.50 per cent unchanged from Friday.

ANK FIXING	
Six months	U.S. dollars
bid 8 1/4	offer 0 I/s
-	
working day. The Wastmingter Bank, Butsche Bank, Bursche Bank, Bursch Ban	banks are Nations Bank of Tokyo, angue Nationale de
	Six months bid 8 1/4 Eve reference ben't working day. The Wastmingter Benk Deutsche Bank, B

NOON MO	NEY R	ATES				
Jan. 13	Over	7 days	Month	Three Months	Sox Months	٠,٥
rbenk	-	111-121-	191-194	194-18	194-10% 124-15	185 185
alAuthorityDepos al Author'y Bonds	_	_	12H	127	1979	1
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Est volume 6,516 (4,950) 7 revious day's open set 5,522 (5,505)
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Bank of India London Branch U.S.\$40,000,000 inble Floriting Rate Certificates of Deposit doe 1987 (Retractable at the option of the Holder to 1986) In accordance with the provisions of the above Certificates, notice is hereby given that for the 8 months from 9th January 1986 to 9th July 1986 (181 days), the Certificates will carry an interest rate of 85% per summn.

The interest psychie on the next interest psyment date, 9th July 1986, in respect of each USS500,000 Certificate, will be U.S.\$20,896.70 Lloyds Bank

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in accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice in hereby given that the time fields largerest period that is also to july 15 want to hotel will carry an increase of \$70.76 p.a. The interest payable on the relevant interest payable on the relevant interest payable of the July 15 1985 on the relevant het. I will be U.S.\$430,50 per note of U.S.\$10,000. The Appent Bar-KREDIETBANK S. A. Listembourgeoise

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WORLD VALUE OF THE POUND

Abbreviations: (A) approximate rate, so direct quotation ava (F) free rate; (P) based on U.S. dollar parties and going sterling rates; (T) tourist rate; (Ba) basic rate; (bg) buying rate; (Bk) he rates; (cm) consumercial rate; (ch) convertible rate; (fix) historical rate; (ch) convertible rate; (fix) serion commercial rate; (m) non commercial rate; (m) selling rate; (c) controlled (s) unitied rate.

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Account Dealing Dates Option First Declara- Last Account Dealings tions Dealings Day Dec 23 Jan 9 Jan 10 Jan 20 Jan 13 Jan 23 Jan 24 Feb 3 Jan 27 Feb 6 Feb 7 Feb 17

Rising interest rates soon doused on sarly ettempt to extend Friday's technical re-covery in London and shares and bonds ended the session weakly. The final tone was in sharp contrast to the early mood, for initial indications were that leading shares would begin the new trading Account firmly. The FT Ordinary share index improved marginally, reflecting selective demand from smaller investars, but the tone began to ease in the absence of institutional interest. Fund managers were still prepared to adopt a walt-and-see attituds while the uncertainty, aroused by the

return, aroused by the return of dearer money trends persisted.

Traders became anxious and pre-occupied with events in other foodon financial markets. A fresh rise in money market rates, which lifted three-months into the control of the control rates, which litted three-months interbank to 13 per cent and a half-percentage point above the prevailing level of bank base rates, consequently triggered selling. From mid-morning onwards blue chip stocks went into retreat at a rather steady pace. retreat at a rather steady pace. News of the latest and quite encouraging trend in producer prices was disregarded in a marencouraging trend in products prices was disregarded in a market becoming more sensitive about the political row over Westlend. Opening duliness on Wall Street caused further trapidation but the FT-SE 100 share index, after registering a fall of 11.7, picked up as New York brightened to close 9.9 down on the day at 1354.6. Publicity given to the weekend pre-Budget strategy talks, which included scope for taxation cuts, mads little impression on sentiment. The combination of higher interest rates and a lower exchange rate—sterling fell to \$1.4430 against the dollar—put paid to Friday's rally in Gilt-edged securities. Persistent selling found potential investors daged securities. Feransieri ser-ling found potential investors hecktracking throughout and a mid-afternoon recovery soon faded to leave some longer-dated stocks showing falls of 9 point, and sometimes more, to the afterhours' trade. Shorter meturities recorded late losses stretching to 11, while index linked were

Wagon Finance highlighted a secondary stocks provided were the focal points in Electricals. Dealings in Air Call were the focal points in Electricals. Dealings in Air Call were resumed following details of the 143p, following surprise details proposed £9m sals of its data transmission subsidiary Consortium Communications Internation TSp in reply to the humber -Wagon Finance up-late after 264p. firm Hire Purchase sector, rising 15 after hours to 139p, after 143p, following surprise details of the agreed share-exchange offer from MAI, 5 lower at 355p. London Scottish Finance rose 3 to 78p in reply to the bumper tum Communications Interparation figures and proposed 25 super cent scrip issue, while speculative buying promoted gains of the percentage buying promoted gains of the present of the present scrip issue, while speculative buying promoted gains of the percentage buying promoted gains of the present of the prese

EQUITY GROUPS

& SUB-SECTIONS

CAPITAL GOODS (214) . Building leaterials (24) ...

CONSUMER GROUP (183) ... Brewers and Distillers (23)

Packaging and Paper (15). Stores (43). Textiles (16).....

THER ERRUPS (R4)
Chemicals (19)
Office Equipment (4)
Shipping and Transport (1/
Teleptone Networks (2)
Misocilaneous (47)

500 SHARE INDEX (500)... FINANCIAL BROUP (119)

PHANGEAL MEMORY
Banks (7)
Insurance (Life) (9)......
Insurance (Grobers) (8)
Merchant Englers) (8)
Merchant Americans (12)

Other Financial (26).

Mining Finance (3).

FT-SE 100 SHARE INDEX

British Co.

3 Owt:15 years...

- FIXED INTEREST

146.90

Tobaccos (3)...

51 Oil & Gas (19) ...

Food Retailing (34) Health and Household Products (9) __

Rising interest rates send equities and bonds into retreat

offerings and dipped 8 to 305p; today's annual results are today's annual results are expected to reveal pre-tax profits of around £85m. Other leading of around 250m. Other leading
Breweries drifted lower for want
of ettention. Bass eased 3 to
640p, after 638p, while Whitbread
A lost 4 to 238p. Regionals, in
contrast, continued to edge
higher amid persistent takeover contrast, continued to suge higher amid persistent takeover gossip, Davenports, still regarded as a likely target for Vaux, hardened 7 more to 325p, after 6 new high of 323p. Hopes of an increased offer from Argyll prompted fresh interest in Distillers which touched 538p before closing 4 up on balance at 535p. Argyll rose 8 to 358p.

Leading Buildings attracted seisctive support despite the rates. George Wimpey were again the subject of American buying and rose 5 more to 147p, while recently dull AMEC rallied 7 to 224p. Ragby Portland Cement firmed 4 to 138p on speculative buying, while Magnet and Southerns bardened 6 couple of pence to 144p swaiting tomor-

and Southerns bardened e couple of pence to 144p swaiting tomorrow's half-timer. John Mowlen improved 6 to 316p and Ruberold gained 7 to 195p.
Currency uncertainties held ICI in check and the close was 4 cheaper at 743p. Among other Chemicals, speculaivs counter British Benzel touched 71o on reports of a forthcoming broker's seminar before easing back to close only 1½ dearer on balance at 69p.

Stores give ground

Leeding Stores failed to consolidate on the rally that developed late last week, and although trading was surprisingly thin, losses still ranged to double figures. Woolworth fell 11 to 480p, while GUS A shed 14 to 786p. Burton dipped 10 to 528p in front of today's annual meeting. Dixons, on the other hand, touched 917p before settling 5 dearer on balance at 912p as buyers continued to express optimism ahead of tomorrow's interim figures. Secondary counters were irregular, Rainers interim figures. Secondary couniers were irregular, Rainers featured with a rise of 6 to 120p in response to the first-half profits and confident statement, while press comment lifted Ward White a similar amount to 262p,

FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times.

the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Mon Jan 13 1986

Grass Univ. Vield % (ACT at 30%)

4.76 5.97 4.33 4.76 4.40 3.48 3.80 4.54

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Day's change %

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P/E Ratio (Met)

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Ordinary T		1105.8	1119,8	1106.1	1183.6	1135.5	1141,B	949
Gold Mines		. 300'8	298,4	280,5	286,5	277.2	267,4	. 465.8
Ord. Div. Y	leid	4.46	4.43	4.47	,	4.67		
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P/E Ratio b			11.44					
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Equity turn Equity bary Shares trac The 19 am 1 3 pm 1106 100 Govern Gold Mines	over £m plns ed (m3 122.2. 1 7. 4 pm ment Sec	1 sm 11 1109.1. surities 1:	24,515, 244.7, 17.8, H Day's H 5/10/26, vity 1874	670,16 24,191 279,8 con 111 ligh 112 Fixed I	23,031 245.8 3.2 1 s 3.1. Os	94,739 294.0 m 1110 y's Low 1928. C	27,244 247,2 3 2 9 11.08.7 Ordinary	29,623 256,5 m1108.3 Bests 1/7/35,
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rose 6 to 184p in response to the American order, while huying ahead of tomorrow's interim figures left CAP 8 better at 195p. First Security moved up 4 to 124p after half-year results. Accorn Computer added 4 at 38p and Atlantic Computer jumped 23 to 235p. Among the leaders, Thorn EMI, still reflecting comment on the first-half results, lost 8 more at 389p. Racal softened a couple of pence to 174p as did British Tsiecom, to 188p. Pleasey, however, moved up 2 to 174p following publication of its defence document against the fil.18bn offer from GEC, unaltered at 174p.

against the fill8bn offer from GEC, unaltered at 174p.
Leading Engineers rarely strayed from previous closing levels. Among the scattered movements eisewhere in the sector, press mention left William Cook 4 better at 78p, while a newsletter recommendation orompted buying interest in RHF which firmed 4 to 132p. C. and W. Walker rose 3 to 39p before dealines were suspended C. and W. Walker rose 3 to 35p before dealings were suspended pending an announcement. West-land fluctuated narrowly before closing 3 firmer at 93p; Robert. Fleming Management announced yesterday that it had sold 5.3m shares to an unnamed buyer. Renewed demand left. Ransomes Sims op 7 more st 133p.

Thurs Jam 9

Ma.

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offer and fell 8 to 144p following the company's statement confirming that the outcome for 1985 will be depressed by the restructuring of its North American interests which are expected to incur a loss for the year; Cadbury also revealed yesterday that it is at an advanced stage in negotiations for the sale of the bulk of its beverage and food divisions to a team of managers for some £82.5m. Elsewhere in the Food sector, United Elscuits opened higher at 237p following fevourable press comment, but subsequently drifted back to close only a penny dearer on balance at 235p. S. & W. Berisford came under renewed selling pressure and shed 5 to 148p, white Tate and Lylessoftened 3 to 532p. Pyke Holdings 1, § 8 to 410p as Hillsdown Holdings' offer went unconditional.

Holdings' offer went unconditional.

Nervous offerings in front of tomorrow's annual results left Trusthouse Forte 6 lower 9t 1549.

Grand Metropelitan lost the same amount to 370p. Scotis Restaurants were suspended at 555p at the company's request to purchase Chanaught Restaurants for £217m.

Grand Grand Metropelitan lost the same amount to 370p. Scotis Phillips and Drew.

Bars, recently the subject of a clutch of broker's bullish circulars, advanced 13 to 323p. partly reflecting talk, of a bid from BTR, Bars, also revealed details of the proposed restructing of its US retailing operations.

ing miscellaneous industrials drifted off on lacky of follow through support. Beecham settled 10 lower at 323p and Boots 6 cheaper at 238p, while BTE finished 7 off at 366p. Elsewhere, Granada featured with a further gain of the day 14 at 2380 on hopes of a merger before steadying after-hours. BP with Ladbroke; the latter gave up 7 at 322p. A finity of takeover at 539p and 670p respectively, speculation left Beatson Clark 17 pressed market following the Watson, still awaiting news of the

YESTERDAY'S

recent bid approach, firmed 8 to 250p. Smaller priced issues to respond to trading statements included Armour Trust 2½ up at 26p, after 30p, and Burndene Investments, 4½ better at 28½p. Weekend Press mention stimulated buying interest in LDE which improved 4 to 30p and Eibled, 2½ higher at 32p. Pentianed staged 5 useful revival and closed 25 to the good at 220p, but British Aerospace met selling at 448p, down 13. News of the offer from Acrospace met selling at 448p, down 12. News of the offer from Wyndham Gronp left John Williams Cardiff 7 higher at 27p. Williams Holdings, 403p, and Evered, 178p, recorded gains of 8, while 9 newsletter recommendation left Stainless Metalcraft 5 firmer at 95p. Reuters edged up 5 more to 367p, but Valor eased 4 to 218p after last week's speculative flurry. Reports that the A to 218p after last week's speculative finrry. Reports that the company has run into problems with its "Video. Collection" catalogue prompted weakness in Prestwich which fell to 25p before closing at 105p, down 12. Rex Williams jumped 4 to 20 jp in response to an investract

Media Technology International reflected demand in a restricted market with a rise of 24 at 211p, while takeover hopes lifted Campari a few pence to 40p.

Jonas Woodhead stood out among generally firm Motor Components, rising 5 to 39p, after 41p, in response to Press com-ment. Armstrong Equipment hardened 2; to 73p.

A sudden flurry of speculative buying lifted Good Relations 17 to 130p, while Seatchi advanced 20 to 785p on US demand.

20 to 785p on US demand.

Property leaders made a drab showing. Land Securities and showing. Land Securities and MEPC both shed 5 to the common price of 283p, while Peachey lost the same amount to 285p, Selected secondary issues moved against the dull trend and County Properties gained 7 to 132p on buying abest of fomorrow's annual results sentiment; here was also boosted by the strength of associats McLeod Russel, up 8 at 315p, Phoenix Property continued to stract support and firmed 2 to 70p.

Textiles Tacked a decided trend. Press comment lifted Lister 5; to 70p, while Alifed Textile, scheduled to reveal preliminary results later this month,

FRIDAY'S

ACTIVE STO	CKS	5	ACTIVE STOCKS					
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HEIH P HOOG O HOOG P KLM C KLM P NEOL C NEOL C NEOL P NATN C NATN P PETR C	F1,250 F1,250 F1,551 F1,555 F1,220 F1,200 F1,900 F1,7000	194 641 113 650 275 55 47	0,80 0,40 1,20 0,80 0,50 1	256 76 278 25	12.50 6.60 3.60 5.50 4.20 5.50 7.50	72 72 48 53 e 33 26 1 -		F1. 55,30 F1.21,064 F1. 67,50 Fr. 6380
PHIL C PHIL P RO C RO P ROBE P UNIL C UNIL C	FL80 FL190 FL180 FL77.50 FL77.50 FL77.50 FL380 FL380	14 234 107		1014 634 478 182 41 13 256	4.10 4.20 8.50 B 7.50 7.90 50 16.90	110 150 36 4 1	5.80 7.50 12,80	FI. 69.10 FI.17e.50 FI. 65 FI.350
TOTAL VO	LUME IH Ç		8=Bid	-	Call	P=Put		

to 195p. Barmah initially improved to 303p following Press comment but slipped back to close only 3 up on balance at 300p. Goal Petroleum highlighted second-liners and advanced 6 to 58p on rumours of a bid from Ultramar; Goal "new" improved 4 to 23p premium. Elsewhere Australia's Merdian Oil added 3 at 23p following US buying.

Golds firmer

The recent upsurge in South African sectors of mining markets was looking fragile during early trading when the bullion price dipped back below \$340 an sunce, reflecting the strength of the dollar against steriling. Henderer externated strength of the dollar against sterling. However, attempted profit-inking from Johannesburg prompted by the latest appreciation in the Rand—duickly petered out and the emergence of renewed and persistent buying of Golds from London and Continental operators soon had share prices on an eyer keel. Later in the session interest picked up as the metal price advanced afresh to close 25 cents up on belance at \$341 an ounce. at \$341 an ounce.

Activity in Golds was additionally sustained by the recent good profit performances announced by the mines in the Gold Fields group and hopes that the South African currency will continue its recovery.

The Gold Mines index moved shove the 300 level for the first time slace the end of November

and posted a 1.8 rise at 300.2—an advance of more than 50 points since the New Year.

Dealers reported a marked increase in turnover in Austra

increase in turnover in Australians and especially in the Gold stocks. In the top-quality downunder golds Gold Mines of Kalgoorlie moved up 12 more to 445p, while Poseidov added 8 at 146p, and Sons of Gwalla 6 to record 166p. Metana rose 7 to 1970. Generally subdued trading the underlying stocks restricte

the underlying stocks restricted turnover in Traded Options to 11,495 contracts—8,177 calls and 3,318 pats. The FT-SE index contributed a lively and evenly-balanced business with 1,091 calls and 1,030 puts transacted. Elsewhere, Lonrho remained to the fore with 988 calls struck, while shows average extinity was while above average activity was noted for Grand Metropolitan, Courtaulds and Distillers. Buts attracted 487 calls and 322 puts

NEW HIGHS AND LOWS FOR 1985/86

44	159	100	196	35/5	. Stock	Closing	+or	Net.	T V		1
	PER	358	196 High	Low					_	_	_
			230	195	Abbott Mend Vickers.	226	<u> </u>	318.6	3.5	1.5	24.
135	F.P.	2/1	1106	174	Cable & Wireless 50p.	295		F9.5	2.0	4.8	1
			510	295	Cable & Wireless 500. *ChancerySecurities *Chart. Foulks Lynch. Chetwynd Streets 5p.	66	_2 1	2,200	2.5	4.6	li L
165	E-P	25/1	70	85	Chart Foulka Lynch	56	11,000	095.0	1.9	4,9	N.
120	P.P.	10/1 24/1	130	190	Chatwood Streets 5p.	125	+2 .	P8'11	5.0	5,6	17
		17/1	100	96	Cranswick Mill 100	96	ngar (t	Mo'ou	3.2	7.9	₿.
174		ar1	66	71	*Crusts 5p	, 많	+0	OGU,	2.0	2.5	
41.2B	F.P.	10/1	135	150	Chetwynd Streets op. #Cranswick Mill 10p #Crusts 5p. #Dislone German Soc. Inv. £11 #Granyts Surface 10p #Hampden Home 165	XX (_	80	
100	50 I	25/8	65	49	German 300, Inv.	50		b2.1	2.0	5.0	10.
. 156	F.P.	31/1	60	254	- Hamoden Home 185	58		bg1.5	2.8	3,7	ĬĬ,
557	F.F.	11/12	67	1 50	Intl. Bus. Comme 100 intl.inv. Tet. J'rey wis \$1 6 Pathology 10p. \$Jacques Vert 100- Lexicon Inc. \$0.01	73 1		12.23	-:	44	
175	F.P.,		60	75	Inti But Column Add	175			-1		_
	F.P.		175	170	LI & Pathology 10p.	260	+6	642°P	2.7	1,9	27.
120	E-E-I	10/1	125	119	Julacques Vert 100-	119	R	90.0	1.5	6,6	ĬΪ
115		10/1 7/9 31/1 20/12 10/1	126	110	Lexicon Inc. \$0.01	115 .	-0 ju	67.0	3.9	1	12.
115	F.P.	31/1	127	122	Merivale Moore op	130		bd8 6	3.5	3.1	
\$160	F.P.	20/12	170	105	Lexicon Inc. \$0.01 Marivale Moora 5p #Miliward Brown #Monics & Crane 10p #Morank Systems 5p	82		642.7	2.7	4.7	Ñ.
190	F	10/1	. 22	. 49	Norank Systems 50	98		bg3.0;	2.4	4.8	12
400		0.1	119	105	SAC Intal. 10p	115 /		51.5	2.0	1.0	η,
125	F.P.	18/12	166 107 106	128	app 10p	188 I				7.0	*
1101	F.P.	14/9	107	96	Asigmex Inti-	e7		a2.75	3.0	41	ii.
497	F.P.	10/1	100	-65	Particopoli e Diogol	78		b2.0	1.9	40	10
187	-51	O/A	310	277	Storehouse 10p	890 -	-5 !	u5,7:	2.5	2.6	18,0
6116 i	F.P.	20/19	128	11e	Morank Systems 5p SAC intnl. 10p. SAP 10p. SSigmax Int. SSigmax Int. Storage under 10p. Storage 10p. STAMD Advertising 5p. FTAMD Advertising 5p. FTAMD Advertising 5p. STORED Compt. Inds.	119 :	_ક હિ	A 1-20.	6.5	7.6	끆.
130	F.P.	10/1	213 105	167	Troch Compt Inds.	RS :		b4.0	18	34	ĩi i
190	F.P.	- 1	105,	40	MA LOURS HIGH HOST OFF						

FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

			-				
Isous price	d en	Nun.	196	5/6	stock	Olosing	+
2	E.	350	High	Low		00	
97,203 198,797 199,745 £18* 199,518 199,706	F.P. F.P. F.P. F.P.	4/4 17/1 31/1 11/4 	2450 101 981g 2476 1126 p 9912 4044 4014	974 945 971 984	Alled Lon, Props. 1923 stMort. Deb, 2025 Shit, Assets 62 Une. Ln. 1995 Ests. & Agency 11% lst Mort. Db. 2025 First Scot, Am. 11°25 Deb. 2016 Shith, Inv. 1st. Jersey 13% Cum. Red. P. Nationwide Bidg. Soc. 11% 2 15/12/56 P. 122 12/187 Rosehaugh Greycost 11% lst Mt Db 2816 T. T. Finance 11% Kgts. Deb. 3818	974 944 984 984 997	- i

RIGHTS OFFERS

lange	d Kp	Latest Renunc.	198	616	Stock	. E.	+
price Ed date	High	Low		용도	[_		
2A3,76 119 R 8,50 32 840 16 120 280 260 175 363 165 13 200 70 59	F.P.	91/2 26/2 21/2 24/1 81/2 19/2 28/1 31/1 81/1 20/2 7/3 17/2 26/9	40pm 181 130pm 25pm 71 40pm 125 294 550 80pm 172pm 34pm 26pm 15pm	112 130pn 17pm 68 29pn 110 268 510 40pm 164pn 3pn 25pn	ANZ \$A1 Barham Group 2 ^{ta} p East Rand Prop Goal Petroleum 5p. Hintheelis Hogg Robinson Filmbe 10p. Frind, Scot. Energy £1 Loval! (Y. J.) Mountietgh. France Group Stormgerd 10p. Trefes Unital!	112 180pm 25pm 25pm 14pm 110 292 535 40pm 164 6-m 25pm	+4 +1 +5

TRADITIONAL OPTIONS

Unit Trust Service

TIONS man. Alphameric, Sale Tilney,
Parkfield, Energy Capital,
For Noble and Lund, Vosper, MidSettle, and Bank and George, Wimpey,
ment. No phis of doubles were reporApr 27. Sell.

For rate indications see end of RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

7.00

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Company to 1 of 1

Stocks favoured for the call	YESTERDA	Y .		
included Bestwood, Strong and	British Funds	files	Falls	Same
Fisher, SCUSA, Pavion, Oceonics, British Benzol Car-	Corpos Dom &			
bonising. Prestwich, Lonrho.	Industrials	414	267	224
Enterprise Oil, Reliant Motor, PWS International, Sunleigh	Phanciel & Props	90 31	105 24	375 72
Abaco Investments, Group	Plentations	100	21	60
Lotus, A & M Hire, Pentes, Rex Williams Leisure, Amstrad,	Others	104	47	80
Atlantic Resources, STC, Bur-	Totale	745	609	1,408

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

	CALLS		PUTS		1			ALLS.		!	PUTS	
Option	Jan, Apr.	July Jan.	n. Apr.	July	Option		Feb.	May	Aùg.	Fob.	May	Bug.
B.P. 500 (*541) 550 600		75 14 40 14 80 68	14. 49 80	21 50 83	P. & O. (*437)	360 390 420 460	85 55 30 10	50 43 18	53 26	9 8 30	5 18 35	25 45
Cable &Wire 850 (*575) 600 650	1 80	74 9 39 25 30 74	74"	20 58 77	Recal (*174)	140 150 180 200	36 20 6.	42 98 14	48 35 99	5	11 20	14 24
Cons. Gold 420 (*464) 466 600	6 25	84 114 53 10 40 44	90 35	17 40 67	R.T.Z. (*519)	550 550	57	87	60 44	10 1	117	98
Courtavide 140 (*183) 160 180 900	54 58 34 38 14 25	59 91, 42 1 28 1 16 8	1 1 1	1 ¹ / ₂ 5 5	Vaal Reefa (*870)	50	22 181 ₂	23 154	281e	1 5	934	81,
Com. Union 200 (*955) 520 240 950	35 41 16 27 3 14	63 S 23 9	1 6	15 21 55	Ex 107 1989 (*£95)	94	1 372	1 = 1	1124	54 0# 54		ΙΞ
Distiliers 460 (*535) 600	78 90 1 88 87	95 01 ₂	2 62	9	Tr. 112% 1981 (*£100)	100 102 104	= }	100	114		0/8 2/6 4/4	1 214 448
8.E.C. 140 (*172) 160 180 800	34 48 14 84 3 16	36 20 38 9 20 10	7 3 1	9 18	7r. 1122; 03:07 (*£107)	106 108 110 119	114 014 014			1 84	94 4	25a 4 67a
9rand Met. 330- (*368) 560 390	42 48 17 33 2 16	63 1 43 6 25 27	15	7 80 38	GKN (*266)	240 260 280	39 21 8	9181 44 50 14	61 34 20	4 9 18	9 15 34	776 20 26
I.C.L 700 (*744) 750 800	47 57 57 58 1 12 17	70 9 57 15 25 60	1 40 1	62 28 47 87	(41895)	1400	315 165 185 196	245 200 166 195	150	8 20 80	19 23 35 66	58
Land Sec. (260 (263) 300 530	7 26 112 13 012 8	32 3 20 19 7 49	22	11 93 49	Hanson (*197)	1650 1600	70 1 40 1	100 80	130	100	100 7	85
Marks & Sp. 140 (*169) 160 180 200	1/4 13	26 1 16 19 8 32	5 14	5 18	Jagustr (*859)	820 1	106	10	27	25 012 (14	=
Shell Trans 600 (*570) 550 700	73 88 1	8 32 100 8 58 4 66 36	10	17 33 55		280 300 430 450	66 47 22	70 57 34	87 45 28	012 114 41 25	17 8 17 20	1 1 2 2 2 2
Traf gar Hea 330 (*325) 360 390	1 15	54 11 91 38 11 68	32	\$6 89 55	Option		Mar.					Sept.
Option		Aug. Feb.	1	Aug.	BTR (*366)	300 530 360 390	25	69 49 25	70 33	2 8 13 32	6 20	19
\$AT inds 250 250 300 350	97 40 1	52 2 50 5 25 18		10 22 65	Seecham (325)	200 300	66 40 80	65 48 30	58 58	3 9 20	58 16 28	40 20 33
(*452) 480 (*452) 460 600	48 1 59 1	66 41 ₂ 40 22 22 52	14 8 30 3	20 37 66	(*638)·	600	70 53	90 1 50 1	28 106 76	5 25	16	52 25 43
Brit. Aero 590 (*448) 480 460 500	66 75 87 60 18 38	65 4 40 23 15 53	14 2	22 37 32	(*88.48)	460 1 500 550	70 70 32	10 11	45 93	10	22 35	38 50 66
Brt Talecom 160 180 (*188) 200 220	59 - 13 23 1	70 212 15 14	1 2 1	=	(*401)	360 390 420	47 28 19	82 45 25	ĕŏ l	4 14 33	10 20 37	23 42
220 Imparial Gr. 220 (*244) 240 260	1 4 1	712 55 55 58 26 9 19 24 8 56	8 .	8 19	(*368)	260			62 46 28	1 1/2 4 5	5 13 97	8 18 30
	14 32 3	30 14		19 81 41	Option FT-8E 130	<u></u>	Feb. M	Mar. A	pr. Jan	n. Feb.	-	Apr.
(*195) \$20 (*195) \$20 \$40 260 \$60 300	9 8 1	13 47 10 57 8 87	88 8	22 39 33 59 59	(*1390) 138 (*1390) 138 157 140 142	85 57 80 46 78 27 90 18	27	57 47 87	- 1 - 7 25 13 82 26	14 95 40	93 38 45 60 82	1 152
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هكناعن الأحمل



WORLD STOCK MARKETS

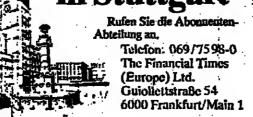
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•	Credit'net'nt sp * 2.448 + 148 AEG 501 S01 Interuntall * 14.800 + 50 BASF 275.1 - 501 Jungbunzlauer * 43,400 - 400 BASF 275.1 - 501 S01 S01 S01 S01 S01 S01 S01 S01 S01 S		Gen. Prop. Trust 2.25 +0.6 Hardle (James: 3.25 +0.6) Hartogan Energy 2.05 -0.6	6 MM 558 - 5 Mitsul Bank 1919 - +41 Mitsul	Sales Stock High Low Close Chap I Sales Stock High Low Co	2 Class Saint Stock High Law Class Class Class Stock High Law Class Class
•	francorporate o dec Dayer 980	Elkem 104.5 ~ 1.5		Mitsul Estate 1,020	7000	
	Steyr Daimler 156 . 7 Payer-Verein 546	4 Kyperner 187 47 5	University Uni	Mitsukoshi 51B +\$ NOK Insulators B90 -5 Nikko Sec 685\$	TORONTO 3550 Centri Tr 514 14 14 1200 Chieften 51214 120, 120 Chieften 51214 120 120 Chieften 51214 120 120 Chieften 51214 120 120 Chieften 51214 120 120 120 Chieften 51214 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120	6500 innopac \$157 159 159 159 - 14 2300 Oue Sturg 405 405 405 45 + 5 23200 inter City 5159 15 169 49 + 18 1000 Oue 7et \$42 454 457 - 1 1000 Oue 7et \$42 454 457 - 1 1000 Oue 7et \$42 457 457 500 Oue 7et \$42 457
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	Bekaert 8.350 70 Oresdner Bank. 455.5	.5 Bec Bilbso 465 +1\$	- 1 WAPYN RUN UNI 9 46 40 01	Minnon Sulma 345	5300 Albrita N 515k 15k 15k 15k 15k 35 CTL Benk 510k 10k 10 162551 Alcan 542k 40k 41k +11 15t0 Convet 2 37', 7', 7', 7', 7' 517 Algerna St 820 19's 19's + 9 2750 Corby 517 16k 17	6530 Labert \$286 29 29 -19 709 Roman \$145 14 149 +19 35714 LL Lac \$38 3794 3794 -14 111538 Royal Bult \$32 311 377 -14 11538 Royal Bult \$32 311 377 -15 11538 Royal Bult \$32 311 377 -15 11538 Royal Bult \$32 311 377 -15 11538 Royal Bult \$32 311 317 -15 11538 Royal Bult \$32 317 -15 11538 Royal Bult \$32 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21
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	0B mno BM. 4,525 270 Horten	Nidrois	Santos	Onoda Cement 319 +5 Orient Finance 911 -9 Orient Leasing 2,550 -50	200 Banister C \$55, 91, 51, 52, 200 Denson A p \$141, 144, 14 29026 St. Moori \$27, 27, 52, 200 Denson B \$127, 144, 14 29026 St. Moori \$27, 27, 27, -1, 23165 Denson B \$127, 131, 13 49838 St. Moori \$134, 134, 134, 14, 100 Develon \$51, 5, 5, 5	-5 31112 McIan N X 3140, 145, 145, 145, 27900 Seagram 3859, 851, 83 -1, 150, 150, 151, 151, 151, 151, 152, 259, 251, 252, 259, 251, 252, 259, 251, 252, 259, 251, 252, 252, 252, 252, 252, 252, 252
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\	Rosenthal 661 -3		Bank East Asia 25.67 +0.17 Cheung Kong 21.3 -0.2 China Light 16.2 -0.1	718 tomo Cham - 245 +9	127255 BC Peac 212 210 210 -2 1500 Dylax A 3257-257 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256 256	40-3 Motson A f 519/a 194, 194, 194, 195, 196, 197, 297, 298, 298, 298, 298, 298, 298, 298, 298
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	Carrefour 9,950 -360 Ahold	8 Sandoz (Br) 11,290	Chugal Pharm	Haw Par. Bros 1,85 -0,85 Nong Leong Fin. 2,40 1,65 -0,25 Kappel Shipward 0.90 Malay Banking. 4,56 -0,85 Malay Banking. 4,56 -0,85 Malay Itd. ind 1,80 -0,85	NEW YORK-DOW JOINES	Jan. Jan. Jan. Jen. 1985-58
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	Cist Brocades 279,5 -7	### Winterthill	Fluicawa Elect. 334 + 20 Green Cross. 2,110 + 10 Helwa Rend Est. 846 -4 Hitachi. 736 -7 Hitachi Grodit. 1,170 -10 Honds 1,190 Honds 1,190 Honds 1,190 Honds 1,190 Honds 1,490 Honds 1,490 Honds 1,40 -9 Hazza Motors 346 -1 Hon (C) 441 + 6 Ho. Vokudo 2,900 -60 JAL 9,800 -160 JAL 9	SOUTH APRICA Jan. 15 Price + or Rand Abercom	Transport 892.78" 886.97 886.97 693.48 706.78 897.08 723.31 583.83 723.31 187.275 477.785 477.785 47	222 Codit Atken :9 1:82: 125,5 124,96 124,55 128,86 125,3 :5 :11:96; 48.21 (24:) :80: 18.5 BELGIUM Brussels SE :5 1:80: 2772,94 2769,85 2792,84 2886,51 2986,56 (25:11) 2890,7:18 185. 18.5 OENMARK Copenhagen SE :51:1:85: 216,85 226,81 225,82 227,78 2:1:96; 158,44 (8:):95. 18.6 CAC Cenoral :0:1:180: 195,4 195,4 194,8 188,2 198,2 (8:):186; 198,8 198,8
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	Clet Brocades	### Winterthill	Fluicawa Elect. 334 + 2 Green Cross	SOUTH APRICA Price + or	Transpect 892.78" 886.97 886.97 693.48 708.78 897.08 723.31 553.83 723.31 187.2755 477.755 172.64 174.75 179.06 176.14 179.06 448.54 179.06 477.755 477.75	222 Condit Attken :9 1:82: 125,8 124,96 124,55 128,86 125,3 :5 :11:96; 48,21 (24:1:80:
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FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Brave start made to a difficultweek

A BRAVE start was made on Wall Street yesterday to what promises to be a diffi-cult week for both the stock and fixedinterest markets, writes Terry Byland in New York

Good results from NCR helped industrial stocks to edge forward after a dull start. Bond prices eased ahead of today's disclosure of US retail sales statistics for December, which will provide a significant guide to the pace of the economy, and of interest rate prospects.

At the close the Dow Jones industrial average was up 7.00 at 1,520.53. Turnover in the stock market was moderate and speculative situations played a less dominant role. In addition

to federal statistics on retail sales, consumer debt, industrial production, and business inventories, this week brings IBM's profits statement, a major test of investment confidence. Technology stocks moved cautiously

into the corporate reporting season as NCR disclosed good results, highlighted by evidence that business expanded smartly in the final quarter of 1985. At \$39 NCR stock added \$1% on the results. IBM edged forward \$1/2 to \$149 in modest turnover. Wall Street hopes to see

stable earnings for 1985 at IBM but will look carefully at the final quarter for signs of benefit from the fall in the

Among other technology and computer stocks with results due, Honeywell jumped \$1% to \$73, but Burroughs eased \$1 to \$61%. Digital Equipment, second to IBM, gained \$1 to \$134%.

There was brisk trading in GTE Corporation, up \$% at \$47%, on reports that it is considering spinning off its lossmaking Sprint long-distance telephone operations. But AT&T firmed \$% to \$24, undisturbed by the possibility that Sprint might be merged with a subsidiary of United Telecommunications to form a new contender for US long-

distance telephone markets.

A single deal in US Steel took the stock high up the list of NYSE active issues, leaving the price \$\% off at \$25\%.

The flow of banking results continued, finding a cautiously favourable response from the stock market. Irving Trust gained \$1% to \$44% in minimal turnover, and others responding to results state-ments were Chase Manhattan, up \$% to

\$73%, and J.P. Morgan, up \$% at \$63%. Texaco responded warily after a federal judge strengthened its hand in the legal battle with Pennzoil over the \$11.1bn payment imposed on Texaco by a Texas court. At \$31%, Texaco eased \$% in sub-dued trading while Pennzoil fell \$2% to

Trading in Merrill Lynch, last week's favourite of the takeover speculators, died away, leaving the stock \$% off at \$36%. Actna Life, which refused comment on rumours that it is interested in Merrill, gained \$% to \$53%, while Chrysler, down \$4 to \$43%, finally quashed

suggestions that another move into financial services was pending.

Other motor stocks firmed, despite bearish reviews in the investment press. General Motors added \$% to \$70% and Ford \$% to \$56%.

Allied-Signal eased 5% to \$45% in active trading on suggestions that it might take a hand in the tussle for Westland, the UK helicopter manufacturer.

As the dust settled following the latest legal ruling on the instant camera patent dispute, Eastman Kodak edged up \$% to \$47 while Polaroid dipped \$1 to \$47%.

As Wall Street braced itself for news on the Christmas selling season, retail stocks edged lower. BAT Industries of the UK responded favourably to the decision to restructure its US retail operations and sell Gimbels, the retail chain. At \$4%, BAT, traded as American Depos-

itary Receipts, added \$1/16.
A high federal funds rate kept credit markets subdued. Funds rate remained at 8% per cent, despite overnight sys-tem repurchases by the Federal Reserve when the rate touched 8% per cent.

Ahead of the weekly bill auction. swollen to \$14.8bn, Treasury-bill rates eased a shade. In the bond market prices were down by % point,

TOKYO

Rising rates deal blow to confidence

RISING US interest rates discouraged

Tokyo investors yesterday and hit share prices for the third consecutive day, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The Nikkei average fell 21.19 from last week's close to 12,977.02. Declines outnumbered advances by 350 to 440, with 148 issues unchanged. Volume de-creased from Friday's 307.67m shares to 199.38m.

The rise in US interest rates in the middle of last week depressed the enthusiasm of investors who had thought joint efforts by Japan and the US to low-er interest rates would help to push up share prices.

Securities houses' dealer sections and some speculators, who had led market activity since the beginning of this year, shied away because of uncertainty over US interest-rate trends.

Many investors were awaiting the announcement of preliminary figures for fourth-quarter US gross national product scheduled for January 22.

Therefore, only incentive-backed issues were selected individually in yessues were terday's trading.

active list but its trading volume was relatively low at 6.61m shares, followed by C. Itoh, with 4.21m shares traded.

The recent rise in gold prices sent the Sumitomo share higher because its Hishikari gold mine in Kagoshima Prefecture, southern Japan, proved to have a gold content of 126 grammes a ton, rather than the 80 grammes anticipated by the company. The issue gained Y30 to

C. Itoh, which has closer trade relations with the Soviet Union than other trading houses, came in to the spotlight before the visit to Japan of Soviet For-eign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze, which begins tomorrow. It gained Y6 to

Toyobo, the third most active stock with 4.03m shares traded, rose Y4 to Y302, supported by reports that the company, together with the Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries Ministry, plans to develop technology to mass-produce reverse transcriptase, a special enzyme used widely in hiotechnology. The issue jumped Y13 at one stage.

Toyota Motor attracted strong buying interest, adding Y30 to Y1,280. Shikroki leaped Y22 to Y515.

Blue chips weakened on small-lot selling, with Sony losing Y100 to Y3,900, and TDK down Y140 to Y4,050.

Toward the close, however, some banks were bought. Industrial Bank of Japan gained Y30 to Y1,110. Dai-ichi Kangyo and Mitsubishi Bank added Y50 each to Y1,590 and Y1,500, respectively. Trading was slow in bonds, with inestors, depressed by a continued fall in US bond prices, retreating to the

The yield on the 6.2 per cent government bond, maturing in July 1995, declined to 5.855 per cent from Friday's 5.870 per cent. But the yield on the 6.6 per cent bond, the benchmark issue until late last year and falling due in December 1994, edged up to 6.000 per cent

SOUTH AFRICA

THE FIRMER bullion price failed to overcome steady profit-taking among

Johannesburg gold shares. Southvaal lost R5 to R111, Welkom 50 cents to R20, Buffels R2 to R83 and Free State Geduld R2.50 to R68.

Mining financials and most other mining issues mirrored golds. Industrial leader Barlow Rand shed 35 cents to R14.50.

CANADA

A STRONG attempt to shrug off last week's three-session decline was made in Toronto.

Metal and mineral issues displayed early strength, with Placer C5% up at C\$24% and Inco C\$% ahead at C\$18%. Banks traded weaker on interest-rate fears, with Bank of Montreal losing CS%

to C\$32% and Canadian Imperial Bank

of Commerce easing C5% to C\$40%.

Montreal turned lower.

EUROPE

Lull sets in after record run to peaks

THE STEAM ran out of last week's record run to peaks, and investors in Europe were content to wait for the air to clear before committing themselves.

Sentiment was obviously affected by last week's sharp drop on Wall Street, but confidence remains, and some bourses are expected to resume their bullish path later this week.

After extending its hours for the last four sessions, Frankfurt returned to its normal trading period as turnover and activity declined. Profit-taking continued, and prices ended mixed with a firm-

The Commerzbank index, recorded at mid-session, laded 16.6 to 2.063.9. Last Wednesday's peak was set at 2,098.8. Banks, cars, chemicals and steel is-

sues were generally firmer. VW added DM 8 to DM 545.50, and Daimler made up for some losses last week to close up DM 40 at DM 1,365, But BMW shed DM 1 to DM 635 and Porsche. DM 5 to DM 1.348.

Insurer Allianz gained a hefty DM 87 to DM 2,547.

In banks, Deutsche continued to shed some of its recent spectacular gains to end down DM 6.50 at DM 874.50. Dresdner added DM 14.50 to DM 456.50, and Commerzbank edged up DM 2 to DM

Bonds drifted lower on the back of last week's decline on US credit markets and yesterday's stronger dollar. Longerdated issues shed about 50 basis points, and shorts were about 45 basis points

The Bundesbank purchased DM 15.3m worth of domestic paper after selling DM 43.1m worth on Friday. Nervousness kept Amsterdam lower,

and by the end of the session all issues showed substantial net losses.

Among multinationals Hoogovens dropped Fl 2.80 to Fl 83, Unilever Fl 6 to Fl 390 and Akzo Fl 3.10 to Fl 153.20. Weaker banks included NMB, down F19.50 at F1 237, and ABN, off F1 7.50 at

F1 584. Bonds were lower where changed

ahead of an expected new state issue on Wednesday. Volume in Zarich was down on the fa-

rious turnover of last week, but was nevertheless heavy. Profit-taking left issues weaker, and some stop-loss orders were triggered as prices moved lower. Some dealers expect renewed buying

this week as they believe that the cur-

rent period of consolidation is nearing

The Swiss Bank industrial index dropped to 588.5, down 6.4 from Friday's

Banks suffered with UBS hearer down SFr 80 at SFr 5,200, Credit Suisse off SFr 20 at SFr 3,730 and Swiss Volksbank SFr 20 lower at SFr 2.510.

Paris ended sharply lower on profittaking, and Brussels suffered as investors exhibited caution over the immedi-

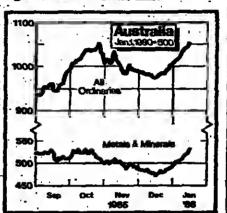
Demand revived in a bullish Milan, and several major stocks closed at record highs.

Montedison, which is planning a L500bn rights issue of both ordinary and non-voting shares, ended at a high of 1.2,889, up from 1.2,795.

ti, up L320 at L9,350, Generali, L1,310 higher at L80,500, and Sniz, ahead L86 at L5,683.

discounted in Stockholm where institu-

tions actively bought, pushing prices higher. Madrid was also firm.



AUSTRALIA

BUBBLING overseas interest rekindled Sydney yesterday and took the All Ordinaries index back near record levels with a 6.9 point gain to 1,051.1 compared with its peak of 1,052.

heart of the rally, with market leader BHP rising 8 cents to A\$8.96 in moderate trading. CSR dipped 3 cents to A\$3.70. Bell Resources picked up 6 cents to A\$5.86, and North Broken Hill firmed

Among industrials IEL advanced 8 cents to A\$6.98 while related company Brierley Investments gained 14 cents to

heavy turnover of 1.7m shares, a large block of which changed hands in an institutional deal.

ate outlook for the Belgian economy.

Other closing records included Obvet-

A rise in domestic interest rates was

Resource and gold issues were at the

1 cent to A\$2.48 amid bid speculation. Oil and gas issues ended mixed, with Santos 2 cents cheaper at A\$5.42 and Ampol Exploration down 3 cents at

Westpac firmed 6 cents to A\$4.58 in

LONDON

Short-lived attempt at recovery

ASCENDING interest rates soon doused the early attempt in London to extend Friday's technical recovery, and the session ended sharply lower.

THE STATE OF

The lack of institutional investors to commit funds by mid-session was the signal for a large-scale retreat that clipped 11.0 off the FT Ordinary index at 1,108.8 while the broader based FT-SE 100 index shed 9.9 to 1,384.6.

Operators were preoccupied with events in other London financial markets. A fresh rise in money-market rates which lifted three-month interbank funds to 13 per cent and a half percentage point above the prevailing level of bank base rates triggered more selling.

The rise in interest rates and a lower exchange rate dulled gilts. Persistent selling found potential huyers back-tracking, and falls of a full point were recorded among longs. Shorts lost up to

Chief price changes, Page 41; Details, Page 40; Share information service, Pages 38–39

SINGAPORE

DIRECTIONLESS trading left Singa-pore slightly weaker, with the Straits Times industrial index down 1.74 at

Price changes were modest although a number of issues suffered some brisk mark-downs. OCBC finished 15 cents off at S\$7.25, and Genting settled 12 cents easier at S\$4.54.

Losses of 1 cent apiece were recorded by OUB at S\$2.56, Sime Darby at S\$1.50 and Straits Trading at S\$2.23.

Managing to hold steady were UOB at S\$3.32, Hong Leong Finance at S\$2.40 and Multi Purpose at 56 cents.

HONG KONG

SUSTAINED profit taking eroded prices in Hong Kong, and the Hang Seng index dipped below the 1,800 level with a 6.33 fall to 1,799.61. Trading remained slug-

Utilities bore the brunt of the selling. Chine Light was 10 cents cheaper at HK\$16.20, but Hongkong Electric held steady at HK\$8.70.

Swire Pacific fell 50 cents to HK\$31.50 and Hutchison Whampoa 30 cents to

Banks moved against the trend, with Hang Seng leading the way with a 25-cent rise to HK\$48.25.

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KEY MARKET MONITORS Standard & Poors 500 1100 1982 1983 1984 1965 1986 STOCK MARKET INDICES CURRENCES US DOLLAR STERLING 1,511.01* 1,513.53 1,218.09 Jan 13 Previous Jan 13 Previous DJ Transport 689.58° 686.97 572.52 1.443 . 1.4545 DJ Utilities 171.52* 172.75 147.26 2,4635 2,4555 3,5725 3.5725 S&P Composite 205.59* 205.96 167.91 202.75 202.1 294.5

2.094 2.795

1.680.5

50.45

1.40175

20795

49.95

INTEREST RATES

1.3925 2.0197

3.04

2.76 4.065 4.015 1,670.5 2,443.75 2,429.75

73.35

4% 4% 11%

3.025

72.65

12% 4% 4% 12%

TOKYO			
Nikkei	12,977.02	12.998.21	11.812.24
Tokyo SE	1.029.20		
		,	
AUSTRALIA			
All Ord.	1,051.1	1,044,2	730.2
Metals & Mins.	532.9	526.2	409.6
AUSTRIA			
Credit Aktien	125.30	124.95	58.66
			30.00
BELOIUM			
Belgian SE	2,772.94	2,780.63	2,163.60
CANADA			
Toronto			
Metals & Minis	2.191.1*	2.058.5	1,949.9
Composite	2.818.8*	2.817.6	2,375.7
Montreal			
Portfollo	137.98*	137.84	118.80
DENMARK			
SE	216,85	225.91	160.51
FRANCE			
CAC Gen	273,8	275.3	190.0
Ind. Tendance	103.4	105.4	104.3
WEST GERMAN			
FAZ-Aktien	688.59	689.76	392.27
Commerchank	2.063.9		1.142.7
CONTRIBUZDEN	2,003.8	2,000.5	1,7427
HONG KONG			
Hang Seng	1,799,61	1,807.94	1,352.69
ITALY			
Banca Comm.	465.41	459.42	245.21
	100,41		2.021
NETHERLANDS			
ANP-CBS Gen	258.2	261.4	188.8
ANP-CBS Ind	246.9	249.1	151.7
NORWAY			
NORWAY Oslo SE	400.32	397.15	311.72

1,108.8

1,384.6 672.02

736.23

300.2

1,119.8

1,394.5 674.87

739.33

298.4

1,248.6

590.17

646.90

465.8

FT Ord

FT-SE 100

FT-A 500

FT-A All-share

FT Gold mines

FT-A Long glit

465,41	459,42	245.21
258.2	261.4	188.8
246.9	249.1	151.7
400.32	397.15	311.72
636.32	638.06	776.47
_	1,235.7	1,000.7
	1,1123	907-2
106.98	104.67	107.00
1,880.37	1,861.68	1,441,46
588.5	594.9	402.0
Jan 10	Prev	Yearago
253.3	253.2	188.8
	258.2 246.9 400.32 536.32 - 106.98 1,880.37 588.5	258.2 261.4 246.9 249.1 400.32 397.15 638.32 638.06 - 1,235.7 - 1,112.3 106.98 104.67 1,880.37 1,861.68 588.5 594.9

COMM	DOMES
(London)	Jan 13 Prev
Silver (spot fixing)	422,65p 420,95p
Copper (cash)	£988.50 £974.50
Coffee (Jan)	£2,580.00 £2,810.00
Oil (spot Arabian Light)	\$27.25 \$27.35
GOLD (p	er ounce)
London	Jan 13 Prev \$341,00 \$340,75

Pans (fixing)

vew York (Feb)

COMM	DITTES	
London)	Jan 13	Prev
Silver (spot fixing)	422,65p	420.95p
Copper (cash)	£988.50	2974.50
Coffee (Jan)	£2,580.00	22,810.00
Dil (spot Arabian Light)	\$27.25	\$27.35
GOLD (p	er ounce)	
	Jan 13	Prev
.ondon	\$341.00	\$340,75
türleh	\$339.60	\$340.25
Pans (fixing)	\$341,93	\$338.40

\$340,55 \$339.80

\$341.50 \$343.30

ı	FT Lo	adon i ed rate)	mterbeni	k fizing		
Į	(Olles		nth USS		Y/s	8%
J			nth US\$	8	3%	8%
l		d Fun			%s*	746
I		month	T-bills		.95°	7.92 7.40
Į	444				22	7.40
ı			US E	ONDS		
۱	Yrees		Jan	13"	- 7	rev
1			Price	Yield	- Prior	Yield
ì	7%	1987	99%	8,329	991%	8.258
ı	8%	1993	9742	9.239	96%	9.112
ì		1995	100%	9.452		9.285
Į	9%	2015	1022/1	9.59	104	9.458
۱						
ţ	Trees	ury lne	lex			
ı	Maturity		Fletum	Jan 13° Day's	Yield	Day's
Į	(hears)		index	change		change
ĺ	1-30		136.23	-0.28	9.07	+0.06
ţ	1-10		133.29	-0.20	8.83	30.0+
ı	1- 3		128,73	+0.02	8.42	+0.03
I	3-5		134.95	-0.22	9.03	B0.0+
١	15-30		146,80	~0.54	9,91	+0.05
	Source	e: Mem	il Lynch			
l				472		
ŀ	Corpo		Price	13° Yield	Price	
ł		une 199			101%	9.90
		uly 199			86%	7.45
		Any 200			91%	9.75
	Xerox					
		lar 1990		9.75	104%	9.35
		nd Sha				
		Aay 199		10.30	102	10.20
			pt Stores			
		fay 201 :	3 987	10.75	102	10.40
	Abbot					
	11, 9 0 F	Feb 201	3 1067	11.001	11.00	10.85
	Alcon					
	12% D	ec 2012	2 108%	11.25	108%	11.25
		_		L PUTUE		
	CHIC		Lates	-	Low	Prev
			Bonds (1	(401)		
	Mar	nds of 1		90 10	99.09	00.04
			82,14 Bills (IN	82.18	82.03	83.04
		oints of				
	Mar	on no Ci	92.89	92.86	92.84	92.92
	Contil	Cales	-4 D	D. Chillen	OE.04	3636
	Sim n	oints of		or forms		
	Mar			92.13	92.07	92.17
	LOND	ON		44014		-1f
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		oints of				
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	маг		3 (30)		31.13	4 (- 1 44
	Mar 20-ve	er Hot				
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	20-ye		ional Gill of 100%		107-22	109-09
	20-ye £50,00 Mar	0 32nds	ional Gill of 100%		07-22	109-09